Angkana Poniyom 2011: Waxy Corn Improvement for High Quality Protein Using Marker-Assisted Selection of *Opaque-2* and *Waxy* Genes. Master of Science (Agronomy), Major Field: Agronomy, Department of Agronomy. Thesis Advisor: Assistant Professor Choosak Jompuk, Dr.sc.nat. 71 pages.

The waxy corn has in a low quality protein which is deficient in essential amino acids, lysine and tryptophan as compared to that of normal corn. However, this problem can be solved by incorperating the opaque-2 mutant gene causing higher lysine and tryptophan in the endosperm about two times. The purpose of this study was to transfer the opaque-2 gene from the quality protein maize (QPM) inbred line to the waxy inbred lines by crossing. The waxy lines, Kwi1 and Kwi9 was used as a female and QPM line, Q53 (PopII#53) was used as male. Moreover, simple sequence repeat markers (SSR markers) was applied to detect the *opaque-2* and *waxy* genes in the segregating population (BC₁F₁, BC₁S₂, BC₁S₂ and BC₁S₃) where the *phi057* and *phi022* detected the *opaque-2* and *waxy* genes, respectively. In the BC₁F₁ generation, plants segregated into homozygous dominance and heterozygous of these two genes. Only heterozygous plant of these genes was used to make backcross to its recurrent parent. In BC₁F₁ plant, phi057 was applied to detect the heterozygous of opaque-2 plants (O,o,) and these plants were self-pollinated to achieve the BC₁S₁. Then, advanced generations were done by selfing the selected plants into BC₁S₃. In this generation five homozygous recessive of both opaque 2 and waxy genes (wxwxo,o,) were detected by phi057 and phi022, respectively. At 21 after pollination, amylopectin in endosperm of these lines ranged from 95.55-97.54% while tryptophan content in protein ranged from 0.82-1.31%. Moreover, protein content ranged from 7.98 to 10.41%. These results indicated that waxy-opaque-2 inbred lines gave high tryptophan content as opaque-2 corn and high amylopectin as waxy corn. Likewise, ten F₁ hybrids from the diallel cross of BC₁S₃ inbred lines showed not only high amylopectin but also high tryptophan content in endosperm. For combining ability, A1 line had the best general combining ability (GCA). The cross of A1 x A3 gave the highest green ear weight (2,251 kg/rai) and white ear weight (1,702 kg/rai). These results indicated that waxy and opaque-2 genes can be combined in a plant whereas tryptophan content and amylopectin can be expressed as a normal function of those genes separately.

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