KEY WORD: MEDIA EXPOSURE/KNOWLEDGE ABOUT VALUE-ADDED TAX/ VALUE-ADDED TAX PAYER

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SUPIDA CHATRAPIRUK: THE CORRELATION BETWEEN MEDIA EXPOSURE AND KNOWLEDGE ABOUT VALUE-ADDED TAX OF VALUE-ADDED TAX PAYER IN BANGKOK METROPOLIS. THESIS ADVISOR: ASSO.PROF.PARAMA SATAWEDIN, Ph.D. 134 PP. ISBN 974-582-480-1

The purposes of this research were as follows: 1. to study the exposure of value-added tax payer to mass media and personal media. 2. to study the relationships between the exposure to mass media and personal media and the knowledge about value-added tax. 3. to compare the difference of relationships between mass media and personal media and the knowledge about value-added tax. Questionnaires were used to collect the data from a total of 322 samples. Frequency, percentage, mean, Pearson's product moment correlation coefficient and t-test were employed for the analysis of data.

The results of the study were as follows:

SPSS program was used for data processing.

- 1. Mass media exposure, especially, dailies, economic newspapers, radios and televisions positively correlated with the knowledge about valueadded tax.
- Personal media exposure, especially, members of the family,
- knowledge about value-added tax. -The correlation between the exposure to mass media and the

relatives, colleagues and tax officers positively correlated with the

knowledge about value-added tax was higher than the correlation between the exposure to personal media and the knowledge about value-added tax.