

Suparat Madsawing 2007: The Opinions of Farmers on Agricultural Land Reform of Phetchabun Land Reform Office. Master of Arts (Political Science), Major Field: Political Science, Department of Political Science and Public Administration.
Thesis Advisor: Associate Professor Somkiat Wanthana, Ph.D. 93 pages.

The purposes of this research were : 1) to study the opinions of farmers on agricultural land reform of Phetchabun Land Reform Office, 2) to compare the difference of opinions according to personal factors, and 3) to study the factors which had relationship with the opinions. The samples consisted of 397 farmers from Phetchabun province. Data were collected by using questionnaires. Statistics employed for data analysis were percentage, mean, standard deviation, t-test, one-way ANOVA and Pearson's Product Moment Correlation Coefficient. The level of statistical significance was set at 0.05

The result of the research showed that the farmers' knowledge of agricultural land reform was high. The farmers' satisfaction and opinions on agricultural land reform of Phetchabun Land Reform Office were moderate. Hypotheses testing revealed that gender, age, number of family members, family income, and the amount of land occupied affected the difference in the level of opinions. Knowledge of land reform and satisfaction of land reform done by Phetchabun Land Reform Office had relationship with the opinions.

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