



# THE DYNAMIC MODELING OF OXYFUEL COMBUSTION FURNAGE WITH FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION SYSTEM

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## The Dynamic Modeling of Oxyfuel Combustion Furnace with Flue Gas Recirculation System

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The Dynamic Modeling of Oxyfuel Combustion Furnace with Flue Gas Recirculation System

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Abstract

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Global warming is a serious problem which is largely concerned around the world. The major cause of this problem occurs from carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) gas that has been released around the world. The important major source of carbon dioxide is coal combustion in power plants to generate electricity. This study focuses on the use of oxyfuel combustion process to increase the purity of carbon dioxide in the flue gas for easy treatment process. The objectives of this study are to develop a dynamic model of oxyfuel combustion furnace with flue gas recirculation system and use the developed model to study the dynamic behavior of the furnace system. The result of this study can be divided into 2 parts: model development and validation which use gPROMs program to develop the dynamic model of the oxyfuel combustion process from the data of Greenfield oxyfuel power plant. The study shows that the developed model can represent the furnace operation correctly, as the flue gas composition result is almost the same when compared with the flue gas composition data from the reference data with a maximum error of 1.29 % for major components. A sensitivity analysis is performed and shows that the coal flow rate, the oxygen flow rate, and the percentage of recycle flue gas affect the performance of the furnace in both gas phase temperature and purity of carbon dioxide in the flue gas. The higher coal flow rate, the higher gas phase temperature, and the higher the carbon dioxide purity since it increase the combustion reaction. On the contrary, increased oxygen flow rate decrease the gas phase temperature and purity of carbon dioxide, as oxygen stream entering furnace has a lower temperature. The percentage of recycle flue gas show different results. The gas phase temperature in the furnace is decreased if the percentage of recycle flue gas increases as a result from total mass in the furnace increased while the carbon dioxide purity is decreased. For efficient operation, controllers should be installed in the system to control vital parameters at suitable values. In this study, there are 2 controllers installed to control the ratio of recycle flue gas to flue gas and the primary air flow rate to secondary air flow rate. The study result from the impact from changes in coal and oxygen flow rates shows that the controllers are able to control the gas phase temperature and carbon dioxide purity as close to the normal operation than the system without controllers.

Keywords: Dynamic Model/ Oxyfuel Combustion/ Furnace/ Coal-fired Power Plant

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#### บทกัดย่อ

ปัญหาโลกร้อนนั้นเป็นปัญหาสำคัญที่ได้รับความสนใจอย่างกว้างขวาง สาเหตุสำคัญของปัญหานี้นั้น มาจากการปล่อยก๊าซการ์บอนไดออกไซด์จากแหล่งกำเนิดต่างๆทั่วโลก โดยแหล่งกำเนิดที่สำคัญนั้น มาจากการเผาใหม้ของถ่านหินสำหรับการผลิตกระแสไฟฟ้าในโรงไฟฟ้า งานวิจัยนี้จะมุ่งเน้นไปที่การ ใช้ระบบเผาไหม้แบบใช้ออกซิเจนเพื่อทำการเพิ่มความบริสุทธิ์ของก๊าซการ์บอนไคออกไซค์ในก๊าซ เสีย และเป็นผลให้สามารถกำจัดได้ง่ายยิ่งขึ้น วัตถุประสงค์ของงานวิจัยนี้คือการสร้างแบบจำลองทาง พลศาสตร์ของระบบเผาใหม้แบบใช้ออกซิเจนโดยรวมระบบน้ำกลับก๊าซเสียเอาไว้ด้วย และบำมา ศึกษาพฤติกรรมทางพลศาสตร์ของเตาปฏิกรณ์ ผลการวิจัยนี้สามารถแบ่งได้เป็นสองส่วน ในส่วนแรก ้นั้นจะเป็นการวิเคราะห์ความถูกต้องของแบบจำลองที่ได้ถูกพัฒนาขึ้นมาจากโปรแกรม gPROMS โคย ใช้ข้อมูลจาก Greenfield Oxyfuel power plant เป็นต้นแบบ จากผลการวิจัยสามารถสรุปได้ว่า แบบจำลองสามารถแสดงผลทางพลศาสตร์ได้อย่างถูกต้อง โดยสามารถวิเคราะห์ส่วนประกอบของ ก๊าซเสียได้ใกล้เคียงกับผลการทคสอบจากแห่งอ้างอิงมากโคยมีค่าความคลาคเคลื่อนที่มากที่สุดเพียง ร้อยละ 1.29 เท่านั้น และส่วนหลังที่จะแบบจำลองไปศึกษาผลกระทบของการเปลี่ยนแปลงต่างๆต่อ ประสิทธิภาพของเตาปฏิกรณ์ในเชิงของอุณหภูมิในเตาปฏิกรณ์ และปริมาณของก๊าซ คาร์บอนไดออกไซด์ในระบบ ในการศึกษานี้ได้ทำการศึกษาผลกระทบจากการเปลี่ยนแปลงของอัตรา การป้อนของถ่านหิน, อัตราการป้อนของก๊าซออกซิเจน, และ อัตราส่วนการนำกลับของก๊าซเสีย จาก

