

## C225360 : MAJOR PHYSICS

KEY WORD: PVDF / PYROELECTRIC POLYMER / PYROELECTRIC COEFFICIENT / INFRARED DETECTOR

CHOOSRI UTAIWASIN: DEVELOPMENT OF POLYVINYLIDENE FLUORIDE AS PYROELECTRIC POLYMER AND ITS APPLICATION. THESIS ADVISOR : ASSO. PROF. ANUNTASIN TECHAGUMPUGH, Ph.D. 84 PP. ISBN 974-584-337-7

In this research work, a method for determining the pyroelectric coefficient of PVDF has been developed. A film completely covered with thin plastic was dipped in warm oil. The temperature increase ( $\Delta T$ ) of the film was measured by a thermistor which has an accuracy of about  $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The charge transferred between electrodes of the film ( $Q$ ) has been determined using an electrometer. It was found that the relation between  $Q$  and  $\Delta T$  is linear when  $\Delta T \lesssim 4^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The pyroelectric coefficients ( $p_3$ ) of available PVDF films obtained from  $Q/\Delta T$  are found to be between  $0.34\text{--}1.91 \text{ nC/cm}^2\text{K}$ . The plot between the pyroelectric ( $p_3$ ) and piezoelectric coefficients ( $d_{31}$ ) of each film tended to be a straight line, as was predicted by various theoretical models of piezo-pyroelectricity of PVDF films.

For the films of high  $p_3$ , a temperature increase of  $0.2^{\circ}\text{C}$  in these films produced a voltage of about 1 Volt between their electrodes, which is enough to trigger many devices. From this principle various kinds of electronic switches and also highly sensitive infrared detectors have been developed.