

The objectives of this research are as follows: 1. to study the attitude towards the fixture of retirement age among the sample of retired government officials. 2. to study the degree of satisfaction to pensionable incomes. 3. to study the attitude towards the activities after retirement and characteristics of these activities. 4. to study the attitude towards the activities that were expected to create the benefits to public society, characteristics of these activities and obstacles to participate in these activities. In this research, the informations were collected by the use of questionnaires and interviews. Eight hundred and eighty six questionnaires were distributed to the sample. This study was based on the 529 questionnaires (59.71 %) which were returned.

The results of this research are as follow: 1. the retirement age is sixty years old. 2. eleven variables are significantly related to the degree of satisfaction to pensionable incomes. 3. every retired government officials participate in activities after retirement especially in hobbies. 4. six variables are significantly related to the demand to participate in activities that were expected to create the benefits to public society. 5. however when activities that were expected to create the benefits to public society were considered, only two variables are significantly related to the hobby and only two variables are also significantly related to the participation in partys or groups whereas none of socio-economic background variables is significantly related to do the job. 6. five variables are significantly related to the obstacles to participate in the activities that were expected to create the benefits to public society.

It can be concluded that retirement age is sixty years old and most of retired government officials are satisfied with pensionable incomes at a high degree and activity theory can explain much about participation in activities of retired government officials.