

SONGDET DARAMAS : UNDER-BRIDGE SETTLEMENT IN THE
BANGKOK METROPOLITAN AERA. THESIS ADVISOR : VICE PROF.
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The purpose of this study was to study primary data of Under-bridge Settlement in the Bangkok Metropolitan Area. This includes the number and location of all under-bridge house, the characteristic and community size, the socio-econom, the immigration of population and the policy of the government with this problem. This study is use interviewing the leader of the family.

The results were as follow :

1. The number of Under-bridge Settlement in the Bangkok Metropolitan Area is 65 bridge in 21 district and 1 branch. There are 2,165 people, 620 families and 581 house. Most of them are Thai. Buddhism, married, 20-50 ages, primary education, have identification card, male population equal to female population. Most of them to be employed, average income 3,000 baht per month, work in living area and not have saving momey. They use electricity and water supply form the neighbour, have toilet and dust-bin in the communities and go to public health service. They have good facilites such as radio, T.V., fan ect.
2. The characteristic of the communities is separate but they are join together in the celebration. Most of the population is imigrated at least 1 time form slum in Bangkok by persuading of their cousin. They live here for 5-10 years and the longest is 40 year. Most of them had not been expel since they live here. They think that they can live in under-bridge house by their right but they will imigrate if they had given a good condition. They are afraid of occupational problem if imigrate to Nongjok. They want the government to provide the land for a long rent.