Name

Jaruwan Rasmeeloung-on

Degree

Master of Science (Nursing)

Thesis Supervisor Committee

Darunee Junhavat, B.Sc., M.Ed.

Yuwadee Luecha, B.Sc., M.Ed.

Pittayapoom Pattaranuthaporn, M.D.,

Cert. of Proficiency (Radiotherapy

and Nuclear Medicine)

Date of Graduation

22 October B.E.2535 (1992)

Effects of Self-Help Group on Self-Esteem

and Self-Care Agency in Head and Neck

Cancer Patients Receiving Radiotherapy

Thesis Title

ABSTRACT

Self-help group is one type of the social support

extensively by a great number of professionals group in the past 10 years. There were many self-help groups being organized in most of life crises and serious illness, and they found that being a member of such groups could help the patients to be more adaptive to the illness and the treatments they received. This experimental research was designed to test the effects of self-help group on self-esteem and self-care agency in the head and neck cancer patients receiving radiotherapy. The purposed samples consisted of 40 head and neck cancer patients receiving radiotherapy during August, 1991 to July, 1992 from Vachira

hospital. The first 20 subjects were assigned to be the

Rosenberg's Self-esteem Scale. Whereas, the self-care agency was measured by the Self-care Agency Scale developed by Nittaya Takviriyanone. Patient's perception of self-help group were interviewed using opened ended questionnaire developed by investigator.

The results showed that, before treatment ended, the mean score on self-esteem and self-care agency for the experimental group were not significantly different from the

control group. The investigator postulated that this results

were affected by 1) the side effects occuring in therapeutic

period which disturbing the patient's development of self-

esteem and self-care agency and participation in self-help

group, 2) the small size of sample and 3) the measurement

tools which had low reliability.

control group who received conventional care and the latter

involved in self-help group in addition to receiving

conventional therapy. ... The data was collected 2 days before

the end of treatment. The self-esteem was measured by

subjects were served as a experimental group who

However, the patients from the experimental group reported some benefits from joining the self-help group so this could mean that further study for this kind of group is well worth.