

The aim of this research is to study the political participation of Thai Muslim Leaders. The results of the research are as following

Old Thai Muslim Leaders would have more political participation than young Thai Muslim Leaders.

High educated Thai Muslim Leaders would have more political participation than low educated Thai Muslim Leaders.

High income Thai Muslim Leaders would have more political participation than low income Thai Muslim Leaders.

Thai Muslim Leaders in urban area or in rural area would have no difference in political participation.

Thai Muslim Leaders who are fishermen would have political participation the most followed by Thai Muslim Leaders who are merchants, businessmen, employees and agriculturists, respectively.

Thai Muslim Leaders who have been village headman or village chief for a long period would have more political participation than Thai Muslim Leaders who have been in the positions for a short period.

Thai Muslim Leaders who know a little about politics would have political participation the most, followed by Thai Muslim Leaders who know much about politics. Thai Muslim Leaders knowing about politics in the medium level would have the least political participation.

Thai Muslim Leaders with Political consciousness in the medium level would have political participation the most, followed by Thai Muslim Leaders with low and high Political consciousness respectively.