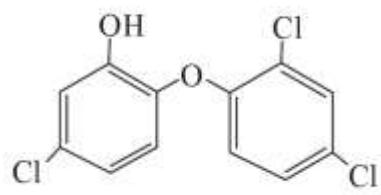
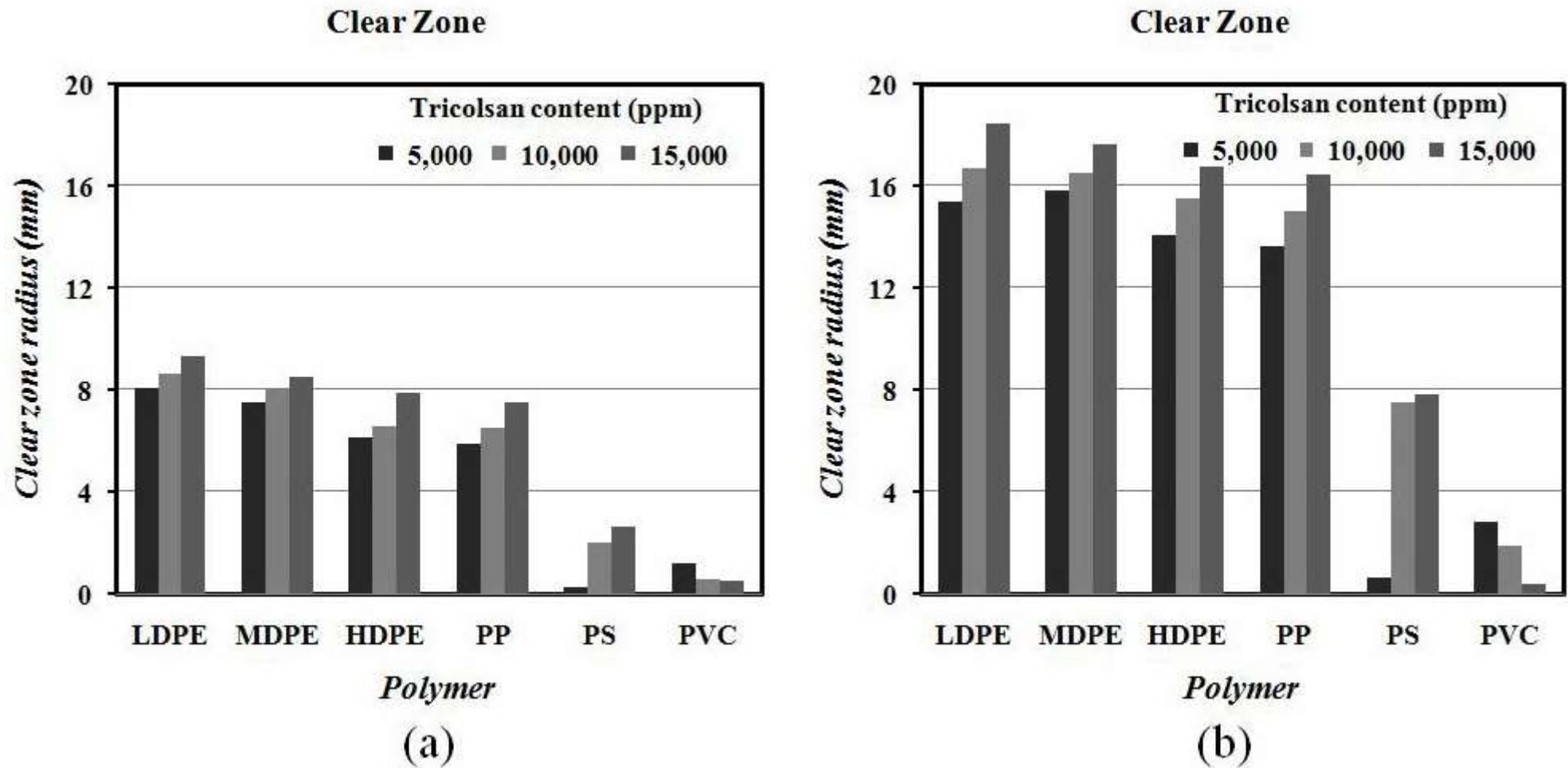


