

## CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY

In this chapter, we will be describing the finite difference method 13-point stencil, the finite difference method 25-point stencil and the integrated radial basis functions for solving the biharmonic problem. The details of these topics are following.

We consider biharmonic equation in two dimensions as following.

$$\frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial x^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial y^4} = f(x, y). \quad (3.1)$$

Let uniform Cartesian grid  $N \times N$ , we defined  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  and  $0 \leq y \leq 1$ . Subject to the boundary conditions are given by

$$u|_{\Gamma_u} = \bar{u}, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial \mathbf{n}}|_{\Gamma_q} = \bar{q}. \quad (3.2)$$

Where  $\mathbf{n}$  is outward unit normal vector to the boundary  $\Gamma$

$\bar{u}$  is the prescribed potential on essential  $\Gamma_u$

$\bar{q}$  is normal flux on essential  $\Gamma_q$ .

### 3.1 Finite difference approximation of biharmonic equation with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

#### 3.1.1 The finite difference approximation of $\frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial x^4}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

Consider a grid node  $(i, j)$  an intersection of the grid lines  $i$  and  $j$ . Let  $h$  is the grid size ( $h = (x - x_i) = (y - y_i)$ ) and  $2 \leq i \leq N - 2$  and  $2 \leq j \leq N - 2$ . Take the Taylor series expansion of  $u_{i-1,j}, u_{i+1,j}, u_{i-2,j}$  and  $u_{i+2,j}$  at  $u(x_i, y_j)$ .

$$u(x, y_j) = u_{i,j} + (x - x_i) \frac{\partial u_{i,j}}{\partial x} + \frac{(x - x_i)^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(x - x_i)^3}{3!} \frac{\partial^3 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^3} + \frac{(x - x_i)^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \dots$$

$$u_{i+1,j} = u_{i,j} + h \frac{\partial u_{i,j}}{\partial x} + \frac{h^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{h^3}{3!} \frac{\partial^3 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^3} + \frac{h^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \frac{h^5}{5!} \frac{\partial^5 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^5} + \dots \quad (3.3)$$

$$u_{i-1,j} = u_{i,j} - h \frac{\partial u_{i,j}}{\partial x} + \frac{h^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} - \frac{h^3}{3!} \frac{\partial^3 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^3} + \frac{h^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} - \frac{h^5}{5!} \frac{\partial^5 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^5} + \dots \quad (3.4)$$

$$u_{i-1,j} + u_{i+1,j} = 2u_{i,j} + \frac{2h^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{2h^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \frac{2h^6}{6!} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} + \frac{2h^8}{8!} \frac{\partial^8 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^8} + \dots \quad (3.5)$$

$$u_{i+2,j} = 2u_{i,j} + 2h \frac{\partial u_{i,j}}{\partial x} + \frac{(2h)^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(2h)^3}{3!} \frac{\partial^3 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^3} + \frac{(2h)^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \dots \quad (3.6)$$

$$u_{i-2,j} = 2u_{i,j} - 2h \frac{\partial u_{i,j}}{\partial x} + \frac{(2h)^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} - \frac{(2h)^3}{3!} \frac{\partial^3 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^3} + \frac{(2h)^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \dots \quad (3.7)$$

$$u_{i-2,j} + u_{i+2,j} = 4u_{i,j} + \frac{2(2h)^2}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{2(2h)^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \frac{2(2h)^6}{6!} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} + \dots \quad (3.8)$$

Multiply 4 into equation (3.5)

$$4u_{i-1,j} + 4u_{i+1,j} = 8u_{i,j} + \frac{4(2h^2)}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2} + \frac{4(2h^4)}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \frac{4(2h^6)}{6!} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} + \dots \quad (3.9)$$

Subtract equation (3.9) from equation (3.8)

$$\begin{aligned} (u_{i-2,j} + u_{i+2,j}) - (4u_{i-1,j} - 4u_{i+1,j}) &\approx -6u_{i,j} + \frac{2(2^4 - 4)h^4}{4!} \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} \\ &\quad + \frac{2(2^6 - 4)h^6}{6!} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} + \frac{2(2^8 - 4)h^8}{8!} \frac{\partial^8 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^8} + \dots \\ (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) &\approx h^4 \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \frac{2(2^6 - 4)h^6}{6!} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} \\ &\quad + \frac{2(2^8 - 4)h^8}{8!} \frac{\partial^8 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^8} + \dots \\ \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) &\approx \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \left[ \frac{2(2^6 - 4)}{6!} \right] h^2 \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} \\ &\quad + \left[ \frac{2(2^8 - 4)}{8!} \right] h^4 \frac{\partial^8 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^8} + \dots \end{aligned} \quad (3.10)$$

So the finite difference approximation of  $\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \Big|_{i,j}$  with  $2^{nd}$  order accuracy is

$$\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \Big|_{i,j} \approx \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) + O(h^2) \quad (3.11)$$

where  $O(h^2)$  is a truncation error term proportional to  $h^2$ .

### 3.1.2 The finite difference approximation of $2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} \Big|_{i,j}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} \Big|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{2}{h^2} \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} (u_{i,j-1} - 2u_{i,j} + u_{i,j+1}) \right] + O(h^2) \\ &\approx \frac{2}{h^4} \left[ (u_{i-1,j-1} - 2u_{i,j-1} + u_{i+1,j-1}) - 2(u_{i-1,j} - 2u_{i,j} + u_{i+1,j}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + (u_{i-1,j+1} - 2u_{i,j+1} + u_{i+1,j+1}) \right] + O(h^2) \\ &\approx \frac{1}{h^4} \left[ 2(u_{i-1,j-1} + u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i-1,j+1} + u_{i+1,j+1}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 4(u_{i-1,j} + u_{i+1,j} + u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j+1}) + 8u_{i,j} \right] + O(h^2). \end{aligned} \quad (3.12)$$

### 3.1.3 The finite difference approximation of $\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \right|_{i,j}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

Substitution  $\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \right|_{i,j}$  into equation (3.10) by holding  $i$  fixed and differentiating with respect to  $j$ .

$$\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \right|_{i,j} \approx \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i,j-2} - 4u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j} - 4u_{i,j+1} + u_{i,j+2}) + O(h^2). \quad (3.13)$$

Adding equations (3.11), (3.12) and (3.13), so the finite difference approximation of biharmonic equation with  $2^{nd}$  order accuracy is expressed as following

$$\begin{aligned} & (u_{i-2,j} + u_{i+2,j} + u_{i,j-2} + u_{i,j+2}) - 8(u_{i-1,j} + u_{i+1,j} + u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j+1}) \\ & + 2(u_{i-1,j-1} + u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i-1,j+1} + u_{i+1,j+1}) + 20u_{i,j} = h^4 f_{ij} \end{aligned} \quad (3.14)$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} & & 1 & & \\ & 2 & -8 & 2 & \\ 1 & -8 & 20 & -8 & 1 \\ & 2 & -8 & 2 & \\ & & 1 & & \end{Bmatrix} u_{i,j} + O(h^2) = h^4 f_{i,j}.$$

**Figure 3.1** Diagram of biharmonic equation with  $2^{nd}$  order accuracy.

## 3.2 Finite difference approximation of biharmonic equation with $4^{th}$ order accuracy

### 3.2.1 The finite difference approximation of $\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j}$ with $4^{th}$ order accuracy

From Taylor series in equation (3.10) uniform of finite difference approximation of  $\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4}$  with  $4^{th}$  order accuracy is following

$$\frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) \approx \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} + \frac{12h^2}{72} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} + \frac{504h^4}{8!} \frac{\partial^8 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^8} + \dots$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j} \approx \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) - \frac{12h^2}{72} \frac{\partial^6 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^6} + O(h^4)$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j} \approx \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) - \frac{12h^2}{72} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \left( \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} \right) + O(h^4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) \\ &\quad - \frac{12h^2}{72} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \left( f_{i,j} - \frac{2\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial y^4} \right) + O(h^4). \end{aligned} \quad (3.15)$$

