

พิมพ์ต้นฉบับบทคัดย่อวิทยานิพนธ์ภายในกรอบสี่เหลี่ยมนี้เพียงแผ่นเดียว

C830529 : MAJOR SOCIOLOGY AND ANTHROPOLOGY
KEY WORDS: ROLE EXPECTATION/STATUS OF OCCUPATIONAL

NAMPETCH YUTO: THE EXPECTATION OF OCCUPATIONAL WOMEN ON
THE SPOUSE'S ROLES IN THE FAMILY. THESIS ADVISOR:

ASSO. PROF. ARONG SUTHASASNA, Ph.D. 146 pp.

ISBN : 974-636-228-3.

The objectives of this research are , firstly, to find the extent to which occupational women expect their spouses to share ideal roles in general domestic work, child care, and decision making relating to family budget. Secondly, this study seeks to investigate the relationship between general statuses of the subjects and their expectations on the spouses' roles in 3 areas of family work.

The collection of data for this study is done by distributing the questionnaires to the selected samples of 200 female graduates from Chulalongkorn University and their mothers. The questionnaires are one hundred percents returned. In analysis of the data, certain statistical operations are utilized, namely, percentage, Gamma and Lamda.

The following hypotheses are tested :

1. Occupational women are differed in their role expectations of their spouses in the areas of general domestic work, child care, and family budget decision.
2. Age of occupational women has a negative relationship with their role expectation of the spouses in the areas of domestic work, child care, and family budget decision .
3. Level of education, length of occupation, and occupational position of occupational women have positive relationships with their role expectations of the spouses in the areas of general domestic works, and child care.
4. Level of education, length of occupation and occupational positions of occupational women have negative relationship with their role expectations of the spouses in the areas of the family budget decision
5. Single status of occupational women has more relationship with their role expectations of the spouses in the areas of general domestic work, child care and family budget decision than married one .

It is found in this research that 11. hypotheses, they are 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,15,16 and 17 are supported against 9,10,11,12,13,14 and 18 which are refuted by the data.

ภาควิชา.....สังคมวิทยาและมานุษยวิทยา.....

สาขาวิชา.....สังคมวิทยา.....

ปีการศึกษา.....2539.....

ลายมือชื่อนิสิต..... น.ศ. นำเพชร ยอโต

ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา.....

ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม.....