**Table 1.** Specifications for thermoplastics, calcium carbonate and triclosan

<b>Materials</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Supplier</b>	<b>Specification</b>	<b>Chemical Structure</b>
Low density polyethylene (LDPE)	1902F	SCG public co. ltd. (Thailand)	Density 0.919 g·cm <sup>3</sup> $T_m = 110\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_g = -110\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\left[ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2 \right]_n$
Medium density polyethylene (MDPE)	M380RU/RUP	Thai polyethylene co., ltd. (Thailand)	Density 0.940 g·cm <sup>3</sup> $T_m = 126\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_g = -100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\left[ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2 \right]_n$
High density polyethylene (HDPE)	HD6000F	PTT polymer marketing co. ltd. (Thailand)	Density 0.956 g·cm <sup>3</sup> $T_m = 131\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_g = -90\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\left[ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2 \right]_n$
Polypropylene (PP)	401S	SCG public co. ltd. (Thailand)	Density 0.910 g·cm <sup>3</sup> $T_m = 163\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_g = -20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\left[ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH} \begin{array}{c}   \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array} \right]_n$
Polystyrene (PS)	Styron 656D267	Siam polystyrene co. ltd. (Thailand)	Density 1.05 g·cm <sup>3</sup> $T_g = 95\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\left[ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH} \begin{array}{c}   \\ \text{C}_6\text{H}_5 \end{array} \right]_n$
Polyvinylchloride (PVC)	SIAMVIC 258RB	V.P. wood co. ltd. (Thailand)	Density 1.380 g·cm <sup>3</sup> $T_g = 82\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\left[ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH} \begin{array}{c}   \\ \text{Cl} \end{array} \right]_n$
Calcium carbonate ( $\text{CaCO}_3$ )	Hicoat 410	Sand and Soil Industry co. ltd. (Thailand)	Average diameter of 1 micrometer	-
Triclosan (2,4,4'-trichloro-2'-hydroxydiphenyl ether)	24 USP grade	Goventure co. ltd. (Thailand)	White powder from Average size of micrometer $T_m = 56-58\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_d > 280\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	

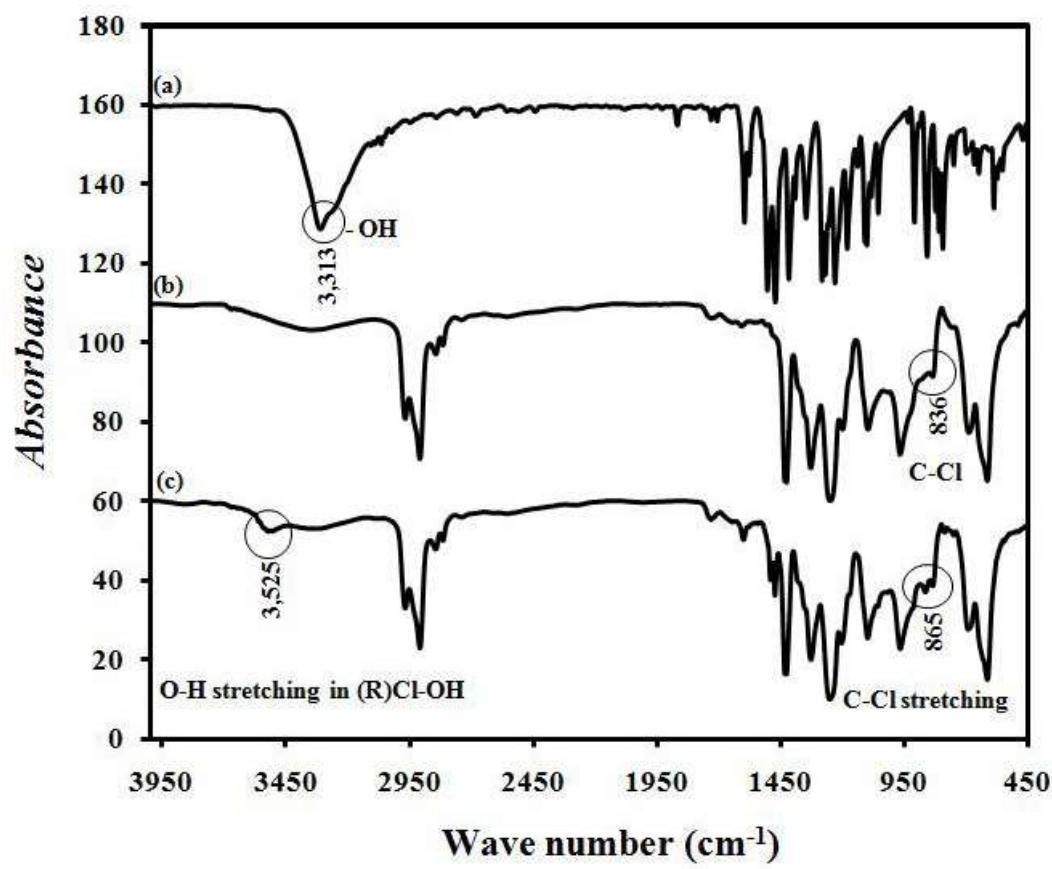
**Table 2.** Changes in color and light transmission for triclosan incorporated thermoplastics

