

## APPENDIX

### LIST OF SOLUTION AND BUFFER

#### 1X Phosphate buffer saline (PBS)

8.0 g of NaCl, 0.2 g of KCl, 1.15 g of Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O, and 0.2 g of KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> were dissolved in distilled water in final volume of 1000 ml. The solution was adjusted to pH 7.4 and stored at room temperature.

#### Versene solution

0.1 g of EDTA was dissolved in 1XPBS in final volume of 500 ml. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20 µm) then preserved at 4 °C.

#### 0.25% trypsin

0.25 g of trypsin was dissolved in versene solution in final volume of 100 ml. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20 µm) then preserved at 4 °C.

#### Freezing medium

Formula 1: 10% DMSO

- DMSO	1 ml
- DMEM containing 20% FBS	9 ml
Total volume	10 ml

**Formula 2: 25% Glycerol, 25% Propylene glycol**

- Glycerol	2.5 ml
- Propylene glycol	2.5 ml
- DMEM containing 20% FBS	5 ml
Total volume	10 ml

**Formula 3: 25% DMSO, 25% Propylene glycol, 20% FBS in DMEM**

- DMSO	2.5 ml
- Propylene glycol	2.5 ml
- DMEM containing 20% FBS	5 ml
Total volume	10 ml

The solutions were filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and aliquot into microcentrifuge tubes. The solution was preserved at  $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**Sodium citrate buffer**

2.94 g of  $\text{Na}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{O}_7 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  was dissolved in distilled water in final volume of 1000 ml. The solution was adjusted to pH 6.0.

**4  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  mitomycin C**

2 mg Mitomycin C was dissolved in 5 ml distilled water and kept this stock solution 400  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  Mitomycin C at  $4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Working solution was done by dissolving 0.5 ml stock solution in 50 ml DMEM then filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20  $\mu\text{m}$ ). The solution was preserved at  $4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**1N NaOH**

0.4 g of NaOH was dissolved in distilled water in final volume of 10 ml.

**0.9% NaCl**

0.9 g of NaCl was dissolved in distilled water in final volume of 100 ml.

**2 µg/ml epidermal growth factor (EGF)**

100 µg EGF was dissolved in 50 ml distilled water. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20 µm) to discard the microorganism then aliquot into microcentrifuge tubes. The solution was preserved at 4 °C. This stock solution was diluted to 10 ng/ml final concentration in cultured medium.

**1 mg/ml insulin**

10 mg of insulin was dissolved in 10 ml DMEM. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20 µm) and preserved at 4 °C. This stock solution was diluted to 20 µg/ml final concentration in cultured medium.

**5 mg/ml streptomycin**

50 mg of streptomycin was dissolved in 10 ml DMEM. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20 µm) and preserved at 4 °C. This stock solution was diluted to 100 µg/ml final concentration in cultured medium.

**40 mg/ml gentamicin**

80 mg of gentamicin was dissolved in 2 ml DMEM. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and preserved at 4 °C. This stock solution was diluted to 50  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  final concentration in cultured medium.

**1.5 mg/ml ampicillin**

15 mg ampicillin was dissolved in 10 ml DMEM. The volume was filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and preserved at 4 °C. This stock solution was diluted to 3  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  final concentration in cultured medium.

**25 ml Culture medium**

Culture medium composed of 10% FBS, 10 ng/ml epidermal growth factor, 20  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  insulin, 100  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  streptomycin, 3  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  ampicillin in DMEM/Ham's F12 (1:1).

FBS	2.5 ml
2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ epidermal growth factor	125 $\mu\text{l}$
1 mg/ml insulin	0.5 ml
5 mg/ml streptomycin	0.5 ml
1.5 mg/ml ampicillin	50 $\mu\text{l}$

All reagents were dissolved in DMEM/Ham's F12 (1:1) in final volume of 25 ml.

**4% paraformaldehyde**

16 g of paraformaldehyde was added in erlenmeyer flask then dissolved in 200 ml distilled water. The flask was placed on a stir plate and heated while stirring to

approximately 60 °C. 1N NaOH was slowly added to raise the pH by drop from a pipette until the solution clears. Then, 200 ml 1XPBS was added and adjusted to pH 7.4.

#### **Artificial cerebrospinal fluid (aCSF)**

3.633 g of NaCl, 0.093 g of KCl, 0.075 g of NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 0.056 g of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.102 g of MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1.050 g of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and 0.450 g of D-glucose were dissolved in deionized water (18 mΩ) in final volume of 500 ml. The solution was adjusted to pH 7.4 and further filtrated by sterile filter (pore size 0.20 μm) and kept at 4 °C.

### **SCORING FOR IMMUNOHISTOCHEMICAL STAINING**

**Number of p63 positive cells along the thickness of epithelial sheet within 50 μm length was counted.**

≥ 5 cells indicate strongly positive

< 5 cells indicate weakly positive

**Number of K3 positive cell layers in epithelial sheet within 50 μm length was counted.**

≥ 2 layers with heavy staining indicate strongly positive

≥ 2 layers with light staining indicate weakly positive

< 2 layers indicate weakly positive

**CURRICULUM VITAE**

<b>Name</b>	Miss Daranee Promprasit
<b>Date of Birth</b>	April 19, 1986
<b>Education Background</b>	
2003	Dara Academy, Chiang Mai, Thailand
2007	First class honors, Bachelor of Science (Zoology), Faculty of science, Chiang Mai University
<b>Work Experience</b>	
2007-2009	Technician at Chiangmai Genetic Center
<b>Grant</b>	
2004-2007	Human Resource Development in Science Project (Science Achievement Scholarship of Thailand, SAST)
2007	Industrial and Research Projects for Undergraduate Student (IRPUS)