

Wirawan Nuchchanart 2006: Characterization of Antibacterial Proteins from *Crassostrea belcheri*. Master of Science (Agricultural Biotechnology), Major Field: Agricultural Biotechnology, Interdisciplinary Graduate Program. Thesis Advisor: Assistant Professor Supawadee Poompuang, Ph.D. 89 pages.
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The hemolymph and purified proteins of oyster *Crassostrea belcheri* exhibited significant antibacterial activity against *Vibrio spp.* The inhibitory effects of hemolymph (protein concentration of 6.363 ± 0.923 mg/ml) against *V. harveyi*, *V. vulnificus* and *V. cholerae* were 29.51 ± 1.66 , 22.31 ± 1.68 and 33.38 ± 0.42 respectively. Purified P3 protein (80 μ g/ml) had strong inhibitory effects on *V. Parahaemolyticus* (95.03 ± 0.47), *V. vulnificus* (91.13 ± 0.85), *V. Alginolyticus* (86.06 ± 1.13), *V. Harveyi* (62.31 ± 0.46) and slight effect on *V. cholerae* (8.77 ± 3.82). The antibacterial activity against *V. parahaemolyticus* of the P3 protein was fully effective at 30°C, pH 6-8 with 10 mM of calcium ion. Molecular weight of the protein P3 was determined by SDS-PAGE and two-dimensional electrophoresis. The protein P3 consisted of two subunits, 25.0 kDa (pI~ 3) and 30.5 kDa (pI~ 5). Amino acid sequencing of the two protein subunits were analyzed by LC-MS/MS. Comparison with nrFasta database revealed that the 25.0 kDa protein was homologous to Sarcoplasmic calcium-binding protein (SCP). The 30.5 kDa protein showed highest homology to hemocyte extracellular superoxide dismutase from Pacific oyster, *C. gigas*.

Student's signature

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