Colour Index	Polymer with Triclosan ( $\times 10^4$ ppm)											
	LDPE		MDPE		HDPE		PP		PS		PVC	
	0	1.5	0	1.5	0	1.5	0	1.5	0	1.5	0	1.5
<i>L</i> *	37.54	41.3	39.26	39.02	47.77	41.31	34.39	33.84	37.6	37.26	29.68	32.77
<i>a</i> *	0.06	-0.12	0.14	-0.19	-0.3	-0.76	-0.07	-0.23	-0.09	-0.2	2.68	2.63
<i>b</i> *	-2.85	-3.79	-2.99	-2.01	-7.01	-1.5	-1.63	-0.31	-1.13	-0.46	2.81	2.88
<i>ΔE</i> *	-	3.88	-	1.06	-	8.50	-	1.44	-	0.76	-	3.09
%T	88	83.2	86.3	85	78.3	82	89.4	90.1	89.3	88.1	70.9	72.5
<i>T<sub>vis</sub></i>	87.3	81.5	85.6	84.3	74.8	78.4	89.1	89.7	89.6	88.2	57	67.8

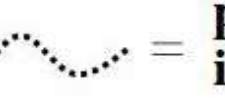
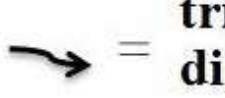


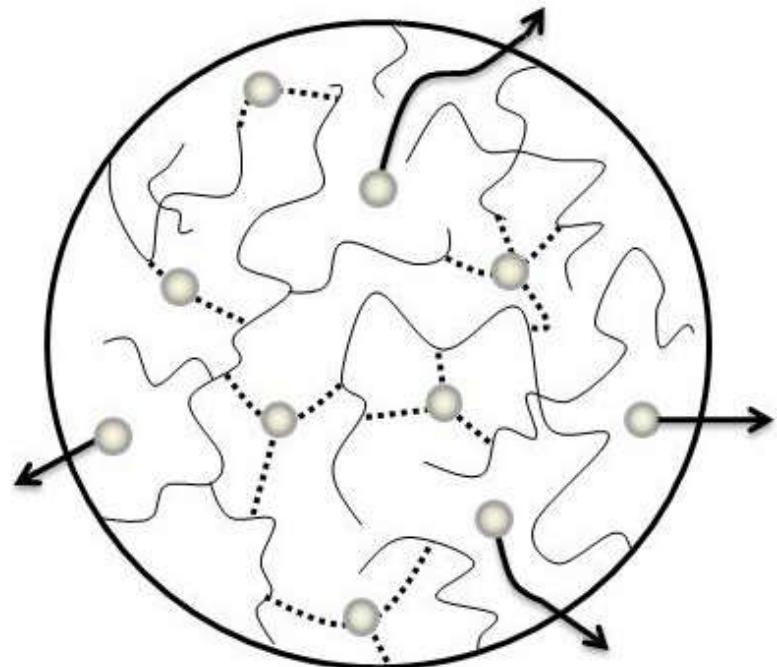
**Figure 1.** Inhibition zone results from Halo test for different thermoplastic film specimens for different loadings of triclosan

