

Thesis title The Relationship Between Belief In Child Feeding
and Child Feeding Pattern of Mother in Saraburi
Municipality Saraburi Province

Name Chuanpit Punyalerdchai

Degree Master of Science (Nursing)

Thesis Supervisory Committee

 Chalongrut Intree, B.Sc., M.S.

 Pornsri Sriussadaporn, B.Sc., M.Ed.

 Daranee Sayavun, B.Ed., M.S.

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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to investigate the relationship between belief in child feeding and child feeding pattern of mother. The sample composed of 120 mothers whose children age were between 1-3 years. They all attended at Well baby clinic, Saraburi Public Hospital, Health Public Center Service and community in Saraburi municipality. This sample was separated into 2 groups, one was 60 mothers whose nourish child another 60 mothers whose malnourish child. The study tools were the questionnaires of the belief in child feeding and the interview of the child feeding pattern. The data were analysed by Pearson's product movement correlation coefficient, one way analysis of variance and t-test.

The result of the study were as follows.

1. There was a positively significant correlation between belief in child feeding and child feeding pattern at the .01 level.

($r = .3498$)

2. There were significant different of child feeding pattern of the mothers who had different in occupation, educational level, and family income ($P < .05$, $< .05$ and $< .01$). There was nonsignificant different of child feeding pattern of the mothers who had different in family size and family style. ($P > .05$)

The results of this study showed that whether or not mothers who have the appropriate child feeding pattern of the mothers depends on the belief in child feeding, maternal occupational factor, educational level and family income.