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statistical significance.

Name

A Study on values regarding having Children

of Hmong and Karen women in Chiengmai

ABSTRACT

26 February B.E. 2533 (1990)

The purpose of this research was to study on values regarding having children of Hmong and Karen women. The study considers socio-economic and social-psychological factors related to fertility decision as basis for research.

The sample were 210 Hmong and Karen women (106 Hmong and 104 Karen) in Chiengmai Province who were married and were between 15-49 years old. The samples were obtatined by purposeive sampling. The tool employed was a questionaire constructed by the researcher. The data were analyzed by percentage and chi-squares were used for test of

The findings were as follows

- 1. The majority of Hmong and Karen women (69.2% of Kmong and 69.4% of Karen) gave values regarding having children at a "Very high level"
- 2. The results from chi-square tests revealed no dependency of the values regarding having children on age, number of children family structure, occupation, family's economic status, education and religion.
- 3. The majority of Hmong and Karen women gave values regarding having children at a "very high level" which were classified in furr dimensions.
- hilltribe women gave "Very high" Values on economic and security

 (67.8% of Hmong and 70.5% of Karen).

 3.2 On the "Affection values": 67.9% of hilltribe

3.1 On the "Economic and Security Values": 69.5% of

- 3.2 On the "Affection values": 67.9% of hilltribe women gave "Very high" Values on Affection (68.8% of Hmong and 67.0% of Karen.)
- 3.3 On the "Family cohesive and continuity values": 62.9% of hilltribe women gave. "Very high" Values on family cohesive and continuity (67.2% of Hmong and 64.6% of Karen)
- 3.4 On the "Self-enrichement and developmenty Values:
 77.4% of hilltribe women gave "Very high" values on self-envichment
 and developmenty. (75.2% of Hmong and 79.8% of Karen).

The research results showed that the values regarding having children of both Hmong, and Karen women were approximately equally high. Therefore fertility rate. of both hilltribes should also be equally high. However, previous studies regarding feritility rate of both hilltribe. revealed rather large difference, This indicates that there should be some futher studies related to how values regarding having children and fertility of these nilltribes are related.