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NIRAMOL NILSANG : WORK STATION IMPROVEMENT TO  
REDUCE FATIGUE RESPONSE OF WORKERS IN A POULTRY PROCESS -  
ING PLANT. THESIS ADVISORS : CHOMPUSUKDI POOLKET, Ph.D.  
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The objectives of this study were to use a biomechanical model to improve work-station height and reduce fatigue response of worker in a poultry processing plant. The study compares workers' fatigue rating score, shoulder muscle load and risk of work posture with the plant's original 125 cm work height to those with a modified 93 cm work height.

The sample group of the study included twenty-five healthy female workers with average age, weight and height of  $25.1 \pm 3.6$  yrs,  $49.9 \pm 2.5$  kg,  $151.0 \pm 1.8$  cm respectively. The results of this study revealed that workers' average scores of subjective general fatigue, shoulder muscle load and risk of work posture decreased significantly modification ( $P$ -value  $< 0.001$ ) with the work station height.

The experimentation indicated that anthropometric data of the workers will be very useful as a design criteria for work-station improvement in order to reduce muscular fatigue. Findings suggest that, for the poultry processing studied a 93 cm work height is appropriate for workers who are between 149.2 and 152.8 cm tall. Furthermore, such workers should not have to work with horizontal reach extended beyond 31 cm.