

Abstract

Khao Samet is one of the most favorable tourist attractions with exquisite element. After the great number of tourist flow incessantly and the tourism industries rapidly grow without planning for the course of ecotourism and development coexistent lead Khao Samet to abundantly of environment problems such as water pollution, trash, decrease of wildlife, including Khao Samet 's capability to withstand for overwhelming tourist. These are the persistent problems which cause Khao Samet 's natural resources and environment considerably worsen.

This thesis aim to study the situation of Khao Samet's natural resources deterioration, pollution and ecotourism management together with to study course and legal measure concerning pollutions control and preventions. Moreover, it aims to find out the way to improve legal measure and Khao Samet's ecotourism management.

It found that Khao Samet is deficient in legal measure to handle ecotourism. And it also found that some authority palter with the law enforcement, in some case they did not bring a charge against the malefactor.

As a result, this study offer the recommendation to resolve these problems by declare Khao Samet as a protectorate area in accordance with section 45 of National Resources Quality Promotion and Reservation Act 2535 B.E. to stipulate measures for waste water drain, resort delimitation along with authorize regulator to follow up and audit the environment protection course that will ensure more effective law enforcement by authorities. Besides, Khao Samet National Park should coordinate more with related agencies for wildlife reservation while local administration should ask for budget support from The Environment Fund to build waste water treatment and garbage disposal system. Moreover, government agencies should run awareness strengthen campaigns for residents, entrepreneurs and tourists to give priority to ecotourism so Khao Samet could continually be a beautiful destination for everyone.