

Figure 4.41

The histology of intestine from female rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.



Figure 4.42

The histology of muscle from female rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

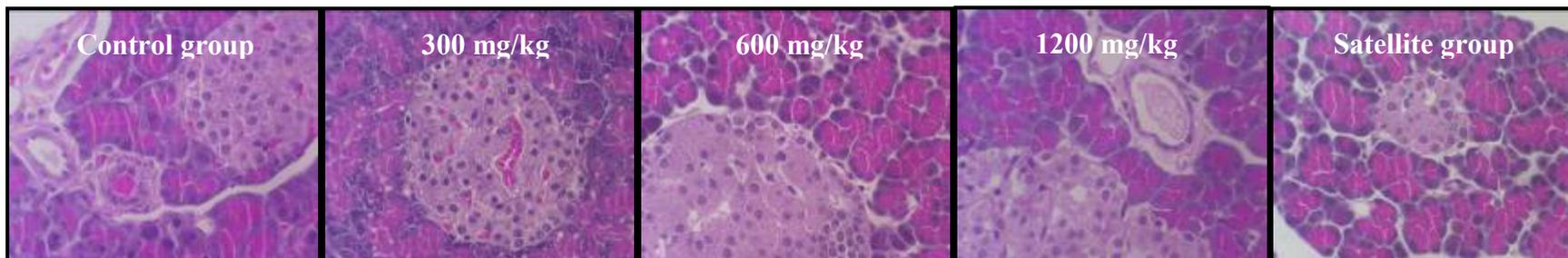


Figure 4.43

The histology of pancreas from female rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

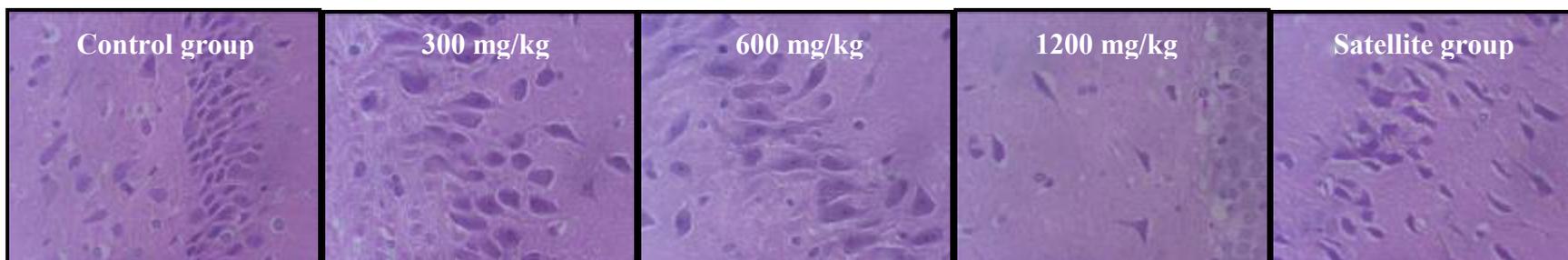


Figure 4.44

The histology of brain from female rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

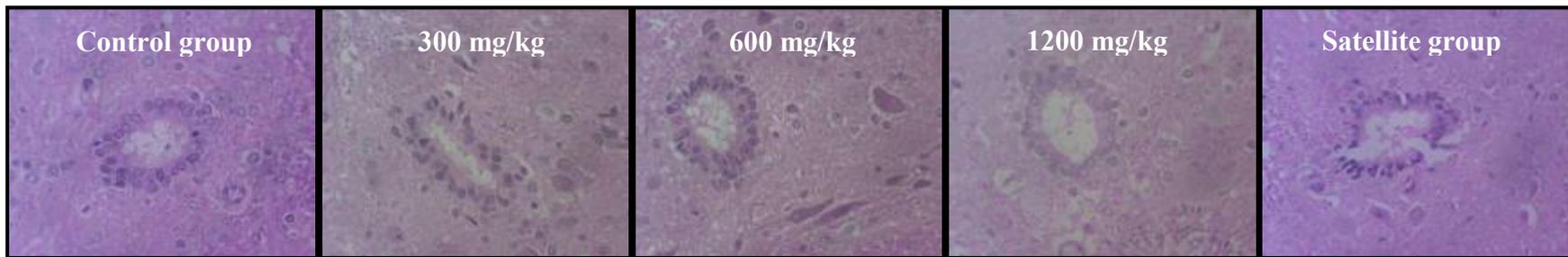


Figure 4.45

The histology of spinal cord from female rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

