The purpose of this thesis was to compare the negro slaves in

Harriet Beecher Stowe's <u>Vncle Tom's Cabin</u> and Mark Twain's <u>The Adventures</u>

of <u>Huckleberry Finn</u> in the following points: the living condition,

religion, the belief in the supernatural, the desire for freedom, the

fulfillment of their love of freedom, the whites' attitudes and

treatment towards the negro slaves and vice versa.

The findings were: the negro slaves in Uncle Tom's Cabin enjoyed better living conditions. The negro slaves of both novels were christian and their religious belief was shown in Uncle Tom's Cabin more clearly. Their belief in the supernatural was the same in both novels. Many negro slaves of both novels sought after freedom from slavery were finally successful. But Stowe's negro slaves got a better opportunity than Mark Twain's. Finally, the whites' attitudes towards and treatment to their negro slaves were positive and there was no difference in the negro slaves' attitudes towards and treatment to their white masters.