(a) *E. coli* and (b) *S. aureus*



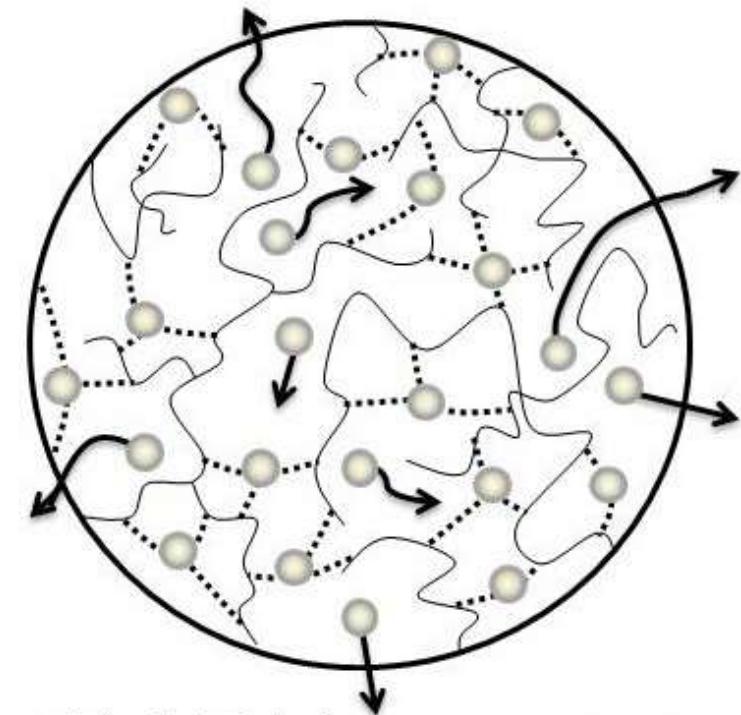
**Figure 2.** FT-IR spectra (a) Triclosan (b) PVC and (c) PVC containing 15,000 ppm triclosan

 = polymer chain (PVC)     = polar-polar interaction     = triclosan molecule     = triclosan diffusion



Low Triclosan content

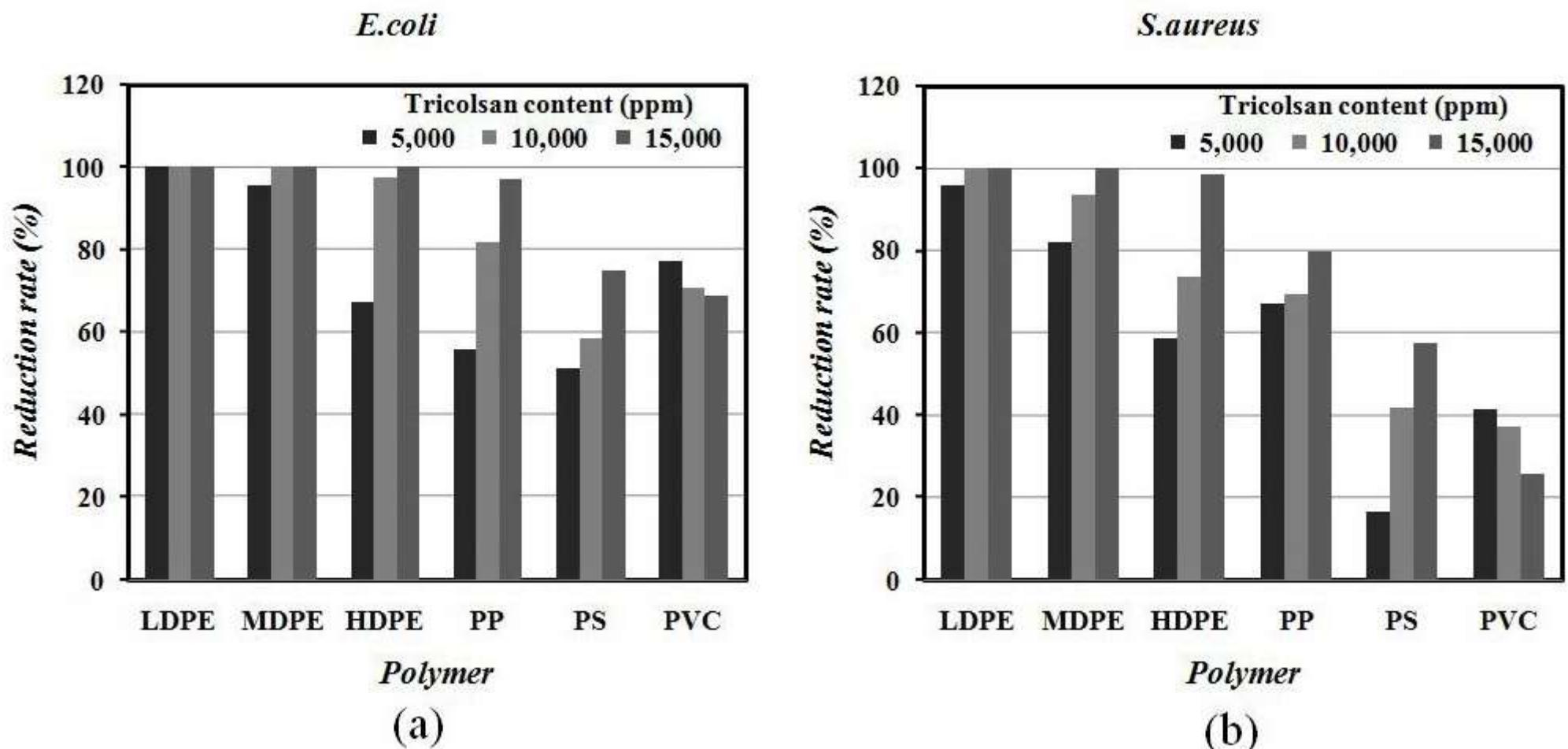
(a)



