

Thesis Title Drop - Out Situations of The Primary School Pupils in Ratchaburi Province
Name Buroot Ngamjitr
Concentration Educational Administration
Department Educational Administration
Academic year 1997

ABSTRACT

This proposes of this research were : 1) studying the concept relating to the cause of the pupils' drop-out situations in Ratchaburi primary schools. 2) comparing the opinions of the school groups, societies and the pupils dropping out the opinions were about the factors of the drop-out problem in Ratchaburi primary school and 3) finding ways to decrease the number of the pupils dropping out in Ratchaburi primary schools. The samplers used in This study were the pupils entering the schools in 1990 and dropping out in 1990-1995 academic year. The data were given by the school groups (thirty administrators and thirty homeroom teachers) the societies, (thirty board-schools thirty pupil guardians) and thirty pupils who quitted schools, reaching a total of 150 persons. The instrument used in This study were three questionnaires. They were for the administrators, the homeroom teachers and the board-school. Two interviewing patterns were for the pupil guardians and the pupils dropping out. The statistics used in the analysis were the percentage (%) , arithmetic mean (\bar{X}) and standard deviation (S.D). The differential analysis was used by the method of ANOVA (One-way Analysis of Variance) and the differential test in pairs was used by the method of Scheffe's test. The result was concluded as followed :

1. The primary factors causing the problem were low in number according of the school groups, the individuals and the pupils dropping out.

2. According to the school groups, the individuals and the pupils, their view of the problem was different about .05 in percentage. When testing in pairs, it was found that only the school groups' were different.

3. There were three ways to decrease the number of the pupils who drop out, according to the school groups, the individuals and the pupils themselves, namely : 1) the three groups should help, act and solve the problem altogether, 2) individual organizations and the state should promote the professional development by distribution of occupation and increasing in products and 3) performing project to solve the drop-out problem by asking for subsidy and co-operation from both the state and the individuals such as the district administrative organization , province administrative organization, province development project, poverty relief program of the ministry of interior, foundations and societies so as to decrease the number of the students dropping out in Ratchaburi.