

Thesis Title Knowledge and opinion of the commissioned officers of The Police Metropolitan Bureau on environmental legislation concerning on noise and air pollution.

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ABSTRACT

The purpose of the study was to investigate the knowledge and opinion of the commissioned police officers on the environmental legislation on noise and air pollutions and to study the correlation between their knowledge and opinion and the environmental legislations on noise and air pollutions, including the study and sorting out of such variables as affects their knowledge and opinion on the environmental legislations no noise and air pollutions, as rank, office held, level of education, beat area, academic qualifications and work experience.

The sample was drawn from 287 police commissioned officers in The Police Metropolitan Bureau, and in police stations. The author collected questionnaire data and processed them on statistics Package of Social Sciences. The statistic parameters used were percentage, median, t-test, One Way Analysis of Variance and the Simple Correlation of knowledge to opinion, on Pearson Product Moment.

The results of the data analysis indicate that the majority of the commissioned police officers in The Police Metropolitan Bureau making up the sample range in age from 31 to 46 ; in rank, from police sublieutenant to police captain ; in positions mostly deputy inspectors most of whom belong to the precincts whose road traffic is not too congested. Their levels of attainment are bachelor's degree or equivalent. Bachelors of Public Administration (B.P.A.) police constitute the majority. They do not boast long work experience but do possess knowledge about environmental legislations on noise and air pollutions. The research assumption tests indicate that at 68 % confidence level, the commissioned police officers' knowledge about the environmental legislation on noise and air pollutions varies with such variables as rank, office currently held, work experience, and beat area and that at 68 % confidence level, the commissioned police officers' knowledge about environment legislation on noise and air pollutions does not vary with such variables as level of education, and discipline of training.

The majority held to the opinion that the existing legislations on noise and air pollutants are defective and their loopholes should be filled and that police officers should participate in the responsibility, monitoring and control of the noise and air pollution. The research assumption tests indicate that at 78 % confidence level, the commissioned police officers' opinion on the environmental legislations on noise and air pollutants does not vary with such variables as rank, office held, level of education, work experience, discipline of training and beat area.