ABSTRACT This descriptive research was designed for examine the relationship between

dependent-care deficit and family well-being while the basic conditioning factors of number of year in education, income of family, number of children, duration of illness and number of convulsion were statistically controlled, within the theoretical framework derived from Orem's conceptual model of nursing. The purposive sampling used to obtain from 80 mothers of epileptic children who

and followed up at the neurology clinic of Ramathibodi Hospital during November 1991 till March 1992. The Dependent-care Deficit Scale developed by the investigator and Family Well-being Assessment developed by Caldwell (1988) were administered to

Results of the study indicated that when basic conditioning factors: of year in education, income of family, number of children, duration of illness

number of convulsion were statistically controlled, dependent-care deficit correlated with family well-being which was statistically significant (p<.05) and accounted for 6.63% of

Kaewbud

Wilai Leesuwan, B.Sc. (Nursing), M.Ed.

Master of Science (Nursing)

Cert. of Ped. Neurology 25 May B.E.2535 (1992)

Children

Chuanruedee

Thesis Title

Thesis Supervisory Committee

Date of Graduation

Name

Degree

was

the sample.

the variance in family well-being.

Dependent-care Deficit and Family Well-being in Epileptic

Surang Chiemchanya, M.D., Cert. of Proficiency (Pediatric),

The result of the study expanded Orem's theory of Self-care Deficit in concept of dependent-care deficit and family. The limitations of this study, implication for practice, education, and further research were recommended.