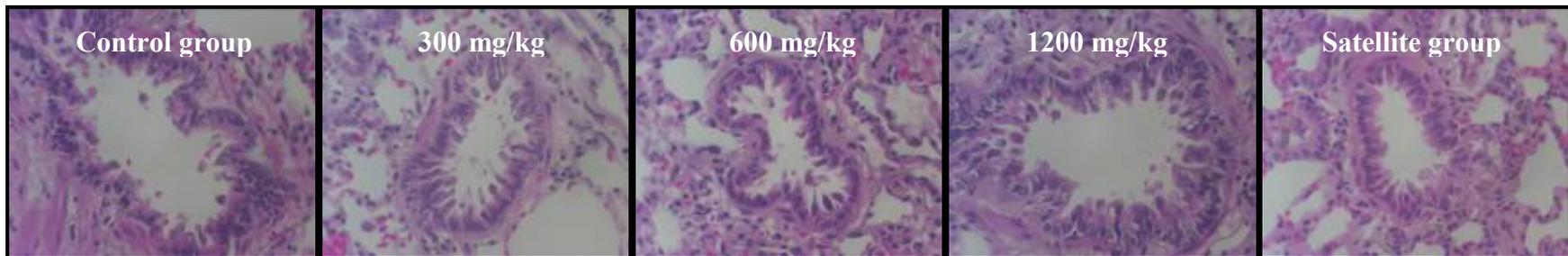


Figure 4.46

The histology of lung from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

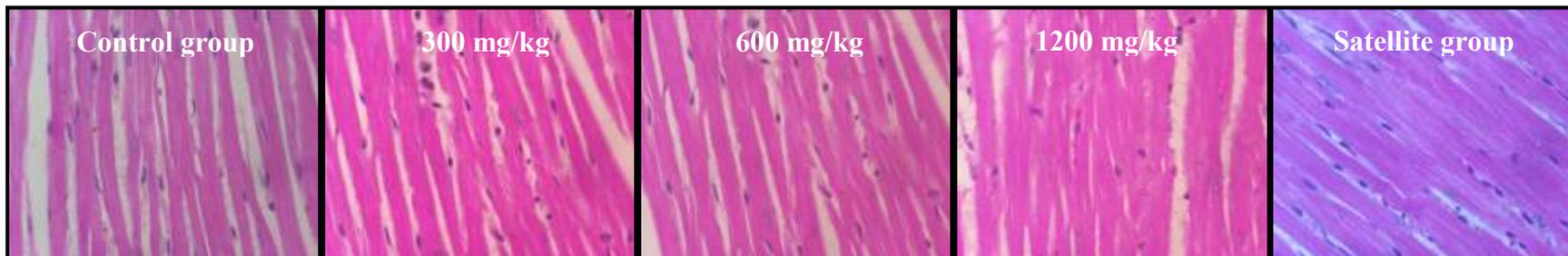


Figure 4.47

The histology of heart from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

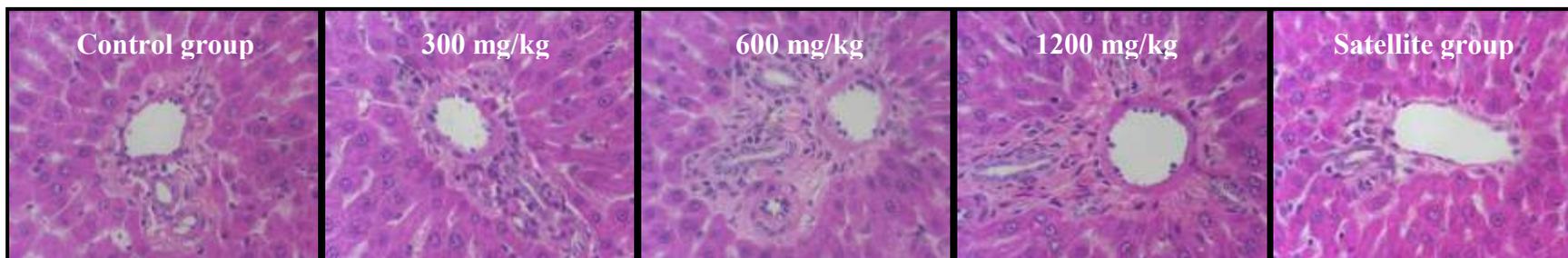


Figure 4.48

