

## LIST OF SYMBOLS

$A, B_0, C$	=	Material constants on Voce hardening model
$A, B_0, B_1, C$	=	Material constants on modified Voce hardening model
$F, G, \dots, N$	=	Coefficients in the Hill 1948 yield criterion
$D_{RD}$	=	Diameter of the samples in the rolling direction
$D_{TD}$	=	Diameter of the samples in the transverse direction
$D_{RD}^0$	=	Initial diameter of the samples in the rolling direction
$D_{TD}^0$	=	Initial diameter of the samples in the transverse direction
$D_0$	=	Initial diameter of hole
$D_f$	=	Diameter at failure of the hole
$e$	=	Sheet thickness in M-K model
$J_2$	=	Second invariant of the stress deviatoric tensor
$K$	=	Strength coefficient
$L'$	=	First order of linear functions of the deviatoric stress
$L''$	=	Second order of linear functions of the deviatoric stress
$M$	=	Exponent used in Barlat 2000 yield criterion
$m$	=	Strain rate sensitivity
$n$	=	Strain hardening coefficient
$p$	=	Bulge pressure in the pole
$R$	=	Radius of curvature at the pole
$r$	=	Anisotropy coefficient
$r_0$	=	Anisotropy coefficient at 0 degree from rolling direction
$r_{45}$	=	Anisotropy coefficient at 45 degree from rolling direction
$r_{90}$	=	Anisotropy coefficient at 90 degree from rolling direction
$r_b$	=	Balanced biaxial yield stress
$S$	=	Stress deviatoric tensor
$s$	=	Deviatoric stress tensor in Barlat 2000 yield criterion
$S_1$	=	Principal deviatoric stress in x axial
$S_2$	=	Principal deviatoric stress in y axial
$S_3$	=	Principal deviatoric stress in z axial
$S'$	=	First order of deviatoric stress
$S''$	=	Second order of deviatoric stress
$T$	=	Transformation matrix in Barlat 2000 yield criterion
$t_0$	=	Initial thickness
$\alpha$	=	Stress ratio
$\alpha$	=	Strain increment ratio for an isotropic material
$\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_8$	=	Coefficients in the Barlat 2000 yield criterion
$f_0$	=	Initial geometrical Imperfection factor of M-K analysis
$\varepsilon_1$	=	Principal plastic strain in x axial
$\varepsilon_2$	=	Principal plastic strain in y axial
$\varepsilon_3$	=	Principal plastic strain in z axial

$\varepsilon_{RD}$	=	True strain in rolling direction
$\varepsilon_{TD}$	=	True strain in transverse direction
$\varepsilon_t$	=	Thickness strain
$\varepsilon_{xx}$	=	Planar component of strain tensor in x axial
$\varepsilon_{yy}$	=	Planar component of strain tensor in y axial
$\varepsilon_{zz}$	=	Planar component of strain tensor in z axial
$\varepsilon_{xy}$	=	Planar components of stress tensor in xy plane
$\bar{\varepsilon}$	=	Effective Strain
$\bar{\varepsilon}_o$	=	Effective elastic strain on Swift hardening model
$\bar{\varepsilon}_p$	=	Effective plastic strain on Swift hardening model
$d\bar{\varepsilon}$	=	Increment of effective plastic strain
$d\varepsilon_{ij}$	=	Components of strain increment tensor
$p$	=	Strain ratio
$\tau_{xy}$	=	Shear stress in xy plane
$\tau_{yz}$	=	Shear stress in yz plane
$\tau_{zx}$	=	Shear stress in zx plane
$\sigma_1$	=	Principal stress in x axial
$\sigma_2$	=	Principal stress in y axial
$\sigma_3$	=	Principal stress in z axial
$\sigma_0$	=	Uniaxial yield stress at 0 degree from rolling direction
$\sigma_{45}$	=	Uniaxial yield stress at 45 degree from rolling direction
$\sigma_{90}$	=	Uniaxial yield stress at 90 degree from rolling direction
$\sigma_b$	=	Balanced biaxial yield stress
$\sigma_m$	=	Mean stress or Hydrostatic stress
$\sigma_{mn}$	=	Components of stress tensor in the groove, n axial
$\sigma_{nt}$	=	Components of stress tensor in the groove, nt plane
$\sigma_{tt}$	=	Components of stress tensor in the groove, t axial
$\sigma_{xx}$	=	Planar component of stress tensor in x axial
$\sigma_{yy}$	=	Planar component of stress tensor in y axial
$\sigma_{xy}$	=	Planar components of stress tensor in xy plane
$\bar{\sigma}$	=	Effective stress
$\phi$	=	Yield function
$\eta$	=	Stress triaxiality
$\Psi_0$	=	Initial angle between the M-K imperfection and direction y
$\xi(\alpha)$	=	Ratio of effective stress to major true stress