Consider term of  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \left( f_{i,j} - \frac{2\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial y^4} \right)$  in equation (3.15) we get

$$\left. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} \right|_{i,j} \approx \frac{1}{12h^2} (-f_{i-2,j} + 16f_{i-1,j} - 30f_{i,j} + 16f_{i+1,j} - f_{i+2,j}) \quad (3.16)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \left. \frac{\partial^6 u}{\partial x^4 \partial y^2} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{2}{12h^2} \left( \frac{\partial^4}{\partial x^4} (-u_{i,j-2} + 16u_{i,j-1} - 30u_{i,j} + 16u_{i,j+1} - u_{i,j+2}) \right) \\ &\approx \frac{1}{12h^6} - \left( 2(u_{i-2,j-2} - 4u_{i-1,j-2} + 6u_{i,j-2} - 4u_{i+1,j-2} + u_{i+2,j-2}) \right. \\ &\quad + 32(u_{i-2,j-1} - 4u_{i-1,j-1} + 6u_{i,j-1} - 4u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i+2,j-1}) \\ &\quad - 60(u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) \\ &\quad + 32(u_{i-2,j+1} - 4u_{i-1,j+1} + 6u_{i,j+1} - 4u_{i+1,j+1} + u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ &\quad \left. - 2(u_{i-2,j+2} - 4u_{i-1,j+2} + 6u_{i,j+2} - 4u_{i+1,j+2} + u_{i+2,j+2}) \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3.17)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left. \frac{\partial^6 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^4} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{1}{h^4} \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} (u_{i,j-2} - 4u_{i,j-1} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i,j+1} + u_{i,j+2}) \right) \\ &\approx \frac{1}{12h^6} \left( (-u_{i-2,j-2} + 16u_{i-1,j-2} - 30u_{i,j-2} + 16u_{i+1,j-2} - u_{i+2,j-2}) \right. \\ &\quad - 4(-u_{i-2,j-1} + 16u_{i-1,j-1} - 30u_{i,j-1} + 16u_{i+1,j-1} - u_{i+2,j-1}) \\ &\quad + 6(-u_{i-2,j} + 16u_{i-1,j} - 30u_{i,j} + 16u_{i+1,j} - u_{i+2,j}) \\ &\quad - 4(-u_{i-2,j+1} + 16u_{i-1,j+1} - 30u_{i,j+1} + 16u_{i+1,j+1} - u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ &\quad \left. + (-u_{i-2,j+2} + 16u_{i-1,j+2} - 30u_{i,j+2} + 16u_{i+1,j+2} - u_{i+2,j+2}) \right). \end{aligned} \quad (3.18)$$

Substitution equation (3.16), (3.17) and (3.18) into equation (3.15), so the finite difference approximation of  $\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4}$  with  $4^{th}$  order accuracy is

$$\begin{aligned}
\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{1}{h^4} (u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) - \frac{12h^2}{72} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \left( f_{i,j} - 2 \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial y^4} \right) \\
&\approx \frac{1}{72} (f_{i-2,j} - 16f_{i-1,j} + 30f_{i,j} - 16f_{i+1,j} + f_{i+2,j}) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{12h^4} ((-3u_{i-2,j-2} + 24u_{i-1,j-2} - 42u_{i,j-2} + 24u_{i+1,j-2} - 3u_{i+2,j-2}) \\
&\quad + (36u_{i-2,j-1} - 192u_{i-1,j-1} + 312u_{i,j-1} - 192u_{i+1,j-1} + 36u_{i+2,j-1}) \\
&\quad + (6u_{i-2,j} + 48u_{i-1,j} - 108u_{i,j} + 48u_{i+1,j} + 6u_{i+2,j}) \\
&\quad + (36u_{i-2,j+1} - 192u_{i-1,j+1} + 312u_{i,j+1} - 192u_{i+1,j+1} + 36u_{i+2,j+1}) \\
&\quad + (-3u_{i-2,j+2} + 24u_{i-1,j+2} - 42u_{i,j+2} + 24u_{i+1,j+2} - 3u_{i+2,j+2})) + O(h^4)
\end{aligned} \tag{3.19}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} -\frac{3}{72h^4} & \frac{24}{72h^4} & -\frac{42}{72h^4} & \frac{24}{72h^4} & -\frac{3}{72h^4} \\ \frac{36}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{312}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{36}{72h^4} \\ \frac{6}{72h^4} & \frac{48}{72h^4} & -\frac{108}{72h^4} & \frac{48}{72h^4} & \frac{6}{72h^4} \\ \frac{36}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{312}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{36}{72h^4} \\ -\frac{3}{72h^4} & \frac{24}{72h^4} & -\frac{42}{72h^4} & \frac{24}{72h^4} & -\frac{3}{72h^4} \end{array} \right\} u_{i,j} \\
&\quad + \left\{ \frac{1}{72} \quad -\frac{16}{72} \quad \frac{30}{72} \quad -\frac{16}{72} \quad \frac{1}{72} \right\} f_{i,j} + O(h^4).
\end{aligned}$$

**Figure 3.2** Diagram of  $\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} \right|_{i,j}$  with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy.

### 3.2.2 The finite difference approximation of $2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} \Big|_{i,j}$ with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} \Big|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{2}{12h^2} \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} (-u_{i-2,j} + 16u_{i-1,j} - 30u_{i,j} + 16u_{i+1,j} - u_{i+2,j}) \right) \\
&\approx \frac{1}{72h^4} \left( (u_{i-2,j-2} - 16u_{i-1,j-2} + 30u_{i,j-2} - 16u_{i+1,j-2} + u_{i+2,j-2}) \right. \\
&\quad + (-16u_{i-2,j-1} + 256u_{i-1,j-1} - 480u_{i,j-1} + 256u_{i+1,j-1} - 16u_{i+2,j-1}) \\
&\quad + (30u_{i-2,j} - 480u_{i-1,j} + 900u_{i,j} - 480u_{i+1,j} + 30u_{i+2,j}) \\
&\quad + (-16u_{i-2,j+1} + 256u_{i-1,j+1} - 480u_{i,j+1} + 256u_{i+1,j+1} - 16u_{i+2,j+1}) \\
&\quad \left. + (u_{i-2,j+2} - 16u_{i-1,j+2} + 30u_{i,j+2} - 16u_{i+1,j+2} + u_{i+2,j+2}) \right) + O(h^4)
\end{aligned} \tag{3.20}$$

$$2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} \Big|_{i,j} \approx \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} \frac{1}{72h^4} & -\frac{16}{72h^4} & \frac{30}{72h^4} & -\frac{16}{72h^4} & \frac{1}{72h^4} \\ -\frac{16}{72h^4} & \frac{256}{72h^4} & -\frac{480}{72h^4} & \frac{256}{72h^4} & -\frac{16}{72h^4} \\ \frac{30}{72h^4} & -\frac{480}{72h^4} & \frac{900}{72h^4} & -\frac{480}{72h^4} & \frac{30}{72h^4} \\ -\frac{16}{72h^4} & \frac{256}{72h^4} & -\frac{480}{72h^4} & \frac{256}{72h^4} & -\frac{16}{72h^4} \\ \frac{1}{72h^4} & -\frac{16}{72h^4} & \frac{30}{72h^4} & -\frac{16}{72h^4} & \frac{1}{72h^4} \end{array} \right\} u_{i,j} + O(h^4)$$

**Figure 3.3** Diagram of  $2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} \Big|_{i,j}$  with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy.

