The purpose of this study were to collect Yong traditional foods' standard recipes and to calculate its nutritive values based on the nutritive values guideline from Nutrition Sector, Department of Sanitation, Ministry of Health (1992).

Twenty – four traditional Yong foods were examined. The findings showed that after their classification, there were nine curry recipes, ten pounded recipes, and five others recipes. Cooking techniques were stir – frying, salad, and grilling.

Meat and its products were used in traditional Young foods. These included pork, serpent – head fish, and dried fish. Popular vegetables for cooking were thorny vegetables or Cha – Om, ivy guard, parsley, and wild betal. In addition, shrimp paste, fermented fish, and salt were used as seasoning while garlic, shallot, lemon grass, spring onion, dried hot pepper, galinggale, and coriander seeds were used as herbs and spices for aroma. Also, lemon grass, galinggale, turmeric, and kaffer lime leaves were used to remove fishy odor.

From traditional Yong food recipes, it was found that these foods contain all five nutrients groups includes vitamin and minerals, i.e., energy, protein, fat, carbohydrates, fibers, calcium, phosphorus, potassium, vitamin A, B, C, and niacin.