## พิบพ์ต้นฉบับบทคัดย่อวิทยาบิพนธ์ภายในกรอบสีเขียวนี้เพียงแผ่นเดียว

CHANCHAI CHARUPASH: WORKING PROBLEMS OF OBLIGATORY PHARMACISTS IN COMMUNITY HOSPITALS AND REMAINING IN GOVERNMENT SERVICES AFTER OBLIGATORY PERIOD. THESIS ADVISOR: DR.SOONTORN SUPAPONG: ASSO.PROF. DR.ONG-ARJ VIPUTSIRI, 92 PP. ISBN 974-579-091-5.

The objectives of this study were to identify the most important task and problems that percieved by community hospital pharmacists, and reasons of their remaining in government services after obligatory period. The 165 pharmacist were asked to participate. Pretested mailed-questionaires were used to collect data. The returned rate was 91.5 percents aftet 2 times fellow up. The results showed that the 3 out of 7 tasks, identified as the most important tasks by the pharmacists, were drug inventory, drug services and general management. The most commom problem was lack of personnels.

After the completion of contract, the pharmacists decided to resign 22.0 percents, moved to other setting 38.7 percents, and stay 37.3 percents. The main reasons for resigning were stated as weariness of government working system and the less payment than that from private sectors. Those who moved to other areas wanted to work in their home towns and gain better opportunity for further studies. Those who remained working in the same hospitals have a sense of belonging of their creative activities, and more opportunity to practice for rural area people or those who worked nearby their home towns.