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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

 $A_{g}$  = Gross area of section

 $A_{st}$  = Total area of longitudinal reinforcement

 $A_{sh}$  = Area of transverse reinforcement

 $b_c$  = Width of column (m.)

cm = Centimeter

CDR = Column confined by welded wire reinforcement

D =Width of specimen

 $E_c$  = Young's modulus of concrete

 $E_s$  = Young's modulus of steel

 $E_{sl}$  = Young's modulus of the wires

 $\varepsilon_0$  = Axial strain of plain concrete column

 $\varepsilon_1$  = Axial strain of reinforced concrete column

 $f_c$  = Compressive strength of concrete cylinder (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

 $f_{cc}$  = Strength of concrete subjected to lateral pressure (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

 $f_{co}$  = Unconfined concrete strength in members (Mpa)

 $f_{cp}$  = The peak stress of the reinforced specimen

 $f_{co}$  = The peak stress of the plain specimen

 $f_{y}$  = Specified yield strength of nonprestressed reinforcement

 $f_{vh}$  = Yield strength of transverse reinforcement

 $f_t$  = Average lateral confinement pressure (MPa)

FRP = Fiber - reinforced polymer

kg = Kilogram

 $k_1$  = Coefficients of lateral pressure

 $k_2$  = Coefficients of confined column

m = Meter

 $\rho$  = Volumetric ratio of WWF

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS (Cont'd)

Pc = Compressive force of concrete cylinder

 $P_{nv}$  = Normalized axial load at yielding point

 $P_{nu}$  = Normalized axial load at ultimate point

RB = Round bar

s = Longitudinal spacing of transverse reinforcement (m.)

 $s_1$  = Spacing of Longitudinal reinforcement (m.)

WWR = Welded wire reinforcement

 $\Delta_{v}$  = Deformation at yielding point

 $\Delta_u$  = Deformation at ultimate point