

Thesis Title	A study of the relationship between kinship system and political adaptation among the Lisu Khao Khor, Petchaboon.
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#### ABSTRACT

The Lisu hilltribes of Thailand are separated by their own languages, cultures and settlements. Their Villages are usually isolated by geological ecology and slash and burn cultivation is the way of life for self-sufficiency.

This case study is specific for the Lisu Khao Khor in Petchaboon which was settled down since 1979. The ten years old village is now more modernized than the past by economic development. By the way of economic, Lisu Khao Khor change their old slash and burn cultivation for self-sufficiency into cash crops production for their rural Thai life. Political organization is the only change from outside which they never accept, but Thai villages must be under the same administration by government. Thus, the anthropology approach may be learned how to solve political adaptation of the present Lisu Khao Khor life.