

Thesis Title A Model of Commodity Management for 200 Beds
Private Hospital

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Abstract

Material is a major resource for management since it help us work more efficient. In private hospital which smoothly, there's still an imperfect commodity management problem. Researcher therefore, carry out a descriptive research into setting up a model of commodity management for private hospital 200 beds. This model was set according to the Commodity Management System Life Cycle and Management Principles, especially the Management by Participation and Contingency Management. It comprised of the following:- Principle of Model such as Management principles, Commodity management principle, Public health economy principle, Relating laws and regulations; Structure of Model including Material stationary and Housing, Human and 4 systems of Service system, Management system, Supporting

service system and Service development system. After being accomplished, the commodity management was proposed to 40 experts to evaluate whether it was accurate to structure and gist of the system or not. The evaluation was done through the 10 rating scale questionnaire. It found that the expert's mean score (\bar{X}) in each group were as followed :- Structure Technician $\bar{X} = 8.98$, S.D. = 0.12 Material Technician $\bar{X} = 8.86$, S.D. = 0.15 Material Management Technician $\bar{X} = 8.66$, S.D. = 0.20 Material Operator $\bar{X} = 8.67$, S.D. = 0.21 from which the comments and suggestions were used to improve the model to be the more perfect one.

The study was concluded that this model was suitable at the score = 8.00. The suggestion for implementation was divided into 2 conditions, the hospital which was going to operate and already operated. The most important thing was to emphasize on the personal who had authority to implement this model. The implementation was operated by an Ad hoc committee in 3 phases; the preparation phase, the implementation phase and the evaluation phase. A manual for the manager and another for the workers were set up to help those persons to learn and understand more easily and quickly. The researcher suggested that quasi-experimented research should be studied. The study in different type and different size of private hospital were also recommended.