

ABSTRACT

Thesis Title : The Decentralization Policy of Monetary Power :A Case Study
of the Collective Capacity of Sub-District Organization

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The purpose of this master thesis is to study the governmental policy, problems, hindrances and the advantages of the state's decentralization policy of monetary power regarding the Sub-District Organization.

As far as the methodology is concerned, it involves the documentary research, descriptive and analytical researches as well as interviews of the selective groups of the heads of Sub-District Organization, their financial officers, all together 12 keys information from Lopburi Provinces.

The research findings are as follows:

Between the year 1994 to 1998 the government's decentralization policy and measures of monetary power of Local administration has actually increased the revenues of the state. The measures and policies involved are very well implemented which could lead directly to the fulfillment of the objectives.

The reasons and factors for the inefficiency of policy implementation stemmed from 3 factors, i.e., 1) The communication process, which depending on the clearness of the policy and the about implementators understanding of the policy purposes 2) The local government officers can not implement the policy efficiently because of the unproportional structure and budgets compared to its working area. 3) The personnel putting the policy into practice are lacking of knowledge and experience, they need to be trained.

Furthermore, other external factors leading to the failure of policy implementation are the socio-economic factors, the political situation and the environmental factors. Social and economic circumstance causing form economics problem is a hindrance of sufficient revenue collection. The persistent government replacement makes the policy to be discontinuous. The different geological resource influence varied gaining. The people's cooperation in tax paying is a consideration on revenue collection.

The factors mentioned above lead to the unsuccessful revenue collection which means that the decentralization policy of monetary power is not sufficiently successful.