#### A STUDY OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION FOR MAE SARIANG MICRO-GRID SYSTEM

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### A THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF ENGINEERING (ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING) FACULTY OF GRADUATE STUDIES MAHIDOL UNIVERSITY 2014

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#### ABSTRACT

This thesis presents a study and a design of overcurrent protection for a distribution system in the Mae Saraing district. The Mae Saraing system has a plan to be connected with Distributed Generations (DGs) and to be operated as a micro-grid (i.e. grid-connected operation or islanding operation). The addition of DGs and the micro-grid operation will make a direction and magnitude of short-circuit currents widely change according to different operating scenarios of the system; hence a mis-coordination of the protection system. The overcurrent protection design applied in this thesis is based on a detection and correction scheme. The method starts with a design of protection for a fundamental scenario (i.e. a scenario without DG). Then, the mis-coordination will be checked. The correction will be done before moving to the next scenario. The study has been performed using DIgSILENT PowerFactory.

### KEY WORDS: DISTRIBUTED GENERATION/ MICRO-GRID/ MIS –COORDINATION/OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

83 pages

การศึกษาระบบป้องกันกระแสเกินสำหรับระบบไมโครกริดแม่สะเรียง A STUDY OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION FOR MAE SARIANG MICRO-GRID SYSTEM

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### บทคัดย่อ

วิทยานิพนธ์นี้ศึกษาวิธีการออกแบบระบบป้องกันกระแสเกินสำหรับระบบงำหน่ายที่ อ.แม่สะเรียง เนื่องจากระบบนี้มีความด้องการที่จะเพิ่มโรงไฟฟ้าขนาดเล็กเข้าสู่ระบบ และยัง ด้องการพัฒนาระบบให้สามารถทำงานแบบไมโครกริดได้ กล่าวคือ เป็นระบบไฟฟ้าที่สามารถ จ่ายไฟแบบอิสระได้โดยไม่ด้องเชื่อมโยงกับระบบโครงข่ายไฟฟ้าหรือทำงานโดยขนานกับระบบ โครงข่ายไฟฟ้าเดิม แต่การเพิ่มโรงไฟฟ้าขนาดเล็กและการทำงานแบบไมโครกริดนั้นจะทำให้ขนาด และทิศทางของกระแสลัดวงจรในระบบเกิดการเปลี่ยนแปลงตามสถานการณ์การทำงานของระบบที่ มีได้หลายรูปแบบ และอาจส่งผลให้ระบบป้องกันที่ออกแบบอิงกับสถานการณ์พื้นฐานไม่สามารถ ทำงานได้อย่างถูกต้องกับสถานการณ์อื่นๆ การออกแบบระบบป้องกันกระแสเกินจะทำโดยการ ตรวจสอบและแก้ไขปัญหาไปทีละสถานการณ์ โดยเริ่มออกแบบจากสถานการณ์พื้นฐาน หรือ สถานการณ์ที่ระบบที่ยังไม่มีการเชื่อมต่อโรงไฟฟ้าขนาดเล็ก หลังจากนั้นจะมีการตรวจสอบหา ปัญหาการทำงานผิดพลาดของระบบป้องกันและแก้ไขทันที เมื่อเสร็จสิ้นจะไปทำการทดสอบใน สถานการณ์ถัดไปจนครบทุกสถานการณ์ โดยกรศึกษานี้ได้ใช้โปรแกรมDIgSILENT PowerFactory ในการจำลองระบบ

83 หน้า

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