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**KEY WORDS** 

: THE PERFORMANCES/SECONDARY AND HIGH SCHOOL

ADMINSTRATION/PREVENTION OF USING AMPHETAMINE

SRUANGHRUETAI WATHANAKASETR: THE PERFORMANCES OF SECONDARY AND HIGH SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR IN PREVENTION OF USING AMPHETAMINE AMONG THE STUDENTS. THESIS ADVISORS: NAWARAT SUWANPONG, Ph.D., CHAWEEWAN BOONSUYA M.A., SURACHART NA NONGKHAI M.S., SURAPHUN SRIWITHAYA DOCTEUR D'ETAT EN DROIT (MENTION TRES HONORABLE). 142 P. ISBN 974-663-730-4

The performance in prevention of using Amphetamine among the students is an important job for secondary and high school administrator. The objective of this descriptive research was to study the performances of secondary and high school administrators in prevention of using Amphetamine among the students by checking their level of knowledge, attitude, resources and performances. The sample consisted of 117 secondary and high school administrators in Bangkok. The data were collected by using questionnaires which were sent by mail from 1 April 1999 to 15 May 1999. A total of 78 (66.7 %) questionnaires were received back.

The results showed that most of the administrators of secondary and high school were male (75.6 %), married (78.2 %) with an average age of 53 years, 26.83 years of average duration of working in Ministry of Education, and educational level higher than bachelor degree (64.4 %). The range for working in administrative job was 6-10 years with the average of 10.18 years. They had an average income of 29,393.72 baths and 47.4 % worked as the administrator of the secondary and high school teaching for 1-6 grade. Most of them had training in the law of 2522 narcotic drugs Act, in prevention of using Amphetamine (55.1 %). The overall Knowledge of secondary and high school administrator in prevention of using Amphetamine was at a low level (62.8 %), but attitude and resources factors were at a high level 84.6 % and 85.9 % respectively. The performances of secondary and high school administrator were at a good level (88.5 %). The analysis showed that attitude of secondary and high school administrator on prevention of using Amphetamine was related to the narcotic drugs Act. (p= 0.05). The result suggests that training and seminars should be provided for administrators in order to improve their Knowledge. Their attitude towards the students should be in the right way so as to prevent students from being expelled from the school and not receiving proper treatment. The administrator should improve their performances by cooperating with parents of the students, using more budget in student activities in the schools and supporting resources in order to prevent the using of Amphetamine among students.