3971305827MAJOR EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH

KEY WORD: LOGISTIC REGRESSION, / PATH ANALYSIS / STUDENTS' CONTINUING EDUCATION

EXPECTATION

PINYO VANNASUK: THE APPLICATION OF LOGISTIC REGRESSION ANALYSIS AND PATH

ANALYSIS TO STUDY FACTORS AFFECTING ELEMENTARY SCHOOL STUDENTS!

CONTINUING EDUCATION EXPECTATION IN EDUCATIONAL REGION ELEVEN. THESIS

ADVISOR: ASST. PROF. NONGLAK WIRATCHAI, Ph.D. 160 pp. ISBN 974-638-817-7.

The purposes of this research were to apply logistic regression analysis together with path

analysis in developing and validating the elementary school students' continuing education expectation

model, in comparing the appropriation between the path analysis using the odds ratio and the predicted

expectation scores from the multiple regression as dependent variables, and in studying the extent to

which the predictors in the model could predict the odds ratio between the expectation of continuing /

not continuing education. The research sample consisted of 500 students randomly selected from

prathom suksa 6 students in the academic year 2540 from educational region eleven. Data were

collected by means of questionnairs and analyzed through SPSS/PC+, PRELIS 2.10 and LISREL 8.10

programs

The research results indicated that the developed model of continuing education expectation

could accounted for 90.9 % of variance in the students' continuing education expectation, and it was

perfectly valid and fit to the empirical data with chi-square of 2.139 at 2 df, p= 0.343, GFI= 0.999.

Parental expectation for furthering their children education, parental education and income, and student

achievement had significant direct effects on students' continuing education expectation. All predictors

were found to have significant indirect and total effects. Path analysis with log odds ratio, rather than with

predicted expectation scores, was more appropriate. The predictors, ranked in the consecutive order

of contribution in predicting odds ratio of continuing education expectation, were student achievement,

parental yearly income greater than 60,000 Baht, parental agricultural occupation, prental expectation for

furthering their children education, and parental education, respectively.

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