CHALINEE THANADNGARN : THE ACCOMPLISHMENT IN SUPPRESSION OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES CORRUPTION IN UNUSUALLY WEALTHY AND ENFORCEMENT FROM ADOPTION OF LAUNDERING ACT. THESIS ADVISOR : ASSO. PROF. VERASPHONG BOONYOBHAS, CO-ADVISOR : DR.PRASIT DAMRONGCHAI, Ph.D.175 pp. ISBN 974-332-300-7.

The aim of this thesis is to investigate the problems of malpractice or corruption in civil services. It is considered that corruption is a threat to national security since it has adverse effects on personnel, budget and management, thus damaging the whole working systems. Because of its detrimental effects, there have always been attempts to suppress corruption. If there is a measure to make the compitation of evidences and witnesses easier and faster, elimination of corruption will be more efficientcy.

The anti-money laundering measure could be one of the measures used in suppressing corruption. This measure uses the information on assets to prove the wrongdoing of the accused, and collects facts and keeps them at one place, facilitating the search for proof especially cash; thus enhancing the efficiency of suppressing corruption.

Results obtained from research is the implementation of the anti-money laundering measure to suppress corruption, especially by starting in the law that it is the duty of financial institutions to report any suspicious transaction to a government agency will enable the storage of information on assets and cash at one place. This will assist the suppression of the suspiciously rich because searching and coming evidence to prove whether the accused is unusually rich or not will be easier and faster, and will therefore, lead to the achievement of operation by the National Office of Anti-Corruption.

ภาควิชา......นิติศาสตร์............................... ลายมือชื่อนิสิต..
สาขาวิชา.....นิติศาสตร์............................... ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษา........................
ปีการศึกษา.....๒๕๔๑................................ ลายมือชื่ออาจารย์ที่ปรึกษาร่วม..................