A Specific Study of the Patrol Police in the Second Provincial Police Bureau. Pongwuti Pongsri Master of Arts Degree (Criminology and Criminal Justice) Atcharapan Desapurana, M.A. Thesis Supervisory Committee (Criminology and Criminal Justice) Sombat Suppatchai, M.A. (Criminology and Criminal Justice) Panya Maman, Ph.D. Date of Graduation 11 January B.E. 2533(1990) ABSTRACT objectives of the study are to gain the The characteristics, patterns and factors of the firearm use decision making; and to study the situations of firearm use of the patrolmen of the Second Provincial Police Bureau. The samples of the study are 340 non-official patrolmen

Thesis Title

The Decision in Firearm Use :

The samples of the study are 340 non-official patrolmen of the Second Provincial Police Bureau. The data are obtained through questionnaires.

The results of the study are summarized as follows:

1. Age, official age, ideology of criminal justice and professional expectation tend to relate to the decision making of firearm use significantly. Age, official age and professional expectation reversely relate to the decision making of firearm use, and the samples who belive in "revenge" ideology tend to "fire" more than the ones who belive in "rehabilitation" and "the responsibility of community in punishment."

- 2. The decision making of incident termination depends on the seriousness of situation.
- 3. Experience in patrol task, level of education, marital tatus, member in custody and additional training play no role in tecision making of firearm use in different situation, entirely.

## Recommendations

- 1. There should be studies of decision making in firearm use in comparison in other sections of police force to find problems and necessities of firearm use.
- 2. The additional training for the patrolman is necessary to make the force to get used to the situation of termination of unexpected incidents.
- 3. There should be ideology education for the force to arouse the appropriate attitude of the people toward patrolmen.