The histology of liver from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

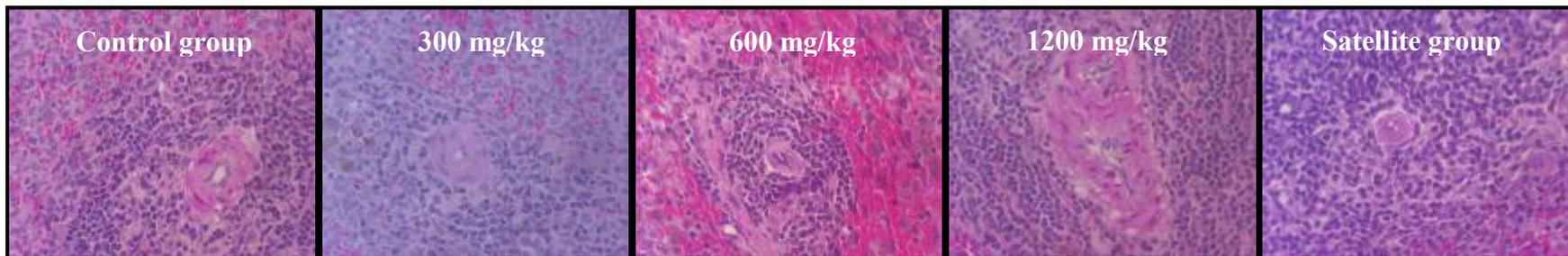


Figure 4.49

The histology of spleen from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

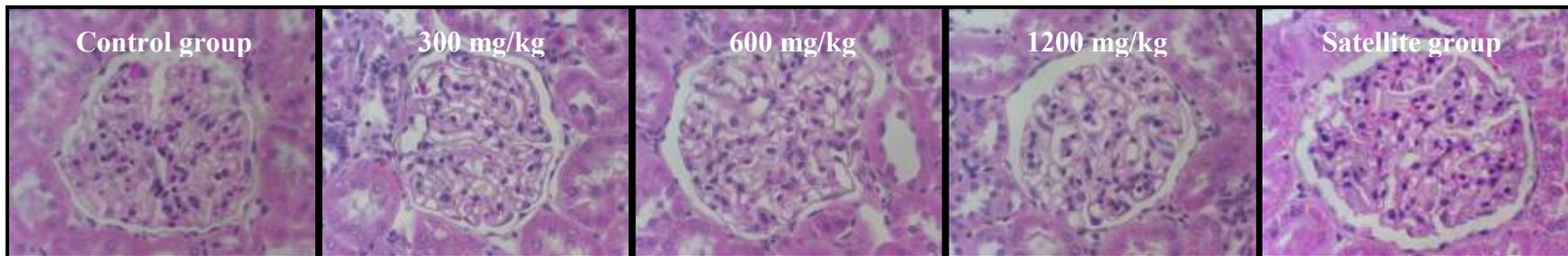


Figure 4.50

The histology of kidney from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

