Caesarean Section Mothers on Maternal
Satisfaction and Duration of Breast Feeding
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ABSTRACT

The objective of this quasi-experimental research was

breast feeding. The samples were 60 caesarean section mothers, who met the inclusion criteria of the study, stayed at Juthatuj 11, the post-partum ward, Siriraj Hospital, Bangkok. The samples were divided into two groups by purposive sampling, 30 for the study group (caesarean section in odd day) and the other 30 for the control group (caesarean section in even day). The study group

Save the breast fed to their babies within 6 hours after

delivery, while the control group did after 6 hours since

to study the effect of initial breast feeding time in caesarean

delivery. Two groups of babies get only breast feeding during their stayed in the hospital. The instrument of gathering data of this research consisted of three parts of information, the information of mothers and babies, the maternal tisfaction(the realiabity was 0.87) and the duration of breast eeding after 3 months period. The data was collected by interviewing mother on the fourth day after caesarean section and sending letter or telephone at three months later. The two bу groups of population was selected by pair- matching for their age education, occupation and gravida. Data was collected during 15 November 1991 to 10 September 1992. The result revealed as following : There was no statistical significant difference on the maternal satisfaction on breast feeding at the different initial breast feeding time (p-value > 0.05). There was no statistical significant difference on the duration of breast feeding at the different initial breast feeding time (p-value > 0.05) and there was no statistical significant difference the duration of breast feeding between the caesarean section mothers who had different satisfaction (p-value > 0.05).

From this study, it showed that there was no effect of initial breast feeding time in caesarean section mothers on the maternal satisfaction and the duration of breast feeding. There was also no effect of maternal satisfaction on the duration of breast feeding.