ผลการศึกษา สามารถสรุปได้ว่า ทั้งหมคมีผลกระทบต่อประสิทธิภาพการทำงานของเตาปฏิกรณ์ โดย เมื่ออัตราการป้อนของถ่านหินเพิ่มขึ้น จะมีผลทำให้อุณหภูมิของก๊าซในเตาปฏิกรณ์เพิ่มขึ้น และยังมี ผลทำให้เกิดปริมาณก๊าซคาร์บอนไดออกไซค์เพิ่มขึ้นอีกด้วย ซึ่งเป็นผลมาจากการที่มีเชื้อเพลิงเข้าไป ในเตาปฏิกรณ์เพิ่มมากขึ้นนั่นเอง สำหรับอัตราการป้อนของก๊าซออกซิเจนนั้น มีผลตรงกันข้าม กล่าวคือจะทำให้อุณหภูมิของก๊าซในเตาปฏิกรณ์ และอัตราส่วนของก๊าซคาร์บอนไคออกไซค์ในก๊าซ เสียลคลง เนื่องมาจากปริมาณของออกซิเจนที่ให้กับระบบนั้น เคิมที่มีมากเกินพออยู่แล้ว จึงไม่มีผลต่อ การเผาไหม้ ยิ่งไปกว่านั้นก๊าซออกซิเจนที่ป้อนเข้าไปนั้นมีอุณหภูมิต่ำ ทำให้ไปลดอุณหภูมิของก๊าซใน เตาปฏิกรณ์แทน ซึ่งมีผลให้อุณหภูมิของก๊าซในเตาปฏิกรณ์ลคลง และอัตราส่วนของก๊าซ คาร์บอนไคออกไซค์ก็ลคลงตามมา สำหรับตัวแปรสุดท้าย นั่นคืออัตราการนำกลับของก๊าซเสีย ตัว แปรนี้มีผลเหมือนกับอัตราการป้อนของก๊าซออกซิเจน นั่นคือ เมื่อเพิ่มปริมาณการนำกลับของก๊าซเสีย จะมีผลทำให้อุณหภูมิของก๊าซภายในเตาปฏิกรณ์ลคลง และทำให้อัตราส่วนของก๊าซ คาร์บอนไดออกไซค์ในก๊าซเสียมีค่าลดลงด้วย ทั้งนี้เป็นผลมาจากปริมาณของมวลสารรวมในเตา ปฏิกรณ์มีจำนวนเพิ่มขึ้น โคยเป็นผลมาจากการนำกลับของก๊าซเสีย ซึ่งมีอุณหภูมิต่ำกว่าอุณหภูมิของ ก๊าซในเตาปฏิกรณ์ และมีผลทำให้อุณหภูมิของก๊าซในเตาปฏิกรณ์มีค่าลดลง นอกจากนี้ ยังได้ทำ กรณีศึกษาของระบบเตาปฏิกรณ์ที่มีการติดตั้งตัวควบคุมในระบบ ซึ่งทำหน้าที่ควบคุมอัตราการ นำกลับของก๊าซเสียให้คงที่, ควบคุมอัตราการแบ่งของอากาศปฐมภูมิ และทุติยภูมิ, และควบคุม อัตราสวนการป้อนของถ่านหิน กับออกซิเจน และ ได้ทำการศึกษาผลกระทบของการเปลี่ยนแปลงของ ประสิทธิภาพของเตาปฏิกรณ์ ผ่านทางอุณหภูมิของก๊าซในเตาปฏิกรณ์ และอัตราส่วนน้ำหนักของก๊าซ คาร์บอนไคออกไซค์ในก๊าซเสีย จากการเปลี่ยนแปลงของอัตราการป้อนของถ่านหิน และ ออกซิเจน ซึ่งผลปรากฏว่า ระบบที่มีตัวควบคุม สามารถควบคุมระบบให้ยังมีประสิทธิภาพใกล้เคียงเคิมได้ ถึงแม้ว่าจะมีการเปลี่ยนแปลงของอัตราการป้อนของถ่านหิน หรือออกซิเจนก็ตาม

