

Thesis Title

A New Method for Synthesis of
Pavine Alkaloids: Application to the
Synthesis of Natural Argemonine

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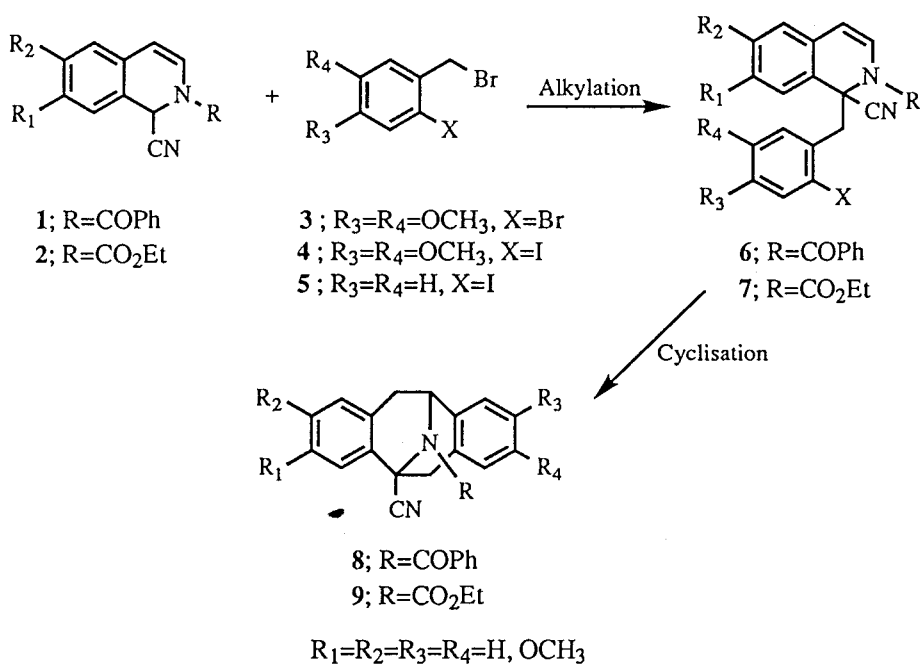
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Date of Graduation

12 May B. E. 2540 (1997)

ABSTRACT

Many pavine alkaloids have been previously synthesized, the syntheses mainly involved the Sn/ HCl reduction of papaverine or papaverinium salts including acid catalyzed cyclization of enamine moieties of benzyloisoquinolines. In this study a new method for the synthesis of aromatic ring system of pavine alkaloid **8** and **9** was described. The synthetic method involved the intramolecular coupling of isoquinaldonitrile **6** or **7** catalyzed by Pd(PPh₃)₄. In addition, the free radical catalyzed cyclization of **6** or **7** by Bu₃SnH/ AIBN was also investigated. The key intermediates **6** and **7** were obtained from the benzylation of Reissert compounds **1** and **2** respectively. In the course of intramolecular pavine ring formation, the effect of halogen and methoxy substituents on the intermediate **6** and **7** was also studied.



Our new method has been applied successfully to the synthesis of natural argemonine alkaloid **13**. The title compound **13** has been achieved by $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ or Bu_3SnH catalyzed intramolecular cyclization of bromo compound **10** (44%) or iodo compound **11** (56%) followed by lithium aluminium hydride reduction of pavine **12**. The starting compounds **10** and **11** were readily prepared from the reaction of 2'-bromo or 2'-iodopapaverine with $\text{Bu}_3\text{SnH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ at room temperature, then ethylchloroformate at -78°C and warmed up to room temperature.

