THE GREEN WORLD OF MUTHAYUMSUKSA I STUDENTS

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OF

ALTERNATIVE CONCEPTIONS

SUWANNOI)

ABSTRACT

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The objectives of this study were: 1) to analyse alternative conceptions about the Green World of Muthayumsuksa I students.

2) to compare students' alternative conceptions in science by sex.

The population of this study was 103 Muthayumsuksa I students in Hnongsungwittayayon School, Kaengkhro Ampher, Chaiyaphum Province, in the second semester of academic year 1993.

The instruments were composed of:

- 1) a test of concepts about photosynthesis and translocation of water and mineral of plant. The difficulty level of the test ranged from 0.212-0.750 and the discrimination power ranged from 0.212-0.484. Its reliability was tested by using Cronbach's alpha coefficient giving a value of 0.833
 - 2) interview test.

THESIS

The data was analysed by using SPSS/PC+.

The statistics used were percentages and chi-square test.

The research findings were as follows:

- 1. Alternative conceptions of students.
- 1.1 Alternative conceptions about photosynthesis.

There were high alternative conceptions on the role of Carbondioxide in photosynthesis (57.28 %), but low alternative conceptions on the role of leaves in photosynthesis (10.67 %).

- 1.2 Alternative conceptions in translocation of water and mineral of the plant. There were high alternative conceptions on the function of leaves in transpiration (52.42 %), but low in diffusion (27.18 %).
- 2. There was no significant difference at the .05 level of alternative conceptions between male and female students, except the concepts of the role of leaves in transpiration which female students had (63.46) more than male students (41.17 %).