High Triclosan content

(b)

**Figure 3.** A proposed schematic model for diffusions mechanism of triclosan molecules in PVC  
(a) low triclosan concentration (b) high triclosan concentration



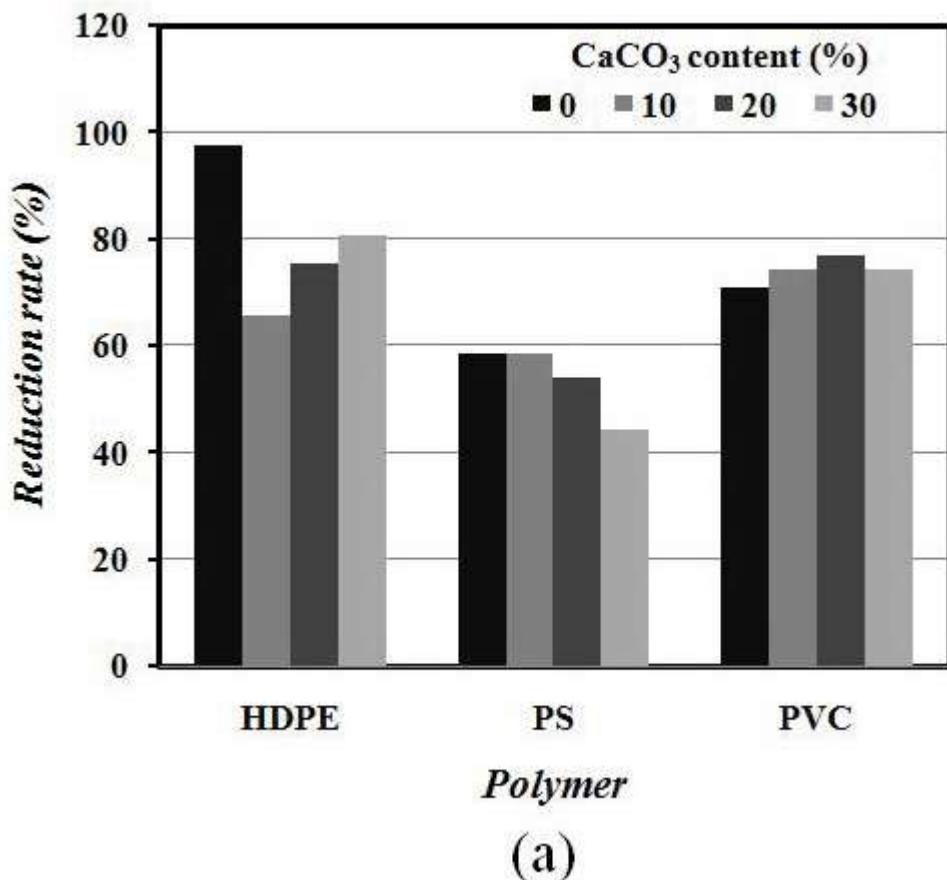
**Figure 4.** Percentage reduction rates for different thermoplastics at various triclosan contents by PCA method