### 3.2.3 The finite difference approximation of $\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \Big|_{i,j}$ with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy

From Taylor series in equation (3.15) we substitution  $\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \Big|_{i,j}$  by holding  $i$  fixed and differentiating with respect to  $j$  and consider  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \left( f_{i,j} - \frac{2\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^4 u_{i,j}}{\partial x^4} \right)$  in term of equation (3.15) we get

$$\left. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \right|_{i,j} \approx \frac{1}{12h^2} (-f_{i,j-2} + 16f_{i,j-1} - 30f_{i,j} + 16f_{i,j+1} - f_{i,j+2}) \quad (3.21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \left. \frac{\partial^6 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y^4} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{1}{12h^6} \left( 2(-u_{i-2,j-2} + 16u_{i-1,j-2} - 30u_{i,j-2} + 16u_{i+1,j-2} - u_{i+2,j-2}) \right. \\ &\quad - 8(-u_{i-2,j-1} + 16u_{i-1,j-1} - 30u_{i,j-1} + 16u_{i+1,j-1} - u_{i+2,j-1}) \\ &\quad + 12(-u_{i-2,j} + 16u_{i-1,j} - 30u_{i,j} + 16u_{i+1,j} - u_{i+2,j}) \\ &\quad - 8(-u_{i-2,j+1} + 16u_{i-1,j+1} - 30u_{i,j+1} + 16u_{i+1,j+1} - u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ &\quad \left. + 2(-u_{i-2,j+2} + 16u_{i-1,j+2} - 30u_{i,j+2} + 16u_{i+1,j+2} - u_{i+2,j+2}) \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3.22)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left. \frac{\partial^6 u}{\partial x^4 \partial y^2} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{1}{12h^6} \left( -(u_{i-2,j-2} - 4u_{i-1,j-2} + 6u_{i,j-2} - 4u_{i+1,j-2} + u_{i+2,j-2}) \right. \\ &\quad + 16(u_{i-2,j-1} - 4u_{i-1,j-1} + 6u_{i,j-1} - 4u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i+2,j-1}) \\ &\quad - 30(u_{i-2,j} - 4u_{i-1,j} + 6u_{i,j} - 4u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) \\ &\quad + 16(u_{i-2,j+1} - 4u_{i-1,j+1} + 6u_{i,j+1} - 4u_{i+1,j+1} + u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ &\quad \left. - (u_{i-2,j+2} - 4u_{i-1,j+2} + 6u_{i,j+2} - 4u_{i+1,j+2} + u_{i+2,j+2}) \right). \end{aligned} \quad (3.23)$$

Substitution equation (3.21), (3.22) and (3.23) into equation (3.15), so the finite difference approximation of  $\left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \right|_{i,j}$  with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy is

$$\begin{aligned} \left. \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \right|_{i,j} &\approx \frac{1}{72} (f_{i,j-2} - 16f_{i,j-1} + 30f_{i,j} - 16f_{i,j+1} + f_{i,j+2}) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{12h^4} \left( (-3u_{i-2,j-2} + 24u_{i-1,j-2} - 42u_{i,j-2} + 24u_{i+1,j-2} - 3u_{i+2,j-2}) \right. \\ &\quad + (36u_{i-2,j-1} - 192u_{i-1,j-1} + 312u_{i,j-1} - 192u_{i+1,j-1} + 36u_{i+2,j-1}) \\ &\quad + (6u_{i-2,j} + 48u_{i-1,j} - 108u_{i,j} + 48u_{i+1,j} + 6u_{i+2,j}) \\ &\quad + (36u_{i-2,j+1} - 192u_{i-1,j+1} + 312u_{i,j+1} - 192u_{i+1,j+1} + 36u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ &\quad \left. + (-3u_{i-2,j+2} + 24u_{i-1,j+2} - 42u_{i,j+2} + 24u_{i+1,j+2} - 3u_{i+2,j+2}) \right) + O(h^4). \end{aligned} \quad (3.24)$$

$$\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \Big|_{i,j} \approx \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} -\frac{3}{72h^4} & \frac{36}{72h^4} & \frac{6}{72h^4} & \frac{36}{72h^4} & -\frac{3}{72h^4} \\ \frac{24}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{48}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{24}{72h^4} \\ -\frac{42}{72h^4} & \frac{312}{72h^4} & -\frac{108}{72h^4} & \frac{312}{72h^4} & -\frac{42}{72h^4} \\ \frac{24}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{48}{72h^4} & -\frac{192}{72h^4} & \frac{24}{72h^4} \\ -\frac{3}{72h^4} & \frac{36}{72h^4} & \frac{6}{72h^4} & \frac{36}{72h^4} & -\frac{3}{72h^4} \end{array} \right\} u_{i,j} + \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{72} \\ -\frac{16}{72} \\ \frac{30}{72} \\ -\frac{16}{72} \\ \frac{1}{72} \end{array} \right\} f_{i,j} + O(h^4).$$

**Figure 3.4** Diagram of  $\frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial y^4} \Big|_{i,j}$  with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy.

Substitution equations (3.19), (3.20) and (3.24) into biharmonic equation, so the finite difference approximation of biharmonic equation at 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy is

$$\begin{aligned} & -5(u_{i-2,j-2} + u_{i+2,j-2} + u_{i-2,j+2} + u_{i+2,j+2}) \\ & +44(u_{i-1,j-2} + u_{i+1,j-2} + u_{i-1,j+2} + u_{i+1,j+2} + u_{i-2,j-1} + u_{i+2,j-1} + u_{i-2,j+1} + u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ & -6(u_{i,j-2} + u_{i,j+2} + u_{i-2,j} + u_{i+2,j}) -128(u_{i-1,j-1} + u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i-1,j+1} + u_{i+1,j+1}) \\ & -120(u_{i-1,j} + u_{i+1,j} + u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j+1}) + 684u_{i,j} \\ & = h^4(12f_{i,j} - (f_{i-2,j} + f_{i+2,j} + f_{i,j-2} + f_{i,j+2}) + 16(f_{i-1,j} + f_{i+1,j} + f_{i,j-1} + f_{i,j+1})). \end{aligned} \quad (3.25)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} -5 & 44 & -6 & 44 & -5 \\ 44 & -128 & -120 & -128 & 44 \\ -6 & -120 & 684 & -120 & -6 \\ 44 & -128 & -120 & -128 & 44 \\ -5 & 44 & -6 & 44 & -5 \end{array} \right\} u_{i,j} + O(h^4) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} -h^4 & & & & \\ & -h^4 & & & \\ -h^4 & 16h^4 & 12h^4 & 16h^4 & -h^4 \\ & & 16h^4 & & \\ & & -h^4 & & \end{array} \right\} f_{i,j}$$

**Figure 3.5** Diagram of biharmonic equation with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy.



### 3.3 Integrated Radial Basis Functions (IRBF<sub>s</sub>)

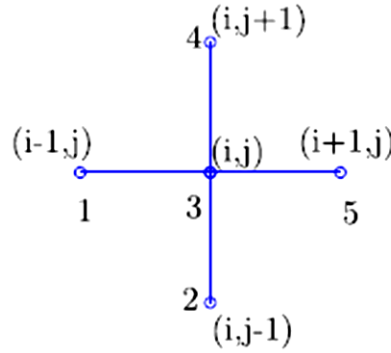
From biharmonic equation in equation (1) we let

$$v = \frac{\partial^2 u(x, y)}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u(x, y)}{\partial y^2}. \quad (3.26)$$

The second order derivative of  $v$  is decomposed into finite difference method

$$\frac{\partial^2 v(x, y)}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v(x, y)}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial x^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^4 u(x, y)}{\partial y^4} = f(x, y). \quad (3.27)$$

The figure 3.6 show that a schematic outline of a five-point stencil associated with a node  $(i, j)$ . Nodes are locally numbered from left to right and from bottom to top  $((i, j) \equiv 3)$ . We construct the approximations for the field variable  $v$  and its derivatives on two lines defined by 1-3-5 and 2-3-4 in a separate manner.



