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ABSTRACT

This study was conducted to assess the specific resistance of alum sludge when anionic, cationic, and nonionic polyelectrolytes were applied for sludge concentration of 2, 4, and 6 % of total solid contents. Several tests were evaluated at pH 6.8 and 8.0. Alum sludge was taken from Thomburi water treatment plant. Buchner Funnel test was employed in evaluation of specific resistance and total solid content by selecting

lowest specific resistance and highest total solid content.

It was found that sludge concentration, pH, and type of poly

electrolyte, each has statistically significant effect on specific

resistance (P-value < 0.0001). The interaction effects between

these parameters on specific resistance were also statistically

Study of Specific Resistance of Alum Sludge

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significant. From the test results, specific resistance was inversely associated with sludge concentration.

It was found that the lowest specific resistance was obtained when cationic polyelectrolyte was applied, whereas the use of nonionic polyelectrolyte and anionic polyelectrolyte yielded higher specific resistance. Interaction effect between sludge concentration and pH levels showed that specific resistance decreased as sludge concentration increased and pH levels decreased. Interaction effect between polyelectrolyte types and pH levels showed that anionic and nonionic polyelectrolyte at pH 6.8 exhibited lower specific resistance than at pH 8.0; cationic polyelectrolyte at pH 8.0 yielded lower specific resistance than at pH 6.8 . The lowest specific resistance was observed when cationic polyelectrolyte was applied at the highest sludge concentration. In similar patterns, lowest specific resistance was also observed at the highest sludge concentration for nonionic and anionic polyelectrolytes. Among the three polyelectrolyte, cationic polyelectrolyte yielded the lowest specific resistance under the same conditions.