## CHAPTER VI

## CONCLUSIONS

In this thesis, we focus on the effect of gamma ray irradiation on optical properties of BTO. Fe-doped BTO and Fe-doped CCTO and electrical properties of CCTO thin films. We prepared the BTO, Fe-doped BTO, CCTO and Fe-doped CCTO thin films by a sol-gel spin coating technique with the annealing temperature of 800 °C. BTO, Fe-doped BTO and Fe-doped CCTO thin films were grown on the quartz substrate for investigating the optical properties, while the CCTO thin film were grown on the  $Al_2O_3$  in order to investigate the electrical properties, respectively. The conclusion of this thesis is as follows:

For BTO and Fe-doped BTO, the WDX shows signals that are consistent with Ba<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub> with the Fe doping occurring by substitution of Ba sites in BTO. Gamma irradiation effects were found to be more pronounced for the Fedoped BTO films than for the undoped BTO. The transmittance in the UVvisible range of Fe-doped BTO decreased by 11%, while that of BTO films decreased to 4% after 15 kGy irradiation respectively. The refractive index of the films, as measured in the 350 - 750 nm wavelength range was in the 2.24 - 2.00 range to 2.30 - 2.00 range after gamma irradiation at 15 kGy for Fe-doped BTO. The extinction coefficient of Fe-doped BTO films was in the order of 10<sup>-2</sup> and increased after gamma irradiation. These changes are due to the formation of colour centers and the concomitant change in the complex refractive index for the irradiated Fe-doped BTO films.

The transmittance of Fc-doped CCTO films was reduced to 2.5%, 4.8% and 5.0% after exposure with gamma irradiation dose of 1 kGy, 3 kGy and 5 kGy, respectively. The refractive index increased from 1.76 - 1.99 range to 1.91 - 2.08 range for Fc-doped CCTO upon the gamma irradiation with a 3 kGy dose, respectively. The extinction coefficient of the Fe-doped CCTO film was in the order of 10<sup>-2</sup> and increased after gamma irradiation. The capacitance of the CCTO film before gamma ray irradiation which increases from 1.36 - 1.22 pF to 1.62 - 1.36 pF after gamma ray irradiation dose of 5 kGy. The dielectric constant of the CCTO film increase from 314 - 280 to 552 - 308 after gamma ray irradiation dose of 5 kGy and loss tangent of CCTO film increase from 0.020 - 0.013 to 0.138 - 0.030 after gamma ray irradiation dose of 5 kGy, respectively.

Effects of gamma ray irradiation on fundamental properties of perovskite thin films prepared by a sol-gel spin coating techniques can be applied in design of modern radiation dosimeters based on the change in their optical and electrical properties.