**Figure 3.6** Schematic outline of a 5-point stencil.

On a line 1-3-5, the second-order derivative of  $v$  is decomposed into RBFs with respect to  $x$  is expressed as following

$$\frac{\partial^2 v(x)}{\partial x^4} = w_1 G_1(x) + w_3 G_3(x) + w_5 G_5(x) \quad (3.28)$$

where  $x_1 \leq x_3 \leq x_5$ ,  $G_k(x)$  and  $w_k$  are the RBF<sub>s</sub> and the associated weight of node  $k$  ( $k = \{1, 3, 5\}$ ). If the multiquadric (MQ) function is chosen, so  $G_k(x)$  is expressed as following

$$G_k(x) = \sqrt{(x - x_k)^2 + a_k^2} \quad (3.29)$$

where  $a_k^2$  is the multiquadric width (free parameter). It is noted that another form of the free parameter  $\varepsilon = 1/a_k$  is also used in some case to enable comparison with published results in the literature.

Approximate expressions for the variable  $v$  is obtained by integrating (3.28) with respect to  $x$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = w_1 H_1 + w_3 H_3 + w_5 H_5 + C_1 \quad (3.30)$$

$$v(x) = w_1 \bar{H}_1 + w_3 \bar{H}_3 + w_5 \bar{H}_5 + C_1 x + C_2 \quad (3.31)$$

where  $H_k(x) = \int G_k(x) dx$ ,  $\bar{H}_k(x) = \int H(x) dx$ ,  $k = \{1, 3, 5\}$  and  $C_1, C_2$  are two constants of integration. With the presence of  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  there are 5 unknowns, instead of the usual 3, over a straight line of 3 nodes. This feature will be exploited here to incorporate the values of  $\partial^2 v / \partial x^2$  at nodes 1 and 5 into the RBF approximations. We construct the system that represents the relation between the RBFs space and the physical space as following

$$\begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_3 \\ v_5 \\ \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \bar{H}_1(x_1) & \bar{H}_3(x_1) & \bar{H}_5(x_1) & x_1 & 1 \\ \bar{H}_1(x_3) & \bar{H}_3(x_3) & \bar{H}_5(x_3) & x_3 & 1 \\ \bar{H}_1(x_5) & \bar{H}_3(x_5) & \bar{H}_5(x_5) & x_5 & 1 \\ G_1(x_1) & G_3(x_1) & G_5(x_1) & 0 & 0 \\ G_1(x_5) & G_3(x_5) & G_5(x_5) & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_3 \\ w_5 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.32)$$

where  $C$  is a  $9 \times 9$  matrix that will hereafter be called the conversion matrix. Solving equation (3.32) leads to

$$\begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_3 \\ w_5 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \end{pmatrix} = C^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_3 & v_5 & \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \end{bmatrix}^T. \quad (3.33)$$

Approximate expressions for  $v$  and its derivatives in the physical space are obtained by substituting (3.33) into (3.31), (3.30) and (3.28)

$$v(x) = [\bar{H}_1(x) \quad \bar{H}_3(x) \quad \bar{H}_5(x) \quad x \quad 1] C^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_3 & v_5 & \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \end{bmatrix}^T \quad (3.34)$$

$$\frac{\partial v(x)}{\partial x} = [H_1(x) \quad H_3(x) \quad H_5(x) \quad 1 \quad 0] C^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_3 & v_5 & \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \end{bmatrix}^T \quad (3.35)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 v(x)}{\partial x^2} = [G_1(x) \quad G_3(x) \quad G_5(x) \quad 0 \quad 0] C^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_3 & v_5 & \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \end{bmatrix}^T \quad (3.36)$$

where  $x_1 \leq x \leq x_5$  They can be rewritten in the following form

$$v(x) = \phi_1(x) v_1 + \phi_3(x) v_3 + \phi_5(x) v_5 + \bar{\phi}_1(x) \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\phi}_5(x) \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.37)$$

$$\frac{\partial v(x)}{\partial x} = \frac{d\phi_1(x)}{dx} v_1 + \frac{d\phi_3(x)}{dx} v_3 + \frac{d\phi_5(x)}{dx} v_5 + \frac{d\bar{\phi}_1(x)}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} + \frac{d\bar{\phi}_5(x)}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.38)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 v(x)}{\partial x^2} = \frac{d^2 \phi_1(x)}{dx^2} v_1 + \frac{d^2 \phi_3(x)}{dx^2} v_3 + \frac{d^2 \phi_5(x)}{dx^2} v_5 + \frac{d^2 \bar{\phi}_1(x)}{dx^2} \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} + \frac{d^2 \bar{\phi}_5(x)}{dx^2} \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.39)$$

where  $\{\phi_1(x), \phi_3(x), \phi_5(x), \bar{\phi}_1(x), \bar{\phi}_5(x)\}$  are the set of IRBFs in the physical space. At  $x = x_3$ , for brevity, we rewrite expressions (3.38) and (3.39) as

$$\frac{\partial v_3}{\partial x} = \mu_1 v_1 + \mu_3 v_3 + \mu_5 v_5 + \bar{\mu}_1 \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\mu}_5 \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.40)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 v_3}{\partial x^2} = \eta_1 v_1 + \eta_3 v_3 + \eta_5 v_5 + \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 v_5}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.41)$$

where  $\mu_k = \frac{d\phi_k(x_3)}{dx}$ ,  $\bar{\mu}_1 = \frac{d\bar{\phi}_1(x_3)}{dx}$ ,  $\bar{\mu}_5 = \frac{d\bar{\phi}_5(x_3)}{dx}$ ,  $\eta_k = \frac{d^2\phi_k(x_3)}{dx^2}$ ,  $\bar{\eta}_1 = \frac{d^2\bar{\phi}_1(x_3)}{dx^2}$ ,  
 $\bar{\eta}_5 = \frac{d^2\bar{\phi}_5(x_3)}{dx^2}$  and  $k = \{1, 3, 5\}$ .

On a line 2-3-4, in a similar form line 1-3-5, which they are expressed as following

$$\frac{\partial v_3}{\partial y} = \varphi_2 v_2 + \varphi_3 v_3 + \varphi_4 v_4 + \bar{\varphi}_2 \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial y^2} + \bar{\varphi}_4 \frac{\partial^2 v_4}{\partial y^2} \quad (3.42)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 v_3}{\partial y^2} = \theta_2 v_2 + \theta_3 v_3 + \theta_4 v_4 + \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial y^2} + \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 v_4}{\partial y^2} \quad (3.43)$$

where  $\varphi_k = \frac{d\phi_k(y_3)}{dy}$ ,  $\bar{\varphi}_2 = \frac{d\bar{\phi}_2(y_3)}{dy}$ ,  $\bar{\varphi}_4 = \frac{d\bar{\phi}_4(y_3)}{dy}$ ,  $\theta_k = \frac{d^2\phi_k(y_3)}{dy^2}$ ,  $\bar{\theta}_2 = \frac{d^2\bar{\phi}_2(y_3)}{dy^2}$ ,  
 $\bar{\theta}_4 = \frac{d^2\bar{\phi}_4(y_3)}{dy^2}$  and  $k = \{2, 3, 4\}$ .

