##C542125 :MAJOR : SUPERVISION AND CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT
:ART EDUCATION CURRICULUM/SCHOOLS UNDER BASIC EDUCATION OPPORTUNIT
EXPANSION PROJECT.

SUPAPORN TUNTANASIWAKUL: A STUDY OF STATE AND PROBLEMS OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ART EDUCATION CURRICULUM ACCORDING TO THE LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM B.E. 2521 (REVISED EDITION B.E. 2533) IN SCHOOLS UNDER THE EXPANSION OF BASIC EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY PROJECT UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL PRIMARY EDUCATION COMMISSION. THESIS ADVISOR: ASSO. PROF. BOONMEE NENYOD Ed. D. 186 pp. ISBN 974-583-818-7

The purposes of this research were to study the state and problems of the implementation of the art education curriculum according to the lower secondary school curriculum B.E. 2521 (Revised edition B.E. 2533) in schools under the expansion of basic education opportunity project under the jurisdict of the Office of the National Primary Education Commission. Three hundred and ninty-nine questionnaires were distributed to the school administrators and teachers by which 363 copies, or 90.97 percent were completed and returned. Data were analyzed by using content analysis and percentage.

Research findings were as follows:

With regards to curriculum management, research results showed that; schools stated their objectives concerning curriculum implementation for preparing student according to desirable characteristics as indicated in curric data were classified also personnel were assigned, teaching plans and instructional plans were prepared so as to required textbooks. Problems found were lack of textbooks and academic documents, insufficient time for preparing teaching plans and instructional Plans.

Concerning facilities and material providing, they were indicated that; teachers were assigned to attend seminars and workshops in order to increase knowledge and skills in instructional aids preparing. Material and facilities were provided for classroom decoration, supervision and follow-up were employed through curriculum-implementation. Problems found were teachers assigned were inappropriated, insufficient amount of instructional aids due to insufficient budget, lack of specific classroom, irregular supervision and follow-up and also lack of instruments used.

Regarding to instructional organization, research found that; teacher prepared their instructional plans, instruction were organized with emphasize of skill process, co-curricular activities were also organized. Teaching technique which teachers mostly used was a demonstration by which an interview technique was mostly used in evaluations with emphasize upon students' attitude and interest. Problems were lack of academic documents, insufficient budget in co-curricular activities organizing and instructional aid preparing, also evaluation activities were irregulary employed.