

Thesis Title The Attitudes of the Parliamentary Reporters toward the
Performances of the Members of the House of Representatives:
A Case Study of the September 1996 Censure Debate

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Abstract

The Study of the Attitudes of the Parliamentary Reporters toward the Performances of the Member of the House of Representatives : A Case Study of the September 1996 Censure Debate aimed at :.1) studying the representatives, both of the government side and the opposition parties, functions : A case study of the September 1996 Censure Debate; 2) studying the factors regarding the Parliamentary Reporters attitudes towards the representatives functions; 3) studying the representatives controlling roles on the public administration.

The population included the 272 parliamentary reporters. Sexual status was equally classified between male and female while their age ranged between 25 and 40 years old. They have held bachelor degrees. Their earnings ranged between 8,000 and 12,000 baht a month. They were on duty at the parliament for 3-6 years.

The results showed that:

1) The parliamentary reporters who had different majors had different attitudes towards the opposition representatives functions; those who majored in Newspaper and Journal had more positive attitudes than those who had different majors.

2) The parliamentary reporters attitudes towards the controlling roles of the opposition representatives were found to be different on condition that they had different ranges of working period. Those who were on duty at the parliament for 7-10 years had more positive attitudes than the others.

3) The parliamentary reporters with different majors had different attitudes towards the government representatives functions. Those who majored in Television had more positive attitudes than the others.

4) The parliamentary reporters with different ranges of working period at the parliament had different attitudes towards the roles of the government representatives. Those who were on duty at the parliament for 3-6 years had more positive attitudes than the others.

5) The parliamentary reporters had more positive attitudes on the representatives from the opposition parties than on the representatives from the government side.