

The objectives of this study were to study the attitudes of the people in Pasak sub-district, Muang District, Lamphun Province on environmental impacts from, the relationships between personal, socio-economic characteristics, topography environmental and attitudes on environmental impact and to find out the solution on environmental impact from pig farm among people in Pasak sub-district.

A total of 103 samples from 17 villages in Pasak sub-district, Muang distric, Lumphun province were selected in this study . Descriptive statistic were used as the principal method to achieve the objectives by frequency, percentage, mean, standard deviation (S.D.), chi-square (χ^2) and Pearson Product Moment Correlation.

The result shown that average score of the attitude on environmental impact from pig farm among people in Pasak sub-district was 4.86 which meant the strongly agree on environmental impact. In addition, it was found that education and age were highly significantly related to the attitudes on environmental impact from pig farm. While knowledge of

environmental problem and income were significantly related to the attitudes on environmental impact from pig farm.

With respect to the solution on environmental impact from pig farm, government should endorse policy on pig farm zone for limited the area including sanitation and standardization on farm management. However, farmers should also support government policy to protect the environmental impact.