DRUG RELEASE CHARACTERISTICS OF CM-CHITIN/SILK FIBROIN BLEND FILMS

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ABSTRACT

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Keywords : CM-chitin/ Silk fibroin/ Blend film/ Swelling behavior/ Drug Release

CM-chitin/silk fibroin blend films were prepared by solution casting using glutaraldehyde as the crosslinking agent. The effects of pH and blend composition on swelling behavior of the blend films were investigated. CM-chitin and the blend films exhibited a minimum degree of swelling at pH 4 and showed a pH-sensitive character for all blend compositions studied. The degree of swelling of the blend films increased as the CM-chitin content increased. Drug release characteristics of CM-chitin and the blend films at 37 °C at simulated physiological pHs of pH 2.0, 5.5 and 7.2, were investigated using theophylline, diclofenac sodium, amoxicillin and salicylic acid as the model drugs. It was found that the releases of all model drugs from CM-chitin and the blend films at pH 7.2 were higher than those at pH 2.0 and pH 5.5, respectively. The amounts of model drugs released from the films from the highest to the lowest were in the following order: salicylic acid>theophylline> diclofenac sodium >amoxicillin. The drug releasing property of CM-chitin/silk fibroin blend films was compared to that of CM-chitin/PVA blend films using salicylic acid as a model drug. Both blend films showed similar drug release characteristic. However, the percentages of salicylic acid released from CMchitin/silk fibroin blend films were slightly lower than those released from CMchitin/PVA blend films.

บทคัดย่อ

ชัญญรัตน์ โรจนรักษ์: การศึกษาการปลดปล่อยของยาของฟิล์มพอลิเมอร์ผสมระหว่างซื้ เอ็ม-ใคตินและซิลใฟโบรอื่น (Drug Release Characteristics of Carboxymethyl-Chitin/Silk Fibroin Blend Films) อ.ที่ปรึกษา: ผศ. คร. รัตนา รุจิรวนิช และ ศ. คร. เชอิชิ โทคุ ระ 167 หน้า ISBN 974-17-2343-1

งานวิจัยนี้เป็นการเตรียมฟิล์มของพอลิเมอร์ผสมระหว่างซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและซิลไฟโบรอีน ไฮโดรเจล ใช้เทคนิคการเตรียมด้วยสารละลาย โดยใช้กลูตารัลดีไฮด์เป็นสารที่ก่อให้เกิดการเชื่อม โยง โดยศึกษาผลของพีเอชและพอถิเมอร์ผสมที่อัตราส่วนต่างๆกันที่มีต่อการบวมตัวของฟิล์มพอ ลิเมอร์ผสม พบว่าระดับการบวมตัวของฟิล์มซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและฟิล์มของพอลิเมอร์ผสมมือัตราการ บวมตัวต่ำสดที่พีเอช 4 ฟิล์มซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและฟิล์มของพอลิเมอร์ผสมที่อัตราส่วนต่างๆแสดง ลักษณะที่ไวต่อพีเอช การบวมตัวของฟิล์มของพอลิเมอร์ผสมเพิ่มขึ้น เมื่อปริมาณซีเอ็ม-ไคตินเพิ่ม ขึ้น การศึกษาการปลดปล่อยของยาของฟิล์มซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและฟิล์มของพอลิเมอร์ผสม ณ อุณหภูมิ 37 องศาเซลเซียส ในสารละลายที่มีค่าพีเอชสำหรับร่างกาย ที่พีเอช 2.0 5.5 และ 7.2 โดยได้เลือกใช้ ที่โอไฟลิน กรคชาลิไซลิก ไคโคลฟีแนคโซคียม และอมอกซีซิลิน เป็นยาค้นแบบ จากงานวิจัยนี้ พบว่า สำหรับยาค้นแบบทุกชนิด ปริมาณยาที่ปลดปล่อยออกจากฟิล์มซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและฟิล์มของ พอลิเมอร์ผสม ในสารละลายที่มีค่าพีเอช เป็น 7.2 มีปริมาณสูงกว่า ละลายที่มีค่าพีเอช เป็น 2.0 และ 5.5 ตามลำคับ เมื่อเปรียบเทียบปริมาณยาแต่ละชนิคที่ปลคปล่อยออกมาจากฟิล์มซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและ ฟิล์มของพอลิเมอร์ผสมพบว่าปริมาณของกรคซาลิไซลิกที่ปลคปล่อยออกจากฟิล์มผสมมีมากกว่า ที่โอไฟลีน ใคโคลฟีแนคโซเคียมและอมอกซีซิลิน ตามลำคับ การเปรียบเทียบคุณสมบัติของการ การปลดปล่อยของยาระหว่างฟิล์มพอลิเมอร์ผสมระหว่างซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและซิลไฟโบรอื่น และการ การปลดปล่อยของยาระหว่างฟิล์มพอลิเมอร์ผสมระหว่างซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและพอลิไวนิล แอลกอฮอล์ โดยใต้เลือกใช้กรคซาลิใชลิก เป็นยาต้นแบบ พอลิเมอร์ผสมทั้งสองมีลักษณะการการปลดปล่อย ของยาที่คล้ายกัน พบว่าเปอร์เซ็นต์การปลดปล่อยของกรดซาลิไซลิกจากฟิล์มพอลิเมอร์ผสม ระหว่างซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและซิลไฟโบรอีนต่ำกว่าการการปลดปล่อยของยาของฟิล์มพอลิเมอร์ผสม ระหว่างซีเอ็ม-ไคตินและพอลิไวนิล แอลกอฮอล์เล็กน้อย

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