The bihamornic equation is solved using a Picard-type iteration scheme and we can be written in the following equation associated with node 3, i.e.  $(i, j)$

$$\frac{\partial^2 v_3^n}{\partial x^2} = \eta_1 v_1^n + \eta_3 v_3^n + \eta_5 v_5^n + \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 v_1^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 v_5^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.44)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 v_3^n}{\partial y^2} = \theta_2 v_2^n + \theta_3 v_3^n + \theta_4 v_4^n + \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 v_2^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} + \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 v_4^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} \quad (3.45)$$

where the superscript  $n$  is used to indicate a current iteration  $(i, j)$ . The discretization equation associated with node 3, i.e.  $(i, j)$ , is obtained by substituting (3.44) and (3.45) into (3.27)

$$\begin{aligned} (\eta_1 v_1^n + \eta_3 v_3^n + \eta_5 v_5^n) + (\theta_2 v_2^n + \theta_3 v_3^n + \theta_4 v_4^n) = f_3 - \left( \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 v_1^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 v_5^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} \right) \\ - \left( \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 v_2^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} + \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 v_4^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} \right). \end{aligned} \quad (3.46)$$

Solve this linear system by Gauss-Seidel iteration is expressed as following

$$\begin{aligned} v_3^{n,k+1} = \left( f_3 - \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 v_1^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} - \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 v_5^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} - \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 v_2^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} - \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 v_4^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} - \eta_1 v_1^{n,k+1} - \eta_5 v_5^{n,k} \right. \\ \left. - \theta_2 v_2^{n,k+1} - \theta_4 v_4^{n,k} \right) / (\eta_3 + \theta_3) \end{aligned} \quad (3.47)$$

with initial values is

$$v_i^n = v_i^{n-1}; i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.$$

Where the superscript  $k$  is used to indicate Gauss-Seidel iteration.

Consider equation (3.26), we construct the approximations for the field variable  $u$  and its derivatives on the  $x$  and  $y$  grid lines. On line  $x$  and  $y$  the second-order derivative of  $u$  are decomposed into IRBFs and the equations are solved using a Picard-type iteration scheme.

$$\frac{\partial^2 u_3^n}{\partial x^2} = \eta_1 u_1^n + \eta_3 u_3^n + \eta_5 u_5^n + \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 u_1^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 u_5^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} \quad (3.48)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u_3^n}{\partial y^2} = \theta_2 u_2^n + \theta_3 u_3^n + \theta_4 u_4^n + \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 u_2^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} + \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 u_4^{n-1}}{\partial y^2}. \quad (3.49)$$

The discretization equation associated with node 3, i.e.  $(i, j)$ , is obtained by substituting (3.48) and (3.49) into (3.26)

$$\begin{aligned} v_3^n = & \eta_1 u_1^n + \eta_3 u_3^n + \eta_5 u_5^n + \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 u_1^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} + \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 u_5^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} \\ & + \theta_2 u_2^n + \theta_3 u_3^n + \theta_4 u_4^n + \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 u_2^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} + \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 u_4^{n-1}}{\partial y^2}. \end{aligned} \quad (3.50)$$

Solve this linear system by Gauss-Seidel iteration is expressed as following

$$\begin{aligned} u_3^{n,k+1} = & \left( v_3^{n,k+1} - \bar{\eta}_1 \frac{\partial^2 u_1^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} - \bar{\eta}_5 \frac{\partial^2 u_5^{n-1}}{\partial x^2} - \bar{\theta}_2 \frac{\partial^2 u_2^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} - \bar{\theta}_4 \frac{\partial^2 u_4^{n-1}}{\partial y^2} \right. \\ & \left. - \eta_1 u_1^{n,k+1} - \eta_5 u_5^{n,k} - \theta_2 u_2^{n,k+1} - \theta_4 u_4^{n,k} \right) / (\eta_3 + \theta_3) \end{aligned} \quad (3.51)$$

with initial values is

$$u_i^n = u_i^{n-1}; i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.$$

### 3.4 Iteration Method

#### 3.4.1 Iteration method of finite difference method (FDM) with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

From equation (3.14) we will have iteration method of biharmonic equation at  $2^{nd}$  order accuracy as following

$$\begin{aligned} u_{i,j}^{n+1} = & u_{i,j}^{n+1} + \left( \tau h^4 f_{i,j} - (u_{i-2,j} + u_{i+2,j} + u_{i,j-2} + u_{i,j+2}) \right. \\ & + 8(u_{i-1,j} + u_{i+1,j} + u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j+1}) - 2(u_{i-1,j-1} + u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i-1,j+1} + u_{i+1,j+1}) \\ & \left. - 20u_{i,j} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3.52)$$

where  $\tau$  is time step, which the operation count for each iteration is 20 times for each node.

$$u_{i,j}^{n+1} = u_{i,j}^n + \tau h^4 f_{i,j} + \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} & & -\tau & & \\ & -2\tau & 8\tau & -2\tau & \\ -\tau & 8\tau & -20\tau & 8\tau & -\tau \\ & -2\tau & 8\tau & -2\tau & \\ & & -\tau & & \end{array} \right\} u_{i,j} + O(h^2)$$

**Figure 3.7** Diagram of iteration method biharmonic equation at  $2^{nd}$  order accuracy.

### 3.4.2 Iteration method of finite difference method (FDM) with $4^{th}$ order accuracy

From equation (3.25) we will have iteration method of biharmonic equation at  $4^{th}$  order accuracy as following

$$\begin{aligned} u_{i,j}^{n+1} = & u_{i,j}^n + \tau \left( h^4 \left( 12f_{i,j} - (f_{i-2,j} + f_{i+2,j} + f_{i,j-2} + f_{i,j+2}) \right. \right. \\ & + 16(f_{i-1,j} + f_{i+1,j} + f_{i,j-1} + f_{i,j+1})) - 5(u_{i-2,j-2} + u_{i+2,j-2} + u_{i-2,j+2} + u_{i+2,j+2}) \\ & + 44(u_{i-1,j-2} + u_{i+1,j-2} + u_{i-1,j+2} + u_{i+1,j+2} + u_{i-2,j-1} + u_{i+2,j-1} + u_{i-2,j+1} + u_{i+2,j+1}) \\ & - 6(u_{i,j-2} + u_{i,j+2} + u_{i-2,j} + u_{i+2,j}) - 128(u_{i-1,j-1} + u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i-1,j+1} + u_{i+1,j+1}) \\ & \left. \left. - 120(u_{i-1,j} + u_{i+1,j} + u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j+1}) + 684u_{i,j} \right) \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3.53)$$

the operation count for each iteration is 44 times for each node.

$$\begin{aligned} u_{i,j}^{n+1} = & u_{i,j}^n + \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} & & -\tau h^4 & & \\ & & 16\tau h^4 & & \\ -\tau h^4 & 16\tau h^4 & 12\tau h^4 & 16\tau h^4 & -\tau h^4 \\ & & 16\tau h^4 & & \\ & & \tau h^4 & & \end{array} \right\} f_{i,j} \\ & + \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} 5\tau & -44\tau & 6\tau & -44\tau & 5\tau \\ -44\tau & 128\tau & 120\tau & 128\tau & 44\tau \\ 6\tau & 120\tau & -684\tau & 120\tau & -6\tau \\ -44\tau & 128\tau & 120\tau & 128\tau & 44\tau \\ 5\tau & 44\tau & 6\tau & 44\tau & 5\tau \end{array} \right\} u_{i,j} + O(h^4) \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 3.8** Diagram of iteration method biharmonic equation with  $4^{th}$  order accuracy.

