

C826857 : MAJOR INTER-DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

KEY WORD: COLOR REMOVAL / TEXTILE / DYEING WASTEWATER / COAGULATION / POLYMER

PATCHARAPORN POJANG : COLOR REMOVAL FROM TEXTILE DYEING
WASTEWATER BY CHEMICAL COAGULATION WITH POLYMERS. THESIS ADVISOR:
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The objective of this experiment was to evaluate the color removal efficiency from dye solution prepared in the laboratory by chemical coagulation with 2 cationic polymers (Lamfloc 1525 and Zentrifloc 95). Alum was used as coagulant to compare the color removal efficiency from textile effluent collected from sites with cationic polymer together with anionic polymer (Lamfloc 7985). In this study 2 kinds of dyestuff, reactive and vat, and 2 tones, yellow and blue, were used. It was found that Lamfloc 1525 is more efficient than Zentrifloc 95. For removing color from textile effluent, Lamfloc 7985 has little enhancement when used with Lamfloc 1525 and Lamfloc 1525 is more efficient than alum. The efficiency of Lamfloc 1525 is about 90%.

ภาควิชา.....สหสาขา.....

สาขาวิชา.....วิทยาศาสตร์สิ่งแวดล้อม.....

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