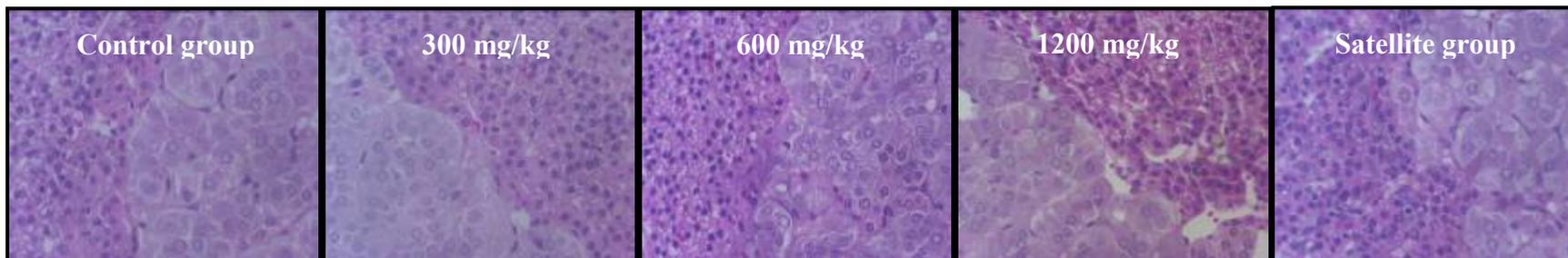


Figure 4.51

The histology of adrenal gland from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

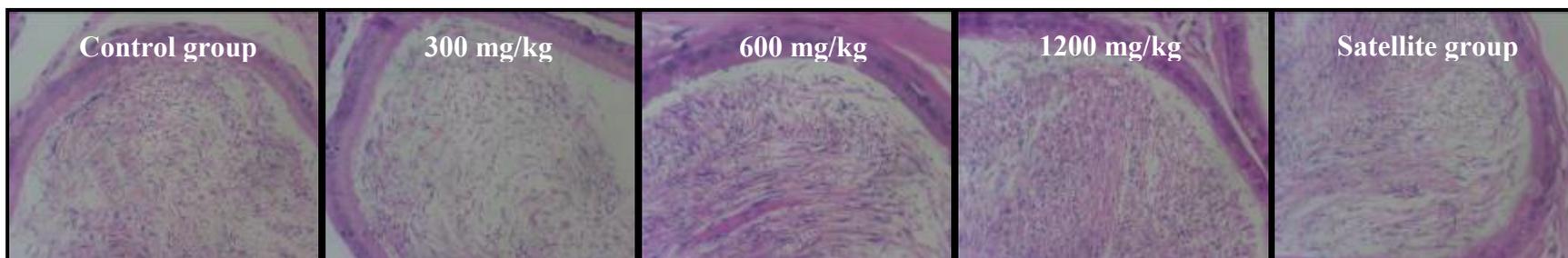


Figure 4.52

The histology of epididymis from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

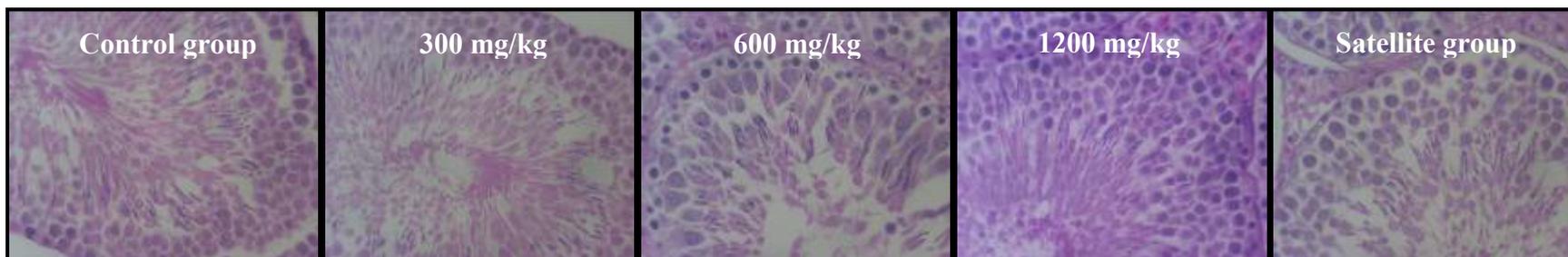


Figure 4.53

The histology of testis from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

