

The purposes of this study were to investigate and to compare the intelligence level of the against-property-convicted inmates in Bangkok Correctional Institution for young offenders between the larceny offence and the gang robbery offence according to the education level, the birth order the background of child rearing practice and the attitude toward school.

The sample consisted of 58 against-property-convicted inmates ; 43 larceny offence and 15 gang robbery offence, and their ages were between 18 and 20 years. The purposive sample technique was employed in sample selection. The Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale and Likert type rating scale were utilized in data collection. The statistics used in data analyses included the percentage value, mean, standard deviation, t-test and one-way analysis of variance.

It was found that ;-

1. The against-property-convicted inmates between the larceny offence and the gang robbery offence were not different in the intelligence level.
2. The larceny offence and the geng robbery offence who were different in education level showed a significant difference in intelligence scores at .05.
3. The larceny offence who were different in the birth order showed a significant difference in intelligence scores

at .01, and the gang robbery offence who were different in the birth order showed no difference in intelligence scores..

4. The larceny offence and the gang robbery offence who were different in the background of child rearing practices showed no difference in the intelligence scores.

5. The larceny offence and the gang robbery offence who were different in attitude toward school showed no difference in the intelligence scores.