### 3.4.3 Iteration method of integrated radial basis functions (IRBF<sub>s</sub>)

$$\begin{aligned}
u_{i,j}^{n,k+1} = & \left[ \left( f_{i,j} - \frac{1}{h^2} \left[ \bar{\eta}_{i-1,j} (v_{i-2,j} - 2v_{i-1,j} + v_{i,j}) + \bar{\eta}_{i+1,j} (v_{i,j} - 2v_{i+1,j} + v_{i+2,j}) \right. \right. \right. \\
& + \bar{\theta}_{i,j-1} (v_{i,j-2} - 2v_{i,j-1} + v_{i,j}) + \bar{\theta}_{i,j+1} (v_{i,j} - 2v_{i,j+1} + v_{i,j+2}) \left. \left. \left. \right] \right. \right. \\
& - \bar{\eta}_{i-1,j} v_{i-1,j}^{n,k+1} - \bar{\eta}_{i+1,j} v_{i+1,j}^{n,k} - \bar{\theta}_{i-1,j} v_{i,j-1}^{n,k+1} - \bar{\theta}_{i-1,j} v_{i,j+1}^{n,k} \left. \right) / (\eta_{i,j} + \theta_{i,j}) \\
& - \frac{1}{h^2} \left[ \bar{\eta}_{i-1,j} (u_{i-2,j} - 2u_{i-1,j} + u_{i,j}) + \bar{\eta}_{i+1,j} (u_{i,j} - 2u_{i+1,j} + u_{i+2,j}) \right. \\
& + \bar{\theta}_{i,j-1} (u_{i,j-2} - 2u_{i,j-1} + u_{i,j}) + \bar{\theta}_{i,j+1} (u_{i,j} - 2u_{i,j+1} + u_{i,j+2}) \left. \right] - \bar{\eta}_{i-1,j} u_{i-1,j}^{n,k+1} \\
& - \bar{\eta}_{i+1,j} u_{i+1,j}^{n,k} - \bar{\theta}_{i-1,j} u_{i,j-1}^{n,k+1} - \bar{\theta}_{i-1,j} u_{i,j+1}^{n,k} \left. \right] / (\eta_{i,j} + \theta_{i,j})
\end{aligned} \tag{3.54}$$

the operation count for each iteration is 62 times for each node.

## 3.5 Boundary Condition

Consider boundary condition  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial n} \Big|_{\Gamma_q} = \bar{q}$ , we using backward and forward difference approximation for solving boundary.

### 3.5.1 Backward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \Big|_{i=N,j}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \Big|_{i=N,j} & \approx \frac{1}{2h} (u_{N-2,j} - 4u_{N-1,j} + 3u_{N,j}) = \bar{q} \\
-u_{N-1,j} & = \frac{1}{4} (2h\bar{q} - u_{N-2,j} - 3u_{N,j}) \\
u_{N-1,j}^{n+1} & = \frac{1}{4} (-2h\bar{q} + 3u_{N,j} + u_{N-2,j}) \\
u_{N-1,j}^{n+1} & = \frac{1}{4} \left[ -2h\bar{q} + 3\bar{u}_{N,j} + u_{N-2,j}^n + \tau \left[ h^4 f_{N-2,j} \right. \right. \\
& \quad - (u_{N-4,j} + u_{N,j} + u_{N-2,j-2} + u_{N-2,j+2}) + 8(u_{N-3,j} + u_{N-1,j} + u_{N-2,j-1} + u_{N-2,j+1}) \\
& \quad \left. \left. - 2(u_{N-3,j-1} + u_{N-1,j-1} + u_{N-3,j+1} + u_{N-1,j+1}) - 20u_{N-2,j} \right] \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{3.55}$$

### 3.5.2 Backward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N} &\approx \frac{1}{2h}(u_{i,N-2} - 4u_{i,N-1} + 3u_{i,N}) = \bar{q} \\
-u_{i,N-1} &= \frac{1}{4}(2h\bar{q} - u_{i,N-2} - 3u_{i,N}) \\
u_{i,N-1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}(-2h\bar{q} + 3u_{i,N} + u_{i,N-2}) \\
u_{i,N-1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}\left[-2h\bar{q} + 3\bar{u}_{i,N} + u_{i,N-2}^n + \tau\left[h^4 f_{i,N-2}\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.- (u_{i-2,N-2} + u_{i+2,N-2} + u_{i,N-4} + u_{i,N}) + 8(u_{i-1,N-2} + u_{i+1,N-2} + u_{i,N-3} + u_{i,N-1})\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 2(u_{i-1,N-3} + u_{i+1,N-3} + u_{i-1,N-1} + u_{i+1,N-1}) - 20u_{i,N-2}\right]\right]
\end{aligned} \tag{3.56}$$

### 3.5.3 Forward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\bigg|_{i=N,j}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\bigg|_{i=N,j} &\approx \frac{1}{2h}(-3u_{N,j} + 4u_{N+1,j} - u_{N+2,j}) = \bar{q} \\
u_{N+1,j} &= \frac{1}{4}(2h\bar{q} + 3u_{N,j} + u_{N+2,j}) \\
u_{N+1,j}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}(2h\bar{q} + 3u_{N,j} + u_{N+2,j}) \\
u_{N+1,j}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}\left[2h\bar{q} + 3\bar{u}_{N,j} + u_{N+2,j}^n + \tau\left[h^4 f_{N+2,j}\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.- (u_{N,j} + u_{N+2,j} + u_{N+2,j-2} + u_{N+2,j+2}) + 8(u_{N+1,j} + u_{N+1,j} + u_{N+2,j-1} + u_{N+2,j+1})\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 2(u_{N+1,j-1} + u_{N+3,j-1} + u_{N+1,j+1} + u_{N+3,j+1}) - 20u_{N+2,j}\right]\right]
\end{aligned} \tag{3.57}$$

### 3.5.4 Forward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N}$ with $2^{nd}$ order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N} &\approx \frac{1}{2h}(-3u_{i,N} + 4u_{i,N+1} - u_{i,N+2}) = \bar{q} \\
u_{i,N+1} &= \frac{1}{4}(2h\bar{q} + 3u_{i,N} + u_{i,N+2}) \\
u_{i,N+1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}(2h\bar{q} + 3u_{i,N} + u_{i,N+2}) \\
u_{i,N+1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}\left[2h\bar{q} + 3\bar{u}_{i,N} + u_{i,N+2}^n + \tau\left[h^4 f_{i,N+2} \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - (u_{i-2,N+2} + u_{i+2,N+2} + u_{i,N} + u_{i,N+2}) + 8(u_{i-1,N+2} + u_{i+1,N+2} + u_{i,N+1} + u_{i,N+3}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 2(u_{i-1,N+1} + u_{i+1,N+1} + u_{i-1,N+3} + u_{i+1,N+3}) - 20u_{i,N+2} \right] \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{3.58}$$