คำสำคัญ : แบบจำลองทางพลศาสตร์/ ระบบเผาใหม้แบบใช้ออกซิเจน/ เตาปฏิกรณ์/ โรงไฟฟ้าถ่านหิน

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## **CONTENTS**

THAI ABSTRACT         iv           ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS         vi           CONTENTS         vii           LIST OF TABLES         viii           LIST OF FIGURES         ix           CHAPTER           1. INTRODUCTION         1           1.1 Background         1           1.2 Objectives         2           1.3 Scopes of Work         2           1.4 Expected Results         2           2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW         3           2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies         3           2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process         3           2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system         6           2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace         6           2.5 Reactions in Furnace         9           2.6 Component Balance in Furnace         10           2.7 Literature Reviews         17           3.1 Study and Collect Information         18           3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program         18           3.2 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior         20           3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results         21           4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION         22           4.1 Model Validation		PAGE
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS vii LIST OF TABLES viii LIST OF FIGURES ix  CHAPTER  1. INTRODUCTION 1 1.1 Background 1 1.2 Objectives 2 1.3 Scopes of Work 2 1.4 Expected Results 2  2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW 2 2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies 3 2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process 3 2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system 6 2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace 9 2.6 Component Balance in Furnace 9 2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 18 3.1 Study and Collect Information 18 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 19 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 19 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 20 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 22 4. Sensitivity analysis 22 4. Sensitivity analysis 22 4. Sensitivity analysis 22 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 33 5.1 Conclusions 33  REFERRENCE 34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters 35 B Simulation results 35 B Simulation results 35 B Simulation program codes 53	ENGLISH ABSTRACT	iii
CONTENTS       vii         LIST OF TABLES       viii         LIST OF FIGURES       ix         CHAPTER         1. In Background       1         1.1. Background       1         1.2. Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       9         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Evelop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivi		iv
LIST OF TABLES       viii         LIST OF FIGURES       ix         CHAPTER       1. INTRODUCTION       1         1.1. Background       1       1.2 Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27		
LIST OF FIGURES       ix         CHAPTER         1. INTRODUCTION       1         1.1 Background       1         1.2 Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27		
CHAPTER         1. INTRODUCTION       1         1.1.1 Background       1         1.2 Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       18         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33		
1. INTRODUCTION       1         1.1 Background       1         1.2 Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33         5.1 Conclusions       33 <td>LIST OF FIGURES</td> <td>ix</td>	LIST OF FIGURES	ix
1.1 Background       1         1.2 Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33         5.1 Conclusions       33         5.2 Recommendations       3	CHAPTER	
1.2 Objectives       2         1.3 Scopes of Work       2         1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33         5.1 Conclusions       33         5.2 Recommendations       33         REFERRENCE       34 </td <td>1. INTRODUCTION</td> <td>1</td>	1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33         5.1 Conclusions       33         5.2 Recommendations       33         REFERENCE       34         APPENDIX       35         A Rate Equation and Parameters       35         B Simulation program codes       33     <		
1.4 Expected Results       2         2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW       3         2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies       3         2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process       3         2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system       6         2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace       6         2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33         5.1 Conclusions       33         5.2 Recommendations       33         REFERRENCE       34         APPENDIX       35         A Rate Equation and Parameters       35         B Simulation program codes       33	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
2. THEORY AND LITERATURE REVIEW 2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies 3.2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process 3.2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system 6.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace 6.5 Reactions in Furnace 9.6 Component Balance in Furnace 10.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Model Validation 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 3.1 Conclusions 3.2 Reference 34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results 35  C Simulation program codes	•	
2.1 Carbon dioxide capture technologies 2.2 Oxyfuel Combustion Process 2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system 2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace 2.5 Reactions in Furnace 2.6 Component Balance in Furnace 2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Model Validation 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations 33  REFERRENCE 34  A Papendix A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes	1.4 Expected Results	2
2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system 2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace 2.5 Reactions in Furnace 2.6 Component Balance in Furnace 2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 19 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Model Validation 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations 33  REFERRENCE 34  A Rate Equation and Parameters 35  B Simulation results C Simulation program codes		3
2.3 Modeling of Oxyfuel CombustionProcess with flue gas recirculation system 2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace 2.5 Reactions in Furnace 2.6 Component Balance in Furnace 2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 19 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Model Validation 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations 33  REFERRENCE 34  A Rate Equation and Parameters 35  B Simulation results C Simulation program codes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3
