ABSTRACT

- Thesis Title: The Uses of Database Information by the Standing
Committee of the House of Representatives, Correlated
with the Information System Development Plan of the
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- Major : Library and Information Science
- Academic Year : 1999

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The purpose of this research was to conduct a comparative study of the use of academic information of the Standing Committee of the Secretariat of the House of Representatives and development of the information system plan of the Secretariat of the House of Representative. The objective of the information system plan is to increase information support for the members of the Standing Committee of the House of Representatives by developing and completing the database that the Standing Committee uses. This evaluative research was conducted by database user questionnaires sent to members of 23 committees that for the Standing Committee of the House of Representatives. They were asked to tick the databases

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they used from a checklist. Out of 391 members, 196 were selected by simple random sampling. We obtained 185 out of 196 user questionnaires distributed for analysis (94% were returned). Four project evaluation forms were sent to the project owner, of which all (100%) were returned.

The findings of this research were as follows:

Descriptive: The analysis of information use found that the Policy Statement database and the Act database had the highest level of use. The second level was the Parliamentary Meeting database of the Parliamentary Information System. The lowest level was the Name List of Committees of the Senate Directories. The information system projects evaluation found that the databases that had developed the most were the Agenda database, the Thai Political Party database, the Act database and the Policy Statement database. The second level was the Official Document database of the Secretariat of the House of Representatives, the Questions database and the Parliamentary information on Internet. The lowest was the Budget Message database.

This study shows that the development of two databases is correlated to the objectives of the project: the Act database and the Policy Statement database had both high development and high level of use. A correlation test of database information use found that most use was correlated, except the Secretariat of the House of Representatives Information System and the Senate Information System; the External Resource Information System (Parliamentary Information on the Internet and BisNews) and other information systems were not related.

Recommendations: Database content should be completed and related to the environment of Parliamentary information that affects Parliamentary decision makers or Parliament. And a Steering Committee should be set up for the information system development plan of the Secretariat of the House of Representatives.

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