

Abstract

This thesis titled “Opinion of the Patrol Polices Towards the Factors Affects the Efficiency in preventive and suppressive Crime : A case Study Metropolitan Division 7”. Objectives of this thesis are to study the operation of the police car patrol, motorcycle patrol, boat patrol and foot patrol under metropolitan police Division 7; to study attitudes of the patrol polices towards factors affect on the efficiency of the patrol operation; and to seek ways to improve the police operation by polices under metropolitan police Division 7. This thesis uses document survey and questionnaires to collect data from samplings, 165 polices under metropolitan police Division 7. In addition, intensive interview are used for four preventive and suppressive crime administrators (commissioned police officers) : Sub-inspector, Inspector, Deputy superintendent, and Superintendent. The statistical types in this thesis are percentage, mean, standard deviation and chi-square. Data is analyzed by SPSS (Statistic Program for Social Science). The results are presented by description with tables.

The findings were that: There are more police car patrol than other types of police patrol operated by metropolitan police Division 7 (84.2 percent). They are keen on suppression duty (83.0 percent). For the position of police patrol 51.5 percent submit themselves and their commanders impose 46.7 percent of them. In addition they are practiced on techniques for police patrol (92.1 percent) such as arresting techniques, approaches and procedures of patrol, and search techniques. There are 86.7 percent of vehicle, 64.2 percent of radio communication and handcuff provided by their organization. But, they have to buy their gun by themselves for 79.4 percent. Attitude towards the factors that affect the efficiency in police patrol operation in respect of commanders’ monitoring is high (mean 3.43). Equipments and accessories fairly affects to the efficiency (mean 3.38 and 3.36 respectively). Finally, the budget (mean 2.58), however, had low affect on the efficiency of the police patrol.

Hypothesis test : Characteristic variable such as salary rate, police patrol form, and training in operational techniques is related to the efficiency of the police patrol at the statistical significance 0.05 level. Whereas there is no relation between the efficiency and age, educational level, training, position ranking, period of time in official service, and working experience.

The research recommended that patrol polices should be trained with psychological approaches and techniques in order to make relation with people. "STOP WALK TALK" police patrol technique should be used mostly. Add welfare and risk rewards including over time benefit because the police patrol is a dangerous duty. Patrol police should be selected into the duty from their voluntary. Commanders should pay more attention to the patrol police and find out their needs. Also, give them a chance to present their opinion. Moreover, each police station should analyze what types of crime occurred most often in their area in order to appropriately prevent such crimes by focusing on weak points in the risk areas. Prevent the reoccurrence of the crime in the easily escapable areas and the connected areas among each police station. Finally, commanders should concentrate on police community relation and reach out to meet and make good relationship with people.