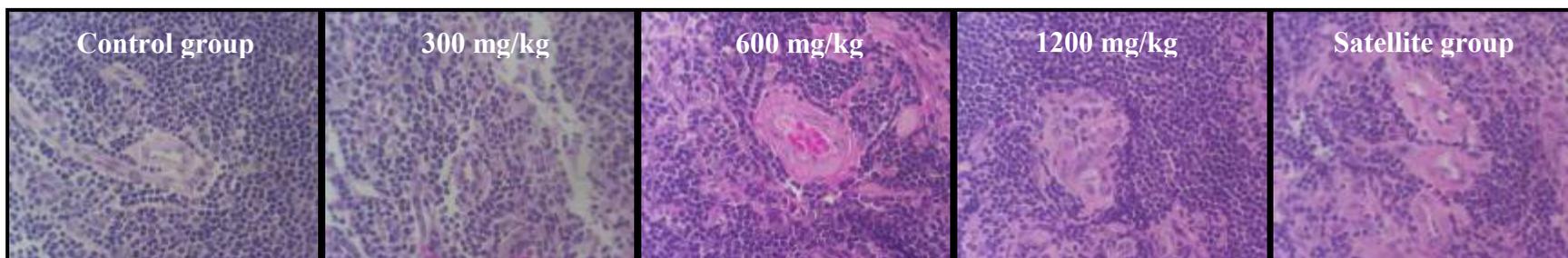


Figure 4.54

The histology of thymus from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

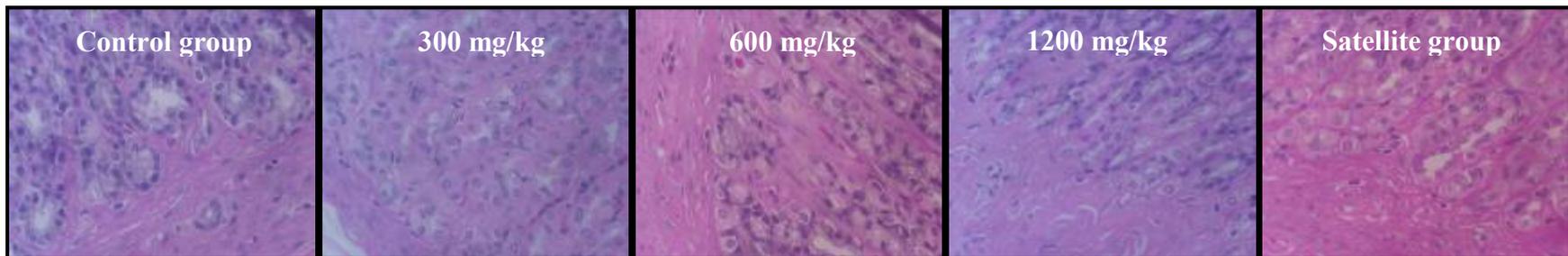


Figure 4.55

The histology of stomach from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

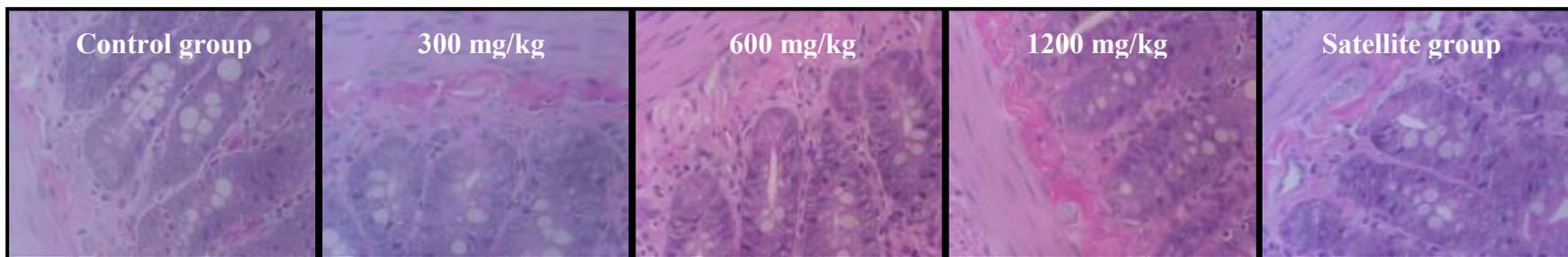


Figure 4.56

The histology of intestine from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.