2.4 Mass and Energy Balance in Furnace 2.5 Reactions in Furnace 2.6 Component Balance in Furnace 2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Model Validation 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 3.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations 33  REFERRENCE 34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes 53		
2.5 Reactions in Furnace       9         2.6 Component Balance in Furnace       10         2.7 Literature Reviews       17         3. METHODOLOGY       18         3.1 Study and Collect Information       18         3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program       19         3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model       19         3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior       20         3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results       21         4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION       22         4.1 Model Validation       22         4.2 Sensitivity analysis       22         4.3 Case Study       27         5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS       33         5.1 Conclusions       33         5.2 Recommendations       33         REFERRENCE       34         APPENDIX       35         A Rate Equation and Parameters       35         B Simulation results       39         C Simulation program codes       53		
2.6 Component Balance in Furnace 2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 22 4.1 Model Validation 22 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 22 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 3.5.1 Conclusions 5.1 Conclusions 3.2 Recommendations 3.3  REFERRENCE 3.4  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes		
2.7 Literature Reviews 17  3. METHODOLOGY 18 3.1 Study and Collect Information 18 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 19 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 19 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 20 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 22 4.1 Model Validation 22 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 22 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 33 5.1 Conclusions 33 5.2 Recommendations 33  REFERRENCE 34  APPENDIX 35 A Rate Equation and Parameters 35 B Simulation results 39 C Simulation program codes 53		
3. METHODOLOGY 3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21 4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Model Validation 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study 27 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations 33 REFERRENCE 34 APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes 53	<u>.</u>	
3.1 Study and Collect Information 3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results  2.1  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 2.2  4.1 Model Validation 2.2  4.2 Sensitivity analysis 2.2  4.3 Case Study  2.7  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  3.3  REFERRENCE  3.4  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  3.5  3.6  3.7  3.8  3.9  3.9  3.9  3.9  3.9  3.9  3.9	2.7 Elierature Reviews	17
3.2 Study the Equation and gPROMS Program 3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results  21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 22 4.1 Model Validation 22 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 22 4.3 Case Study  27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 3.1 Conclusions 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  33  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  5.3 Simulation program codes		
3.3 Develop and Validate the Dynamic Model 3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results 21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 22 4.1 Model Validation 22 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 23 4.3 Case Study 27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 3.1 Conclusions 5.1 Conclusions 3.2 Recommendations 3.3  REFERRENCE 3.4  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes 3.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3.4 Study the Effect of Furnace Input on the Dynamic Behavior 3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results  21  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 22 4.1 Model Validation 22 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 23 4.3 Case Study  27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  33  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  35  36  37  38  39  39  39  39  39  39  39  39  30  30		
3.5 Analyze and Conclude the Results  4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 2.1 Model Validation 2.2 A.2 Sensitivity analysis 2.3 Case Study  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  33  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  32  24  25  26  27  27  27  28  29  20  20  21  20  21  22  22  23  24  25  26  27  27  27  27  28  29  20  20  20  21  20  20  20  20  20  20		
4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION  4.1 Model Validation  4.2 Sensitivity analysis  4.3 Case Study  27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS  5.1 Conclusions  5.2 Recommendations  33  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX  A Rate Equation and Parameters  B Simulation results  C Simulation program codes  32  34  35  36  37  38  39  39  30  30  30  30  30  31  31  32  33  34  35  36  37  38  39  39  39  39  30  30  30  30  30  30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.1 Model Validation 2.2 4.2 Sensitivity analysis 2.3 Case Study 2.7  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations 33  REFERRENCE 34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes 53	3.3 Analyze and Conclude the Results	21
4.2 Sensitivity analysis 4.3 Case Study  22 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  33 REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  32  22  23  24  25  26  27  37  38  39  30  30  31  32  33  34  35  36  37  38  39  39  39  39  39  39  39  39  39	4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	22
4.3 Case Study  27  5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  33  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  33  34  35  36  37  38  39  39  39  30  30  30  30  30  30  30	4.1 Model Validation	22
5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  33  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  33  34  35  36  37  38  39  39  39  39  39  30  30  30  30  30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5.1 Conclusions 5.2 Recommendations  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  33  33  34  35  35  36  37  37  38  39  39  39  39  39  39  39  30  30  30	4.3 Case Study	27
5.2 Recommendations  REFERRENCE  34  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  33  34  35  35  36  37  38  39  39  39  30  30  30  30  30  30  30	5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	33
REFERRENCE  APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  34 35 35 36 37 37 38 39 39 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	5.1 Conclusions	33
APPENDIX A Rate Equation and Parameters B Simulation results C Simulation program codes  35 37 38 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39	5.2 Recommendations	33
A Rate Equation and Parameters 35 B Simulation results 39 C Simulation program codes 53	REFERRENCE	-34
A Rate Equation and Parameters 35 B Simulation results 39 C Simulation program codes 53	APPENDIX	35
B Simulation results C Simulation program codes 39	<del></del>	
C Simulation program codes 53	•	
1 5		
	• •	70

