Abstract

This independent study on "Occupational Lines of Women Convicted Prisoners Before Entering the Central Women Correctional Institution" is a study on the characteristics of women narcotic traffickers, their former occupation before becoming trafficker, and various forms of trafficking with an aim to develop guidelines for the prevention of taking up trafficking as a profession.

The study is a survey research. The sampling group are women convicted prisoners on narcotic charges of the Central Women Correctional Institution. The sampling method used is purposive sampling. There are 60 women convicted prisoners collaborating in answering the questionnaire which is used as the instrument for data collection. Statistics applied for the analysis of data are Percentage and Arithmetic Mean.

The study finds that the monthly average income before entering into trafficking is related to income derived from the trafficking. It is also found that satisfaction on former occupation of the sampling group is related to income gained by trafficking.

The study recommends that occupational problems as well as incentives for entrance into narcotic trafficking should be prevented. Remedial measures should contain definite guidelines and the officers concerned should develop more measures for reaching-out inspection in the communities. The entrepreneurs as well as entrepreneurial organizations should provide occupational opportunity for labour and help promote their potentiality. The government should develop a serious policy on narcotic suppression, and at the same time give more attention to occupational opportunity of labour in the aspect of occupational skill development.