

## Abstract

Prevalence of anti-HTLV-I was studied during January September 1992, in sera of 1,356 blood donors, 149 multitransfused patients and 53 anti-HIV positive intravenous drug abusers by particle agglutination method and confirmed by Western blot technique.

Anti-HTLV-I was not detected in blood donors and intravenous drug abusers. Only one serum sample of multitransfused patient was found positive anti-HTLV-I by particle agglutination but not confirmed by Western blot.