Figure 4.57

The histology of muscle from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

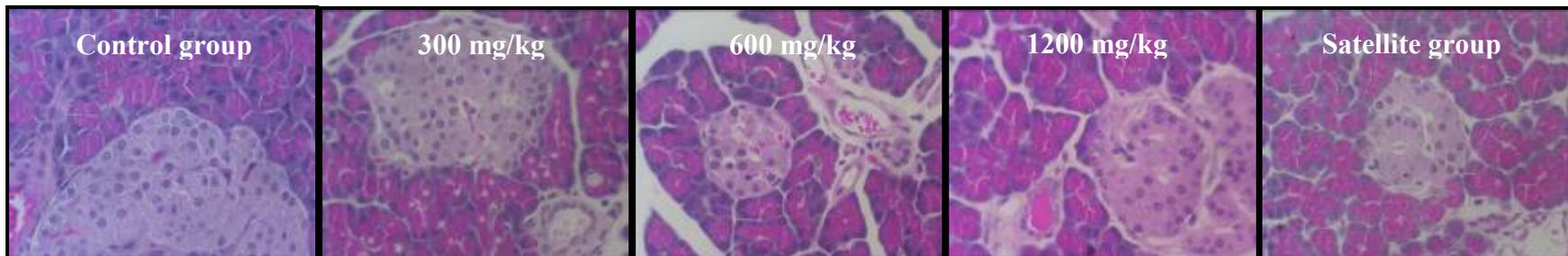


Figure 4.58

The histology of pancreas from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

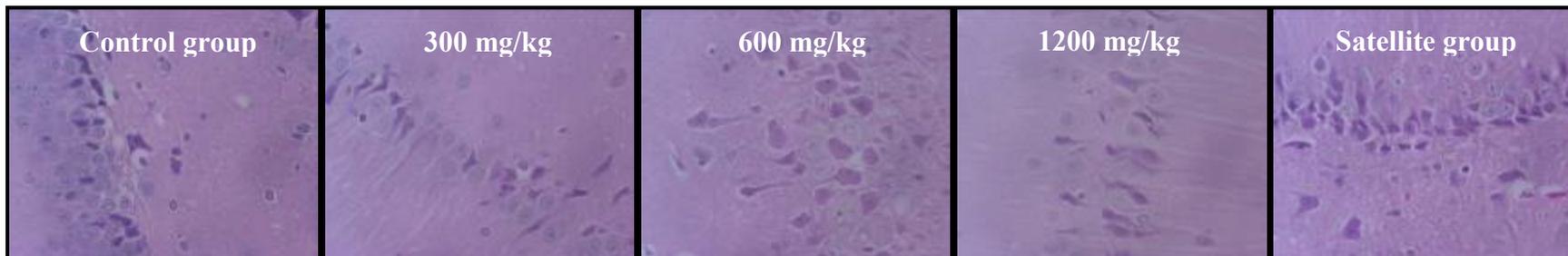


Figure 4.59

The histology of brain from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.

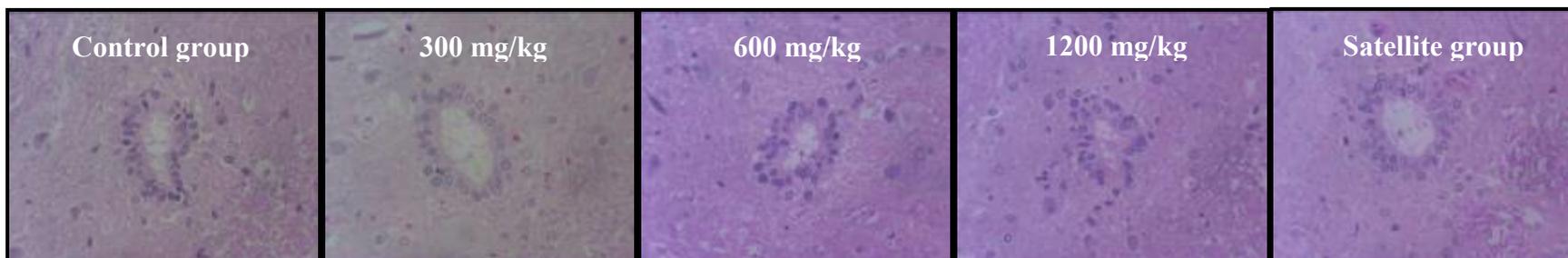


Figure 4.60

The histology of spinal cord from male rats receiving *T. bellerica* was compared with the control group (40x, stained with hematoxylin and eosin). No significant damage was detected in any treated group.