### 3.5.5 Backward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\bigg|_{i=N,j}$ with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\bigg|_{i=N,j} &\approx \frac{1}{12h}(-u_{N-4,j} + 6u_{N-3,j} - 18u_{N-2,j} + 10u_{N-1,j} + 3u_{N,j}) = \bar{q} \\
u_{N-1,j} &= \frac{1}{10}(12h\bar{q} + u_{N-4,j} - 6u_{N-3,j} + 18u_{N-2,j} - 3u_{N,j}) \\
u_{N-1,j}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10}(12h\bar{q} - 3u_{N,j} + 18u_{N-2,j} - 6u_{N-3,j} + u_{N-4,j}) \\
u_{N-1,j}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10}\left[12h\bar{q} - 3\bar{u}_{N,j} + \left[18u_{N-2,j}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{N-2,j}\right.\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.\left.- (f_{N-4,j} + f_{N,j} + f_{N-2,j-2} + f_{N-2,j+2}) + 16(f_{N-3,j} + f_{N-1,j} + f_{N-2,j-1} + f_{N-2,j+1})\right)\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 5(u_{N-4,j-2} + u_{N,j-2} + u_{N-4,j+2} + u_{N,j+2})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+ 44(u_{N-3,j-2} + u_{N-1,j-2} + u_{N-3,j+2} + u_{N-1,j+2} + u_{N-4,j-1} + u_{N,j-1} + u_{N-4,j+1} + u_{N,j+1})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 6(u_{N-2,j-2} + u_{N-2,j+2} + u_{N-4,j} + u_{N,j}) - 128(u_{N-3,j-1} + u_{N-1,j-1} + u_{N-3,j+1} + u_{N-1,j+1})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 120(u_{N-3,j} + u_{N-1,j} + u_{N-2,j-1} + u_{N-2,j+1}) + 68u_{N-2,j}\right)\right] \\
&\quad - 6\left[u_{N-3,j}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{N-3,j} - (f_{N-5,j} + f_{N-1,j} + f_{N-3,j-2} + f_{N-3,j+2})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+ 16(f_{N-4,j} + f_{N-2,j} + f_{N-3,j-1} + f_{N-3,j+1})\right) - 5(u_{N-5,j-2} + u_{N-1,j-2} + u_{N-5,j+2} + u_{N-1,j+2})\right. \\
&\quad \left.+ 44(u_{N-4,j-2} + u_{N-2,j-2} + u_{N-4,j+2} + u_{N-2,j+2} + u_{N-5,j-1} + u_{N-1,j-1} + u_{N-5,j+1} + u_{N-1,j+1})\right. \\
&\quad \left.- 6(u_{N-3,j-2} + u_{N-3,j+2} + u_{N-5,j} + u_{N-1,j}) - 128(u_{N-4,j-1} + u_{N-2,j-1} + u_{N-4,j+1} + u_{N-2,j+1})\right. \\
&\quad \left.- 120(u_{N-4,j} + u_{N-2,j} + u_{N-3,j-1} + u_{N-3,j+1}) + 68u_{N-3,j}\right)\right] \\
&\quad + \left[u_{N-4,j}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{N-4,j} - (f_{N-6,j} + f_{N-2,j} + f_{N-4,j-2} + f_{N-4,j+2})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+ 16(f_{N-5,j} + f_{N-3,j} + f_{N-4,j-1} + f_{N-4,j+1})\right) - 5(u_{N-6,j-2} + u_{N-2,j-2} + u_{N-6,j+2} + u_{N-2,j+2})\right. \\
&\quad \left.+ 44(u_{N-5,j-2} + u_{N-3,j-2} + u_{N-5,j+2} + u_{N-3,j+2} + u_{N-6,j-1} + u_{N-2,j-1} + u_{N-6,j+1} + u_{N-2,j+1})\right. \\
&\quad \left.- 6(u_{N-4,j-2} + u_{N-4,j+2} + u_{N-6,j} + u_{N-2,j}) - 128(u_{N-5,j-1} + u_{N-3,j-1} + u_{N-5,j+1} + u_{N-3,j+1})\right. \\
&\quad \left.- 120(u_{N-5,j} + u_{N-3,j} + u_{N-4,j-1} + u_{N-4,j+1}) + 68u_{N-4,j}\right)\right]
\end{aligned} \tag{3.59}$$

### 3.5.6 Backward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N}$ with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N} &\approx \frac{1}{12h}(-u_{i,N-4} + 6u_{i,N-3} - 18u_{i,N-2} + 10u_{i,N-1} + 3u_{i,N}) = \bar{q} \\
u_{i,N-1} &= \frac{1}{10}(12h\bar{q} + u_{i,N-4} - 6u_{i,N-3} + 18u_{i,N-2} - 3u_{i,N}) \\
u_{i,N-1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10}(12h\bar{q} - 3u_{i,N} + 18u_{i,N-2} - 6u_{i,N-3} + u_{i,N-4}) \\
u_{i,N-1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10}\left[12h\bar{q} - 3\bar{u}_{i,N} + \left[18u_{i,N-2}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{i,N-2} - (f_{i-2,N-2} + f_{i+2,N-2} + f_{i,N-4} + f_{i,N}))\right.\right.\right. \\
&\quad + 16(f_{i-1,N-2} + f_{i+1,N-2} + f_{i,N-3} + f_{i,N-1})) - 5(u_{i-2,N-4} + u_{i+2,N-4} + u_{i-2,N} + u_{i+2,N}) \\
&\quad + 44(u_{i-1,N-4} + u_{i+1,N-4} + u_{i-1,N} + u_{i+1,N} + u_{i-2,N-3} + u_{i+2,N-3} + u_{i-2,N-1} + u_{i+2,N-1}) \\
&\quad - 6(u_{i,N-4} + u_{i,N} + u_{i-2,N-2} + u_{i+2,N-2}) - 128(u_{i-1,N-3} + u_{i+1,N-3} + u_{i-1,N-1} + u_{i+1,N-1}) \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 120(u_{i-1,N-2} + u_{i+1,N-2} + u_{i,N-3} + u_{i,N-1}) + 68u_{i,N-2}\right)\right] \\
&\quad - 6\left[u_{i,N-3}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{i,N-3} - (f_{i-2,N-3} + f_{i+2,N-3} + f_{i,N-5} + f_{i,N-1}))\right.\right. \\
&\quad + 16(f_{i-1,N-3} + f_{i+1,N-3} + f_{i,N-4} + f_{i,N-2})) - 5(u_{i-2,N-5} + u_{i+2,N-5} + u_{i-2,N-1} + u_{i+2,N-1}) \\
&\quad + 44(u_{i-1,N-5} + u_{i+1,N-5} + u_{i-1,N-1} + u_{i+1,N-1} + u_{i-2,N-4} + u_{i+2,N-4} + u_{i-2,N-2} + u_{i+2,N-2}) \\
&\quad - 6(u_{i,N-5} + u_{i,N-1} + u_{i-2,N-3} + u_{i+2,N-3}) - 128(u_{i-1,N-4} + u_{i+1,N-4} + u_{i-1,N-2} + u_{i+1,N-2}) \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 120(u_{i-1,N-3} + u_{i+1,N-3} + u_{i,N-4} + u_{i,N-2}) + 68u_{i,N-3}\right)\right] \\
&\quad + \left[u_{i,N-4}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{i,N-4} - (f_{i-2,N-4} + f_{i+2,N-4} + f_{i,N-6} + f_{i,N-2}))\right.\right. \\
&\quad + 16(f_{i-1,N-4} + f_{i+1,N-4} + f_{i,N-5} + f_{i,N-3})) - 5(u_{i-2,N-6} + u_{i+2,N-6} + u_{i-2,N-2} + u_{i+2,N-2}) \\
&\quad + 44(u_{i-1,N-6} + u_{i+1,N-6} + u_{i-1,N-2} + u_{i+1,N-2} + u_{i-2,N-5} + u_{i+2,N-5} + u_{i-2,N-3} + u_{i+2,N-3}) \\
&\quad - 6(u_{i,N-6} + u_{i,N-2} + u_{i-2,N-4} + u_{i+2,N-4}) - 128(u_{i-1,N-5} + u_{i+1,N-5} + u_{i-1,N-3} + u_{i+1,N-3}) \\
&\quad \left.\left.- 120(u_{i-1,N-4} + u_{i+1,N-4} + u_{i,N-5} + u_{i,N-3}) + 68u_{i,N-4}\right)\right]
\end{aligned}
\tag{3.60}$$