(a) *E.coli* and (b) *S.aureus*

**Table 3.** Triclosan releasing rate results for thermoplastic films with different triclosan loadings

Triclosan content (ppm) in polymers	Triclosan releasing rate ( $\text{g} \times 10^{-5}$ ) in polymers					
	LDPE	MDPE	HDPE	PP	PS	PVC
5,000	32.6	20.4	10.2	8.7	8.0	9.5
10,000	85.2	24.2	13.7	9.4	8.0	8.4
15,000	100.2	29.5	14.2	9.8	8.3	8.1

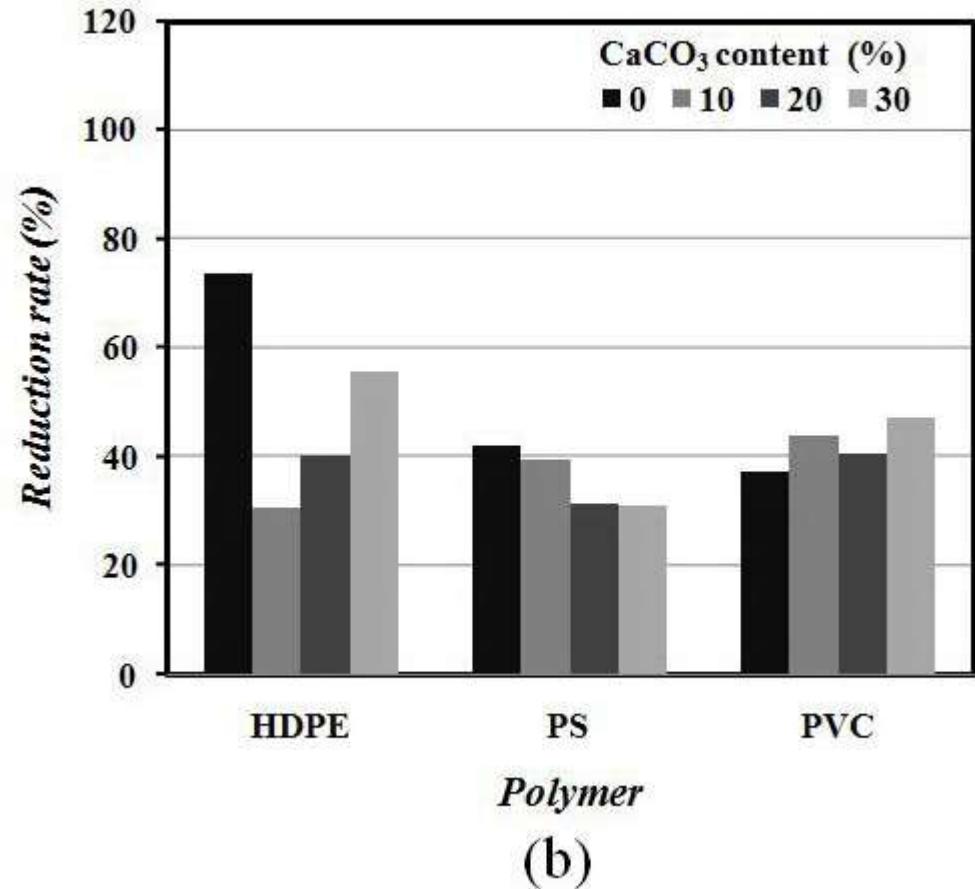
*E.coli*



*Polymer*

(a)

*S.aureus*



*Polymer*

(b)

**Figure 5.** Effect of  $\text{CaCO}_3$  content on percentage reduction rate for HDPE, PS and PVC film specimens with 10,000 ppm triclosan content

(a) *E.coli* and (b) *S.aureus*