## LIST OF TABLES

TA	TABLE I	
3.1	The composition of coal used as raw material	19
3.2	The operating condition of furnace	19
3.3	The composition of flue gas	19
3.4	The effect from coal flow rate	20
3.5	The effect from oxygen flow rate	20
3.6	The effect from percentage of recycle flue gas	21
4.1	Comparison between reference data and simulation data from dynamic model	22

### LIST OF FIGURES

FIG	URE	PAGE
2.1	Oxyfuel combustion process	4
2.2	Air Separation Unit (ASU)	4
2.3	Oxyfuel Combustion Furnace and Heat Recovery Steam Generator (HRSG)	5
2.4	Carbon Dioxide Purification and Compression Unit	5
2.5	Carbon reactions in furnace	9
2.6	Nitrogen reactions in furnace	10
2.7	Sulfur reactions in furnace	10
3.1	Methodology of the thesis	18
4.1	Effect of coal flow rate on the temperature of gas phase in furnace	23
4.2	Effect of coal flow rate on the mass fraction of Carbon dioxide in flue gas	24
4.3	Effect of oxygen flow rate on the temperature of gas phase in furnace	24
4.4	Effect of oxygen flow rate on the mass fraction of Carbon dioxide in flue gas	s 25
4.5	Effect of percentage of recycle flue gas on the temperature of gas phase	26
	in furnace	
4.6	Effect of percentage of recycle flue gas on the mass fraction of Carbon dioxi	de 26
	in flue gas	
4.7	Location of controller	27
4.8	Comparison of dynamic respond of temperature of gas phase when coal	28
	flow rate change between the system with controller and without controller	
4.9	Comparison of dynamic respond of mass fraction of carbon dioxide in	28
	flue gas when coal flow rate change between the system with controller	
	and without controller	
4.10	OComparison of dynamic respond of temperature of gas phase when oxygen	29
	flow rate change between the system with controller and without controller	
4.11	Comparison of dynamic respond of mass fraction of carbon dioxide in	29
	flue gas when oxygen flow rate change between the system with controller	
	and without controller	
	2 Oxyfuel furnace system control strategy	30
4.13	3 Effect of coal flow rate on carbon dioxide content in flue gas	31