### 3.5.7 Forward difference approximation of $\left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right|_{i=N,j}$ with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right|_{i=N,j} &\approx \frac{1}{12h} (-3u_{N,j} - 10u_{N+1,j} + 18u_{N+2,j} - 6u_{N+3,j} + u_{N+4,j}) = \bar{q} \\
u_{N+1,j} &= \frac{1}{10} (-12h\bar{q} - 3u_{N,j} + 18u_{N+2,j} - 6u_{N+3,j} + u_{N+4,j}) \\
u_{N+1,j}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10} (-12h\bar{q} - 3u_{N,j} + 18u_{N+2,j} - 6u_{N+3,j} + u_{N+4,j}) \\
u_{N+1,j}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10} \left[ -12h\bar{q} - 3\bar{u}_{N,j} + \left[ 18u_{N+2,j}^n + \tau \left( h^4 (12f_{N+2,j} \right. \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \left. - (f_{N,j} + f_{N+4,j} + f_{N+2,j-2} + f_{N+2,j+2}) + 16(f_{N+1,j} + f_{N+3,j} + f_{N+2,j-1} + f_{N+2,j+1}) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 5(u_{N,j-2} + u_{N+4,j-2} + u_{N,j+2} + u_{N+4,j+2}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. + 44(u_{N+1,j-2} + u_{N+3,j-2} + u_{N+1,j+2} + u_{N+3,j+2} + u_{N,j-1} + u_{N+4,j-1} + u_{N,j+1} + u_{N+4,j+1}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 6(u_{N+2,j-2} + u_{N+2,j+2} + u_{N,j} + u_{N+4,j}) - 128(u_{N+1,j-1} + u_{N+3,j-1} + u_{N+1,j+1} + u_{N+3,j+1}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 120(u_{N+1,j} + u_{N+3,j} + u_{N+2,j-1} + u_{N+2,j+1}) + 68u_{N+2,j} \right] \right] \\
&\quad - 6 \left[ u_{N+3,j}^n + \tau \left( h^4 (12f_{N+3,j} - (f_{N+1,j} + f_{N+5,j} + f_{N+3,j-2} + f_{N+3,j+2}) \right. \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \left. + 16(f_{N+2,j} + f_{N+4,j} + f_{N+3,j-1} + f_{N+3,j+1}) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 5(u_{N+1,j-2} + u_{N+5,j-2} + u_{N+1,j+2} + u_{N+5,j+2}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. + 44(u_{N+2,j-2} + u_{N+4,j-2} + u_{N+2,j+2} + u_{N+4,j+2} + u_{N+1,j-1} + u_{N+5,j-1} + u_{N+1,j+1} + u_{N+5,j+1}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 6(u_{N+3,j-2} + u_{N+3,j+2} + u_{N+1,j} + u_{N+5,j}) - 128(u_{N+2,j-1} + u_{N+4,j-1} + u_{N+2,j+1} + u_{N+4,j+1}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 120(u_{N+2,j} + u_{N+4,j} + u_{N+3,j-1} + u_{N+3,j+1}) + 68u_{N+3,j} \right] \right] \\
&\quad + \left[ u_{N+4,j}^n + \tau \left( h^4 (12f_{N+4,j} - (f_{N+2,j} + f_{N+6,j} + f_{N+4,j-2} + f_{N+4,j+2}) \right. \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. \left. + 16(f_{N+3,j} + f_{N+5,j} + f_{N+4,j-1} + f_{N+4,j+1}) \right) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 5(u_{N+2,j-2} + u_{N+6,j-2} + u_{N+2,j+2} + u_{N+6,j+2}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. + 44(u_{N+3,j-2} + u_{N+5,j-2} + u_{N+3,j+2} + u_{N+5,j+2} + u_{N+2,j-1} + u_{N+6,j-1} + u_{N+2,j+1} + u_{N+6,j+1}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 6(u_{N+4,j-2} + u_{N+4,j+2} + u_{N+2,j} + u_{N+6,j}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 128(u_{N+3,j-1} + u_{N+5,j-1} + u_{N+3,j+1} + u_{N+5,j+1}) \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - 120(u_{N+3,j} + u_{N+5,j} + u_{N+4,j-1} + u_{N+4,j+1}) + 68u_{N+4,j} \right] \right]
\end{aligned}
\tag{3.61}$$

### 3.5.8 Forward difference approximation of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N}$ with 4<sup>th</sup> order accuracy

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_{i,j=N} &\approx \frac{1}{12h}(-3u_{i,N} - 10u_{i,N+1} + 18u_{i,N+2} - 6u_{i,N+3} + u_{i,N+4}) = \bar{q} \\
u_{i,N+1} &= \frac{1}{10}(-12h\bar{q} - 3u_{i,N} + 18u_{i,N+2} - 6u_{i,N+3} + u_{i,N+4}) \\
u_{i,N+1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10}(-12h\bar{q} - 3u_{i,N} + 18u_{i,N+2} - 6u_{i,N+3} + u_{i,N+4}) \\
u_{i,N+1}^{n+1} &= \frac{1}{10}\left[-12h\bar{q} - 3\bar{u}_{i,N} + \left[18u_{i,N+2}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{i,N+2}\right.\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.\left.(f_{i-2,N+2} + f_{i+2,N+2} + f_{i,N} + f_{i,N+4}) + 16(f_{i-1,N+2} + f_{i+1,N+2} + f_{i,N+1} + f_{i,N+3})\right)\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-5(u_{i-2,N} + u_{i+2,N} + u_{i-2,N+4} + u_{i+2,N+4})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+44(u_{i-1,N} + u_{i+1,N} + u_{i-1,N+4} + u_{i+1,N+4} + u_{i-2,N+1} + u_{i+2,N+1} + u_{i-2,N+3} + u_{i+2,N+3})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-6(u_{i,N} + u_{i,N+4} + u_{i-2,N+2} + u_{i+2,N+2}) - 128(u_{i-1,N+1} + u_{i+1,N+1} + u_{i-1,N+3} + u_{i+1,N+3})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-120(u_{i-1,N+2} + u_{i+1,N+2} + u_{i,N+1} + u_{i,N+3}) + 68u_{i,N+2}\right)\right] \\
&\quad -6\left[u_{i,N+3}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{i,N+3} - (f_{i-2,N+3} + f_{i+2,N+3} + f_{i,N+1} + f_{i,N+5})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+16(f_{i-1,N+3} + f_{i+1,N+3} + f_{i,N+2} + f_{i,N+4})\right)\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-5(u_{i-2,N+1} + u_{i+2,N+1} + u_{i-2,N+5} + u_{i+2,N+5})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+44(u_{i-1,N+1} + u_{i+1,N+1} + u_{i-1,N+5} + u_{i+1,N+5} + u_{i-2,N+2} + u_{i+2,N+2} + u_{i-2,N+4} + u_{i+2,N+4})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-6(u_{i,N+1} + u_{i,N+1} + u_{i-2,N+3} + u_{i+2,N+3})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-128(u_{i-1,N+2} + u_{i+1,N+2} + u_{i-1,N+4} + u_{i+1,N+4})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-120(u_{i-1,N+3} + u_{i+1,N+3} + u_{i,N+2} + u_{i,N+4}) + 68u_{i,N+3}\right)\right] \\
&\quad + \left[u_{i,N+4}^n + \tau\left(h^4(12f_{i,N+4} - (f_{i-2,N+4} + f_{i+2,N+4} + f_{i,N+2} + f_{i,N+6})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+16(f_{i-1,N+4} + f_{i+1,N+4} + f_{i,N+3} + f_{i,N+5})\right)\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-5(u_{i-2,N+2} + u_{i+2,N+2} + u_{i-2,N+6} + u_{i+2,N+6})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.+44(u_{i-1,N+2} + u_{i+1,N+2} + u_{i-1,N+6} + u_{i+1,N+6} + u_{i-2,N+3} + u_{i+2,N+3} + u_{i-2,N+5} + u_{i+2,N+5})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-6(u_{i,N+2} + u_{i,N+6} + u_{i-2,N+4} + u_{i+2,N+4}) - 128(u_{i-1,N+3} + u_{i+1,N+3} + u_{i-1,N+5} + u_{i+1,N+5})\right.\right. \\
&\quad \left.\left.-120(u_{i-1,N+4} + u_{i+1,N+4} + u_{i,N+3} + u_{i,N+5}) + 68u_{i,N+4}\right)\right]
\end{aligned}
\tag{3.62}$$